TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD.
AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and

financial statements shall prevail.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

To TECO Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.

#### Introduction

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of TECO Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries (the "Group") as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the reports of other auditors, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

# Basis for opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and Standards on Auditing of Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Group's 2022 consolidated financial statements. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters for the Group's 2022 consolidated financial statements are stated as follows:

# Revenue recognition of export sales of green mechatronic solution business group

### Description

Refer to Note 4(33) of the consolidated financial statements for the accounting policies on revenue recognition and Note 14 for the segment financial information. The Group disclosed the financial information of green mechatronic solution business group, intelligence energy business group and air and intelligent life business group in the segment financial information. Green mechatronic solution business group handles the manufacturing and sales of various machinery, equipment and motors. The sales revenue of the green mechatronic solution business group amounted to NT\$30,801,040 thousand, representing 53% of the consolidated total sales revenue for the year ended December 31, 2022. Aside from domestic sales in Taiwan, the customers of green mechatronic solution business group are from America, Asia and Europe and the sales terms vary for different customers. Thus, we consider the revenue recognition of export sales of green mechatronic solution business group as a key audit matter.

#### How our audit addressed the matter

We performed the following audit procedures in respect of the above key audit matter:

- 1. Obtained an understanding of and validated the internal controls over revenue recognition of export sales of green mechatronic solution business group to assess the effectiveness of the internal control process.
- 2. Validated selected samples of export sales revenue transactions of green mechatronic solution business group to confirm their existence.

# Other matter - Reference to the audits of other auditors

As described in Notes 4(3) and 6(7) of the consolidated financial statements, we did not audit the financial statements of certain investments accounted for under the equity method which were audited by other auditors. Therefore, our opinion expressed herein, insofar as it relates to the amounts included in respect of these associates, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. The balance of these investments accounted for under the equity method amounted to NT\$2,859,697 thousand and NT\$2,597,098 thousand, both constituting 2% of the consolidated total assets as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and total operating revenues amounted to NT\$3,163,153 thousand and NT\$2,940,496 thousand, constituting 5% and 6% of consolidated total operating revenues for the years then ended, respectively. The investments accounted for under the equity method amounted to NT\$2,406,380 thousand and NT\$2,377,144 thousand, both constituting 2% of consolidated total assets as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, the credit balance of investments accounted for under the equity method amounted to NT\$194,811 thousand and NT\$132,837 thousand, both constituting less than 1% of consolidated total assets as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the comprehensive income recognized from associates and joint ventures accounted for under the equity method amounted to NT(\$212,320) thousand and NT\$202,511 thousand, constituting (3%) and less than 1% of the consolidated total comprehensive income for the years then ended, respectively.

# Other matter –Parent company only financial reports

We have audited and expressed an unqualified opinion with emphasis of matter and other matter section on the parent company only financial statements of TECO Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd. as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

# Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

# Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to

the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that
were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and
are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or
regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we
determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of
doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Wu, Yu-Lung Chou, Chien-Hung

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan March 16, 2023

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China.

Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditors' report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

# TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021		
	Assets	Notes	 AMOUNT	%	 AMOUNT	%
	Current assets					
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1) and 8	\$ 21,156,796	17	\$ 17,274,143	13
1110	Current financial assets at fair value	6(2)				
	through profit or loss		31,790	-	2,312,233	2
1120	Current financial assets at fair value	6(3)				
	through other comprehensive income		761,573	1	1,064,454	1
1140	Current contract assets		2,316,064	2	2,319,092	2
1150	Notes receivable, net	6(5) and 8	1,039,556	1	996,956	1
1160	Notes receivable - related parties	7	101	-	4,201	-
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(5)	10,049,783	8	9,926,625	7
1180	Accounts receivable - related parties	7	301,997	-	274,873	-
1200	Other receivables		326,141	-	420,113	-
1210	Other receivables - related parties	7	86,927	-	118,561	-
130X	Inventories, net	6(6)	12,895,287	10	12,252,098	9
1410	Prepayments		496,418	-	515,811	-
1470	Other current assets	6(1) and 8	 854,988	1	 1,854,511	1
11XX	Total current assets		 50,317,421	40	49,333,671	36
	Non-current assets					
1510	Non-current financial assets at fair	6(2)				
	value through profit or loss		3,271,436	3	4,538,374	3
1517	Non-current financial assets at fair	6(3) and 8				
	value through other comprehensive					
	income		33,765,890	27	45,160,394	33
1535	Non-current financial assets at	6(4) and 8				
	amortised cost, net		115,909	-	392,232	-
1550	Investments accounted for under the	6(7) and 7				
	equity method		3,911,876	3	3,478,685	3
1600	Property, plant and equipment, net	6(8) and 8	19,131,777	15	17,402,116	13
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(9) and 8	6,735,166	5	6,776,467	5
1760	Investment property, net	6(10)	2,966,896	2	2,828,899	2
1780	Intangible assets	6(11)	4,668,399	4	4,439,567	3
1840	Deferred income tax assets	6(30)	1,198,512	1	1,417,175	1
1900	Other non-current assets	6(1)(12) and 8	 519,828		 844,870	1
15XX	<b>Total non-current assets</b>		 76,285,689	60	 87,278,779	64
1XXX	<b>Total assets</b>		\$ 126,603,110	100	\$ 136,612,450	100

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# TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

				December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021			
Liabilities and Equity		Notes		AMOUNT %			AMOUNT		
	Current liabilities	_							
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(14) and 8	\$	1,751,344	1	\$	2,042,697	2	
2120	Current financial liabilities at fair	6(15)							
	value through profit or loss	. ,		4,144	_		_	_	
2130	Current contract liabilities	6(24)		2,199,362	2		1,490,821	1	
2150	Notes payable	. ,		784,357	1		1,021,039	1	
2160	Notes payable - related parties	7		434	_		6,154	_	
2170	Accounts payable			9,077,048	7		9,268,228	7	
2180	Accounts payable - related parties	7		48,756	_		78,999	_	
2200	Other payables	6(16)		5,994,197	5		5,544,765	4	
2230	Current income tax liabilities	6(30)		852,683	1		646,719	_	
2250	Provisions for liabilities - current	,		340,961	_		320,207	_	
2280	Current lease liabilities			531,318	_		503,953	_	
2320	Long-term liabilities, current portion	6(17)(18) and 8		228,159	_		1,491,683	1	
2399	Other current liabilities, others	(17)(10)		841,157	1		658,746	1	
21XX	Total current liabilities			22,653,920	18		23,074,011	17	
217171	Non-current liabilities			22,033,720			23,074,011		
2530	Corporate bonds payable	6(17)		5,000,000	4		5,000,000	4	
2540	Long-term borrowings	6(18) and 8		3,427,355	3		3,603,574	2	
2550	Provisions for liabilities - non-current	` ′		237,477	<i>-</i>		115,391	2	
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities	6(30)		2,432,283	2		2,350,403	2	
2580	Non-current lease liabilities	0(30)		4,541,089	4		4,558,141	3	
2600	Other non-current liabilities	6(7)(19)							
25XX	Total non-current liabilities	0(7)(19)		1,992,487	1		2,248,999	2	
			-	17,630,691	14		17,876,508	13	
2XXX	Total liabilities		-	40,284,611	32		40,950,519	30	
	Equity attributable to owners of								
	parent	((20)							
2110	Share capital	6(20)		21 207 066	17		21 207 066	1.0	
3110	Common stock	((21)		21,387,966	17		21,387,966	16	
2200	Capital surplus	6(21)		0 575 000	7		0 500 500	7	
3200	Capital surplus	((22)		9,575,822	7		9,529,520	7	
2210	Retained earnings	6(22)		7 000 057	-		7 274 040	_	
3310	Legal reserve			7,899,057	6		7,374,048	5	
3320	Special reserve			3,640,779	3		3,640,779	3	
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings	((22)		19,680,601	16		19,712,565	14	
2.400	Other equity interest	6(23)		10 050 410	1.4		20 000 505	20	
3400	Other equity interest	C(20)	,	18,352,419	14	,	28,080,595	20	
3500	Treasury stocks	6(20)	(	511,710)		(	511,710)		
31XX	Equity attributable to owners of								
	the parent			80,024,934	63		89,213,763	65	
36XX	Non-controlling interest	6(34)		6,293,565	5		6,448,168	5	
3XXX	Total equity			86,318,499	68		95,661,931	70	
	Significant contingent liabilities and	9							
	unrecognized contract commitments								
	Significant events after the balance	11							
	sheet date								
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		\$	126,603,110	100	\$	136,612,450	100	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDET DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except earnings per share)

			Year ended December 31								
				2022		2021	_				
-	Items	Notes		AMOUNT	<u>%</u>	AMOUNT	%				
4000	Sales revenue	6(9)(10)(24) and 7	\$	58,315,216	100 \$	51,248,387	100				
5000	Operating costs	6(6)(8)(9)(19)(29)									
		and 7	(	45,129,917) (	<u>77</u> ) (	39,812,612) (	78)				
5900	Net operating margin			13,185,299	23	11,435,775	22				
5910	Unrealized (loss) profit from sales		(	9,351)	- (	8,354)	-				
5920	Realized profit from sales			8,354	<u> </u>	9,518	_				
5950	Net operating margin			13,184,302	23	11,436,939	22				
	Operating expenses	6(8)(9)(19)(29)									
6100	Selling expenses		(	4,412,306) (	8) (	4,028,985) (	8)				
6200	General and administrative expenses		(	2,496,464) (	4) (	2,529,546) (	5)				
6300	Research and development expenses		(	1,144,263) (	2) (	1,112,911) (	2)				
6450	Expected credit impairment losses	12(2)	(	57,615)	- (	4,779)					
6000	Total operating expenses		(	8,110,648) (	14) (	7,676,221)(	15)				
6900	Operating profit			5,073,654	9	3,760,718	7				
	Non-operating income and expenses										
7100	Interest income	6(4)(25)		233,077	-	127,351	-				
7010	Other income	6(3)(10)(26) and 7		1,544,357	3	1,421,682	3				
7020	Other gains and losses	6(2)(9)(13)(15)(27	)(	1,415,579) (	3)	849,898	2				
7050	Finance costs	6(9)(28)	(	203,963)	- (	203,602)	-				
7060	Share of profit of associates and	6(7)									
	joint ventures accounted for under										
	the equity method			190,279	<u>-</u> _	195,831	_				
7000	Total non-operating income and										
	expenses			348,171	-	2,391,160	5				
7900	Profit before income tax			5,421,825	9	6,151,878	12				
7950	Income tax expense	6(30)	(	1,429,815) (	2) (	649,687) (	1)				
8200	Profit for the year		\$	3,992,010		5,502,191	11				

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# TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except earnings per share)

				Year ended December 31						
	_			2022		2021				
	Items	Notes		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%			
	Other comprehensive income Other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss									
8311	Other comprehensive income (loss), before tax, actuarial losses on defined benefit plans		\$	94,741	- (\$	27,172)	_			
8316	Unrealized losses and gains on valuation of investments measured at fair value through other	6(3)								
8320	comprehensive income Share of other comprehensive (loss) income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not		(	11,822,766) (	20)	22,629,456	44			
8349	be reclassified to profit or loss Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	6(30)	(	12,277) 2,982)	- (	6,876) 84,107)	-			
8310	Components of other comprehensive (loss) income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		(	11,743,284) (	20)	22,511,301	44			
	Other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss		`	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		, , ,				
8361 8399	Currency translation differences of foreign operations Income tax relating to the	6(23) 6(30)		1,916,975	3 (	1,159,131) (	2)			
	components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss	` /	(	311,456)(	<u>1</u> )	122,289				
8360	Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified to profit or loss			1,605,519	2 (	1,036,842)(	2)			
8300	Other comprehensive (loss) income for the period		( <u>\$</u>	10,137,765) (	<u>18</u> ) \$	21,474,459	42			
8500	Total comprehensive (loss) income for the period Profit attributable to:		( <u>\$</u>	6,145,755) (	<u>11</u> ) <u>\$</u>	26,976,650	53			
8610	Owners of the parent		\$	3,457,667	6 \$	5,013,134	10			
8620	Non-controlling interest		Ψ	534,343	1	489,057	10			
-			\$	3,992,010	7 \$	5,502,191	11			
	Comprehensive (loss) income attributable to:				<del></del> <del></del>					
8710 8720	Owners of the parent Non-controlling interest		(\$	6,347,756) ( 202,001	11) \$	25,981,519 995,131	51			
0720	ron-condoming interest		(\$	6,145,755) (	11) \$	26,976,650	<u>2</u> <u>53</u>			
	Earnings per share (in dollars)	6(31)								
9750	Basic earnings per share		\$		1.64 \$		2.38			
9850	Diluted earnings per share		\$		1.64 \$		2.38			
	- *									

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# $\frac{\text{TECO ELECTRIC \& MACHINERY CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES AND SUBSIDIARIES}}{\text{CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY}}$

#### YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

		Equity attributable to owners of the parent										
				Retained Earnings			Other equity interest					
	Notes	Share capital - common stock	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations	Unrealised gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Treasury stocks	Total	Non-controlling interest	Total equity
2021												
Balance at January 1, 2021		\$ 19,676,929	\$ 7,386,902	\$ 7,024,635	\$ 3,640,779	\$ 17,271,503	(\$ 3,017,676)	\$ 10,356,934	(\$ 511,710 )	\$ 61,828,296	\$ 5,796,937	\$ 67,625,233
Profit for the year		\$ 19,070,929	\$ 7,300,902	\$ 7,024,033	\$ 3,040,779	5,013,134	(\$ 3,017,070 )	\$ 10,550,554	(\$ 311,710)	5,013,134	489,057	5,502,191
Other comprehensive (loss) income for the year	6(23)	-	-	-		( 33,085)	( 1,025,349 )	22,026,819	-	20,968,385	506,074	21,474,459
Total comprehensive (loss) income	0(23)					4,980,049	( 1,025,349 )	22,026,819		25,981,519	995,131	26,976,650
Appropriation of 2020 earnings	6(22)					1,700,017	(	22,020,017		25,701,517	775,151	20,770,030
Legal reserve	-()	_	_	349,413	_	( 349,413 )	_	_	_	_	_	_
Cash dividends		_	_	-	-	( 2,459,616 )	_	-	_	( 2,459,616 )	-	( 2,459,616)
Common shares issued for share conversion	6(20)	1,711,037	2,097,884	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,808,921	-	3,808,921
Effect of changes in net equity of associates and joint ventures accounted for under the equity method		_	36,127	_	_	12,482	_	( 12,482)	_	36,127	_	36,127
Transactions with non-controlling interest			8,607	_	_	,	-		_	8,607	( 8,607	
Changes in other non-controlling interest		-	-,	-	_	-	_	_	_	-	( 335,293	
Disposal of investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	6(3)(23)	_	_	_	_	272,075	_	( 272,075)	_	_	_	_
Effect of changes in decrease in entities of associates			-	-		( 14,515 )	9,909	14,515		9,909		9,909
Balance at December 31, 2021		\$ 21,387,966	\$ 9,529,520	\$ 7,374,048	\$ 3,640,779	\$ 19,712,565	(\$ 4,033,116)	\$ 32,113,711	(\$ 511,710)	\$ 89,213,763	\$ 6,448,168	\$ 95,661,931
2022							·		·			
Balance at January 1, 2022		\$ 21,387,966	\$ 9,529,520	\$ 7,374,048	\$ 3,640,779	\$ 19,712,565	(\$ 4,033,116)	\$ 32,113,711	(\$ 511,710)	\$ 89,213,763	\$ 6,448,168	\$ 95,661,931
Profit for the year		<del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del>	3,457,667	· · · · · · · · ·	<del></del>	· · · · · · · ·	3,457,667	534,343	3,992,010
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year	6(23)	-	-	-	-	66,771	1,579,665	( 11,451,859)	-	( 9,805,423 )	( 332,342	) ( 10,137,765)
Total comprehensive (loss) income		-	-	-	-	3,524,438	1,579,665	(11,451,859)	-	( 6,347,756 )	202,001	( 6,145,755 )
Appropriations of 2021 earnings	6(22)				<u></u>							
Legal reserve		-	-	525,009	-	( 525,009 )	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends declared		-	-	-	-	( 2,887,375 )	-	-	-	( 2,887,375 )	-	( 2,887,375)
Effect of changes in net equity of associates and joint ventures accounted for under the equity method		-	50,247	-	-	-	-	-	-	50,247	-	50,247
Transactions with non-controlling interest	4(3)	-	( 3,945)	-	-	-	-	-	-	( 3,945)	3,945	-
Changes in other non-controlling equity		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	( 360,549	) ( 360,549)
Disposal of investments in equity instrument at fair value through other comprehensive income	6(3)(23)					(144,018_)		144,018				
Balance at December 31, 2022		\$ 21,387,966	\$ 9,575,822	\$ 7,899,057	\$ 3,640,779	\$ 19,680,601	(\$ 2,453,451)	\$ 20,805,870	(\$ 511,710)	\$ 80,024,934	\$ 6,293,565	\$ 86,318,499

### TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

### FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			r 31		
	Notes		2022		2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Profit before tax		\$	5,421,825	\$	6,151,878
Adjustments		*	0,121,020	*	0,101,010
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)					
Net loss (gain) on financial assets at fair value through profit	6(2)(27)				
or loss	-()(-)		1,131,130	(	1,643,837
Net loss on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or	6(15)(27)		-,,		_,,
loss	( )( )		17,381		2,638
Provision for decline in value of inventories	6(6)		117,060		177,816
Expected credit impairment losses (gains)	12(2)		57,615		4,779
Interest income	6(25)	(	233,077)	(	127,351
Dividend income	6(26)	(	1,128,492)	-	884,153
Interest expense	6(28)	,	203,963		203,602
Depreciation and amortization	6(8)(9)(10)(29)		1,803,446		1,802,195
Loss on disposal of investments	6(27)		-,000,		3,097
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	6(27)		4,241		2,387
Impairment loss	6(8)(13)(27)				367,190
Share of profit of associates and joint ventures accounted for	6(7)				307,170
under the equity method	•(.)	(	190,279)	(	195,831
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		,	1,0,27,		1,5,051
Changes in operating assets					
Current contract assets			3,028	(	866,890
Notes receivable		(	39,367)	(	175,504
Notes receivable - related parties		(	782		8,063
Accounts receivable		(	220,887)	(	1,048,247
Accounts receivable - related parties		(	21,792	(	49,738
Other receivables			93,972	(	137,928
Other receivables - related parties			31,634	(	46,101
Inventories		(	760,249)	(	2,802,666
Prepayments		(	19,393	(	145,336
Other current assets			163,662	(	73,340
Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss			124,559		557,742
Changes in operating liabilities			124,337		331,142
Current contract liabilities			708,541	(	3,110
Notes payable		(	236,682)	(	680,367
Notes payable - related parties		(	5,720)	(	48,894
Accounts payable		(	191,180)	(	1,758,360
Accounts payable - related parties		(	30,243)	(	34,056
Other payables		(	476,149	(	707,037
Provisions for liabilities			142,840	(	103,690
Other current liabilities			182,410	(	65,646
Other non-current liabilities		(	316,127)	(	219,223
Cash inflow generated from operations		(	7,373,120	-	
· ·	6(25)				4,691,744
Interest received Dividend received	6(25)		233,077		127,351
		,	138,348	,	87,747
Interest paid		(	129,170)	(	133,202
Income tax paid		(	1,237,746)	(	696,332
Net cash flows from operating activities			6,377,629		4,077,308

(Continued)

### TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

### FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			Year ended I	December 31		
	Notes		2022		2021	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Decrease in current financial assets at fair value through profit or		ф	70.506	ф	27.045	
loss		\$	72,526	\$	37,945	
Increase in current financial assets at fair value through other				,	2 446 >	
comprehensive income	6(22)		-	(	2,446)	
Increase in non-current financial assets at fair value through other	0(32)	,	204 617 \	,	142 056 \	
comprehensive income	((2)	(	384,617)	(	143,856)	
Proceeds from disposal of current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	6(2)		2,219,166	,	2 229 000 \	
Proceeds from disposal of non-current financial assets at fair	6(2)		2,219,100	(	2,228,000)	
value through other comprehensive income	6(3)		209,316		757,346	
Decrease in non-current financial assets at amortized cost	6(4)		276,323		89,298	
Decrease (increase) in pledged and restricted bank and time	6(1) and 8		270,323		09,290	
deposits	0(1) and 0		1,197,085	(	211,646)	
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(8)(32)	(	2,904,793)		2,308,743)	
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	0(0)(32)	(	24,409	(	62,585	
Acquisition of intangible assets		(	108,408)	(	70,416)	
Decrease (increase) in resticted due to the legislation on		(	100,400 )	(	70,410 )	
repatriating			361,224	(	191,813)	
Increase in other non-current assets		(	36,182)	•	32,454)	
Dividends received from investments of financial instruments		(	1,128,492		884,153	
Increase in investments accounted for under the equity method			1,120,152		001,100	
and capital reduction to recover investment cost		(	319,818)	(	208,146)	
Net cash flows from (used in) investing activities		`	1,734,723	(	3,566,193)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			<u> </u>	`	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Decrease in short-term loans	6(33)	(	291,353)	(	774,135)	
Repayment of bonds	6(33)	(	1,000,000)		-	
(Decrease) increase in long-term loans	6(33)	(	439,742)		483,525	
Lease liabilities paid	6(9)(33)	(	570,981)	(	538,703)	
Cash dividends paid to non-controlling interests		(	404,738)	(	226,923)	
Cash dividends paid	6(22)	(	2,887,375)	(	2,459,616)	
Net cash flows used in financing activities		(	5,594,189)	(	3,515,852)	
Exchange rate effect			1,364,490	(	118,380)	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			-	-		
			3,882,653	(	3,123,117)	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		_	3,882,653 17,274,143	(	3,123,117) 20,397,260	

# TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

[(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

#### 1. History and Organization

Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd. (the "Company") was incorporated as a company limited by shares under the provisions of the Company Act of the Republic of China (R.O.C.). The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred herein as the "Group") are primarily engaged in the manufacture, installation, wholesale, retail of various types of electronic equipment, telecommunication equipment, office equipment, and home appliances.

- 2. The Date of Authorization for Issuance of the Financial Statements and Procedures for Authorization
  - These consolidated financial statements were reported to the Board of Directors on March 15, 2023.
- 3. Application of New Standards, Amendments and Interpretations
  - (1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC effective from 2022 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 3, 'Reference to the conceptual framework'	January 1, 2022
Amendments to IAS 16, 'Property, plant and equipment: proceeds	
before intended use'	January 1, 2022
Amendments to IAS 37, 'Onerous contracts - cost of fulfilling a	
contract'	January 1, 2022
Annual improvements to IFRS Standards 2018-2020	January 1, 2022
The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to	the Group's financial
condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.	

(2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC effective from 2023 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Disclosure of accounting policies'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 8, 'Definition of accounting estimates'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 12, 'Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities	
arising from a single transaction'	January 1, 2023
The share standards and intermediations have no significant import to	a Alaa Cuarra la financial

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

# (3) IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets	To be determined by
between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	International Accounting
	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 16, 'Lease liability in a sale and leaseback'	January 1, 2024
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IFRS 17, 'Initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 -	January 1, 2023
comparative information'	
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-	January 1, 2023
current'	
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Non-current liabilities with covenants'	January 1, 2024
The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact t	o the Group's financial
condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.	

4. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

### (1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers", International. Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the "IFRSs").

#### (2) Basis of preparation

- A. Except for the following items, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
  - (a) Financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.
  - (b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
  - (c) Defined benefit liabilities recognized based on the net amount of pension fund assets less present value of defined benefit obligation.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

# (3) Basis of consolidation

- A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:
  - (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
  - (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealized gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the group.
  - (c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.
  - (d) Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are accounted for as equity transactions, i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity.
  - (e) When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value. That fair value is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or the cost on initial recognition of the associate or joint venture. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognized in profit or loss. All amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are reclassified to profit or loss or transferred directly to retained earnings as appropriate, on the same basis as would be required if the related assets or liabilities were disposed of. That is, when the Group loses control of a subsidiary, all gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary should be reclassified from equity to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss when the related assets or liabilities are disposed of.

# B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements: Ownership (%)

			Ownersł	nip (%)	
Name of	Name of	Main Business	December 31,	December 31,	
Investor	Subsidiary	Activities	2022	2021	Description
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Teco Holding USA Inc. and subsidiaries	Holding company investing in companies in North America. Its investees are primarily engaged in the manufacturing and sales of motors, generators, winding and related parts.	100	100	
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	United View Global Investment Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries	A holding company whose investees are primarily engaged in the manufacturing, sales and agents of motors, home appliances, green power and other various electrical and electronic products in Mainland China, Southeast Asia and Australia.	100	100	Note 3
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Temico International Pte. Ltd. and subsidiaries	Holding company investing in companies in India. Its investees are primarily engaged in the manufacturing and sales of motors.	60	60	
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Tesen Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and sales of home appliances	100	100	
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Tong-An Assets Management & Development Co., Ltd.	Real estate business	100	100	
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Teco Electric Europe Limited	Distribution of mechatronic products	-	-	Note 8

			Ownership (%)		
Name of	Name of	Main Business	December 31,	December 31,	
Investor	Subsidiary	Activities	2022	2021	Description
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Teco Electric & Machinery (Pte) Ltd. and subsidiaries	Distribution of mechatronic products. Its investees are primarily engaged in the sales of mechatronic products in Singapore, India and neighbouring countries.	100	100	•
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Tong Dai Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries	Distribution of mechatronic products	83.53	83.53	Note 5
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Teco Electro Devices Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries  Yatec	Manufacturing and sales of step-servo motors. Its investees are primarily engaged in the trading, various investments and manufacturing and sales of motors in Mainland China. Development and	61.07 64.95	64.08 64.95	Note 12
& Machinery Co., Ltd.	Engineering Corporation and subsidiaries	maintenance of various electric appliances			
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Taian (Subic) Electric Co., Inc.	Manufacturing and sales of switches	76.7	76.7	
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Taian-Etacom Technology Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing of busway and related components	84.73	84.73	
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Taian (Malaysia) Electric Sdn. Bhd.	Manufacturing and sales of switches	-	-	Note 6

			Ownership (%)		
Name of	Name of	Main Business	December 31,	December 31,	
Investor	Subsidiary	Activities	2022	2021	Description
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Micropac Worldwide (BVI) and subsidiaries	primarily engaged in the investment holdings and manufacturing, sales and technical services of fiber electric equipment and aerogenerator components in Mainland China.	100	100	
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	E-Joy International Co., Ltd.	Wholesale and retail of electric appliances	98.07	98.3	Notes 9 and 13
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	A-Ok Technical Co., Ltd.	Repair of electric appliances	86.67	86.67	
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Tecom Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries	Manufacturing and sales of touch-tone phone system and billing box. Its investees are primarily engaged in the various investments, research and development of software and hardware products related to fiber optic communications products in domestic area and Mainland China and technology development, manufacturing, sales and technology services of products related to communication network information.	63.52	63.52	Notes 4 and 10

			Ownership (%)		
Name of	Name of	Main Business	December 31,	December 31,	
Investor	Subsidiary	Activities	2022	2021	Description
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Information Technology Total Services Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries	Import sales, leases of franking machines and mail processing and delivery. Its investees are primarily engaged in the services related to information software, data processing and electronic information supply in domestic area and Mainland China.	49.01	49.01	Note 2
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Teco Smart Technologies Co., Ltd.	Commissioned sales of phone cards and IC cards, and production of data storage and processing equipment	-	100	Note 14
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Teco International Investment Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries	Various productions, investments in securities and construction of commercial buildings. Its investees are primarily engaged in the various investments and sales of motors in Japan.	100	100	
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Tong-An Investment Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries	Various investments. Its investees are primarily engaged in the building management servicing in domestic area, development and sales of software in Mainland China and Science Park development and business operations consulting services.	100	100	

			Ownership (%)		
Name of	Name of	Main Business	December 31,	December 31,	
Investor	Subsidiary	Activities	2022	2021	Description
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Tecnos International Consultant Co., Ltd.	Business management consulting	73.54	73.54	
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	An-Tai International Investment Co., Ltd.	Various investments	100	100	
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Taiwan Pelican Express Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries	Delivery and logistics services. Its investees are primarily engaged in the storage services in Mainland China.	33.38	33.38	Note 1
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Teco Technology (Vietnam) Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and sales of mechatronic products	100	100	
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Eagle Holding Co. and subsidiaries	Holding company investing in companies in Europe. Its investees are primarily engaged in the manufacturing and sales of reducers and motors.	100	100	Note 7
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Century Development Corporation and subsidiaries	Real estate and industrial park management and development. Its investees are primarily engaged in the construction industry, trades and related operation and investment of materials and sandstone used in construction and machinery, and investment consultancy service for domestic and foreign industrial parks and land.	52.75	52.75	

			Ownersh		
Name of	Name of	Main Business	December 31,	December 31,	
Investor	Subsidiary	Activities	2022	2021	Description
Teco Electric	Teco.Sun Energy	Energy technical	60	60	
& Machinery	Co., Ltd.	services			
Co., Ltd.					
Teco Electric	Tong An Energy	Energy technical	100	-	Note 11
& Machinery	Co., Ltd.	services			
Co., Ltd.					

- Note 1: The Company sold part of its ownership in Taiwan Pelican Express Co., Ltd. in August, 2012, and accordingly, its ownership fell below 50% of the voting shares of Taiwan Pelican Express Co., Ltd.. However, the Company still has control over the finance, operations and personnel affairs of Taiwan Pelican Express Co., Ltd., thus Taiwan Pelican Express Co., Ltd. continues to be included in the consolidated financial statements.
- Note 2: The Company has control over the Board of Directors of Information Technology Total Services Co., Ltd., and has absolute control over the subsidiary. Thus, the subsidiary was included in the consolidated financial statements.
- Note 3: The Group repurchased a 1.77% equity interest of Wuxi Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd. as resolved by the Board of Directors in the first quarter of 2021. Therefore, the Group recognised \$8,610 of increase in stockholders' equity from the transactions with non-controlling interest.
- Note 4: The liquidation of Tecom Tech (Wuxi) Co., Ltd. was completed in 2021.
- Note 5: The Company has control over the Board of Directors of Top-Tower Enterprises Co., Ltd. and has absolute control over the subsidiary. Thus, the subsidiary was included in the consolidated financial statements.
- Note 6: The liquidation of Taian (Malaysia) Electric Sdn. Bhd. was completed in 2021.
- Note 7: The liquidation of Motovario Power Transmission Co. Ltd. was completed in 2021.
- Note 8: The liquidation of Teco Electric Europe Limited was completed in 2021.
- Note 9: In 2021, E-Joy International Co., Ltd. distributed employees' compensation for the year 2020 in the form of shares, and the Group's shareholding ratio to the company was decreased to 98.3%. Additionally, Group recognized a change of equity from transactions with non-controlling interest amounting to (\$3).
- Note 10: The liquidation of Tecom Global Tech Investment Pte Limited was completed in 2021
- Note 11: Tong An Energy Co., Ltd. was a newly established subsidiary in 2022.
- Note 12: The Company sold 517,000 of shares in Teco Electro Devices Co., Ltd. in January 2022. Therefore, the Group's shareholding ratio in the subsidiary decreased to 61.07% and the Group recognized a decrease in equity from transactions with non-controlling interest by (\$3,888).
- Note 13: In 2022, E-Joy International Co., Ltd. distributed employees' compensation for the year 2021 in the form of shares, and the Group's shareholding ratio to the company was decreased to 98.07%. Additionally, Group recognized a change of equity from transactions with non-controlling interest amounting to (\$57).
- Note 14: Teco Smart Technologies Co., Ltd was merged with Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.
- We did not audit the financial statements of certain consolidated subsidiaries which statements reflect total assets of \$ 2,859,697 and \$ 2,597,098 as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and net operating revenue of \$ 3,163,153 and \$ 2,940,496 for the years

# ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements:

			Ownersh		
Name of Investor	Name of Subsidiary	Main Business Activities	December, 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	Description
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Teco Appliance (HK) Co., Ltd.	Sales of home appliances	100	100	Note 1
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Taian Electric Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and sales of switches	100	100	Note 1
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	An-Sheng Travel Co., Ltd.	Travel agency services	89.58	89.58	Note 1
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Taian-Jaya Electric Sdn. Bhd.	Manufacturing and sales of air- conditioning equipment	100	95	Note 1
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Teco (Philippines) 3C & Appliances, Inc.		60	60	Note 1
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Teco EV Philippines Corporation	Sales of vehicles	-	100	Notes 1 and 4
Great Teco Motor (Pte) Ltd.	Teco Group Science- Technology (Hang Zhou) Co., Ltd.	Electrical machinery electric and automatic control technology development and consultation service	100	100	Note 1
An-Tai International Investment Co., Ltd.	Hubbell-Taian Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries	Import, export and sales of electric wiring devices, lighting, explosion proofing and other accessory products	-	49.99	Notes 1, 2 and 3

			Ownership (%)		
Name of	Name of	Main Business	December,	December	
Investor	Subsidiary	Activities	31, 2022	31, 2021	Description
Tong-An	Grey Back	Real estate	100	100	Note 1
Assets	International	management and			
Management	Property Inc.	development			
&					
Development					
Co., Ltd.					
Tasia (Pte)	TECO	Engaged in a	-	100	Notes 1
Ltd.	Technology &	variety			and 5
	Marketing Center	of investment			
	Co., Ltd.	businesses			
Jie Zheng	Qingdao Jie	Property	100	100	Note 1
Property	Zheng Property	management and			
Service &	Service &	related services			
Management	Management				
Company	Company				
Tong-An	Eurasia Food	Restaurant chain	100	100	Note 1
Investment	Service Co.,				
Co., Ltd.	Ltd.and its				
	affiliates				

- Note 1: The above subsidiaries were not included in the consolidated financial statements as their respective total assets and operating revenues did not exceed the materiality threshold of the Company's total assets and operating revenues.
- Note 2: The Company has control over the personnel affairs, finance and business of the subsidiary. Thus, the Company has absolute control over the subsidiary.
- Note 3: Hubbell-Taian Co., Ltd. was dissolved during the year ended December 31, 2019 as resolved by the Board of Directors, and is in the process of liquidation after the approval of the competent authority on April 14, 2020.
- Note 4: Teco EV Philipines Corporation was resolution to proceed liquidation procedure in 2022.
- Note 5: TECO Technology & Marketing Center Co., Ltd was merged with Sankyo Co., Ltd in 2022.
- D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
- E. Significant restrictions: None.
- F. Details of significant non-controlling interests: Please refer to Note 6(34).

## (4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan Dollars, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

# A. Foreign currency transactions and balances

(a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

- (b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognized in profit or loss.
- (c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates
- (d) All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'other gains and losses'.

#### B. Translation of foreign operations

- (a) The operating results and financial position of all the group entities and associates that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:
  - I. Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
  - II.Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
  - III. All resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.
- (b) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is an associate exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on sale. In addition, even when the Group still retains partial interest in the former foreign associate entity after losing significant influence over the former foreign associate such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in these foreign operations.
- (c) When the foreign operation is partially disposed of or sold is a subsidiary, cumulative exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately transferred to the non-controlling in this foreign operation. In addition, even when the Group still retains partial interest in the former foreign subsidiary after losing control of the former foreign subsidiary, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in the foreign operation.
- (d) Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing exchange rates at balance sheet date.

### (5) Classification of current and non-current items

- A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
  - (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realized, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
  - (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
  - (c) Assets that are expected to be realized within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
  - (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to pay off liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.
- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities;

otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:

- (a) Liabilities that are expected to be setteled within the normal operating cycle;
- (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
- (c) Liabilities that are to be setteled within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
- (d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

### (6) <u>Cash equivalents</u>

Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

# (7) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

- A. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are not measured at amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognized and derecognized using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value and recognizes the transaction costs in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value, and recognises the gain or loss in profit or loss.
- D. The Group recognises the dividend income when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

#### (8) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

- A. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income comprise equity securities which are not held for trading, and for which the Group has made an irrevocable election at initial recognition to recognise changes in fair value in other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized and derecognized using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value. The changes in fair value of equity investments that were recognized in other comprehensive income are reclassified to retained earnings and are not reclassified to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends are recognized as revenue when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably

### (9) Financial assets at amortised cost

- A. Financial assets at amortised cost are those that meet all of the following criteria:
  - (a) The objective of the Group's business model is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows.
  - (b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at amortised cost are recognized and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest method. A gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired.
- D. The Group's time deposits which do not fall under cash equivalents are those with a short

maturity period and are measured at initial investment amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

### (10) Accounts and notes receivable

- A. Accounts and notes receivable entitle the Group a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.
- B. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

## (11) <u>Impairment of financial assets</u>

For financial assets at amortized cost, at each reporting date, the Group recognises the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognises the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognises the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

## (12) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset when one of the following conditions is met:

- A. The contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset expire.
- B. The contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset.
- C. The contractual rights to receive cash flows of the financial asset have been transferred; however, the Group has not retained control of the financial asset.

#### (13) Leasing arrangements (lessor)—operating leases

Lease income from an operating lease (net of any incentives given to the lessee) is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### (14) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using weighted-average method. The cost of finished goods and work in process comprises raw materials, direct labor, other direct costs and related production overheads (allocated based on normal operating capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and applicable variable selling expenses.

### (15) Investments accounted for under the equity method – associates

- A. Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control. In general, it is presumed that the investor has significant influence, if an investor holds, directly or indirectly 20 percent or more of the voting power of the investee. Investments in Aassociates are accounted for using the equity method and are initially recognized at cost. The Group's investments in associates include goodwill identified on acquisition, net of any accumulated impairment loss arising through subsequent assessments.
- B. The Group's share of its associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognized in profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognized in other comprehensive income. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognize further losses, unless it has incurred statutory/constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.
- C. When changes in an associate's equity do not arise from profit or loss or other comprehensive

- income of the associate and such changes do not affect the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, the Group recognizes the Group's share of change in equity of the associate in 'capital surplus' in proportion to its ownership.
- D. Unrealized gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
- E. In the case that an associate issues new shares and the Group does not subscribe or acquire new shares proportionately, which results in a change in the Group's ownership percentage of the associate but maintains significant influence on the associate, then 'capital surplus' and 'investments accounted for under the equity method' shall be adjusted for the increase or decrease of its share of equity interest. If the above condition causes a decrease in the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, in addition to the above adjustment, the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of.
- F. When the Group disposes its investment in an associate and loses significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate, are reclassified to profit or loss, on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of. If it retains significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately in accordance with the aforementioned approach.

#### (16) Property, plant and equipment

- A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period are capitalised.
- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
- C. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.
- D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year-end. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Buildings and structures $10 \sim 50$  yearsMachinery and equipment $3 \sim 15$  yearsTransportation equipment $3 \sim 5$  yearsOther equipment $2 \sim 15$  yearsLeasehold improvements $3 \sim 5$  years

# (17) <u>Leasing arrangements (lessee) — right-of-use assets/ lease liabilities</u>

- A. Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.
- B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate.

Lease payments are comprised of the following:

- (a) Fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable; and
- (b) Variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate;

The Group subsequently measures the lease liability at amortised cost using the interest method and recognises interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.

- C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is stated at cost comprising the following:
  - (a) The amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
  - (b) Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date;
  - (c) Any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee; and
  - (d) An estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

D. For lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the lessee shall decrease the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset and remeasure the lease liability to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognise the difference in profit or loss.

#### (18) Investment property

An investment property is stated initially at its cost and measured subsequently using the cost model. Except for land, investment property is depreciated on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of  $15 \sim 60$  years.

### (19) <u>Intangible assets</u>

- A. Goodwill arises in a business combination accounted for by applying the acquisition method.
- B. Intangible assets, except goodwill are mainly computer software, which is stated at cost and amortized on the straight-line basis over the estimated economic useful life.

#### (20) Impairment of non-financial assets

- A. The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. Except for goodwill, when the circumstances or reasons for recognising impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortised historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognised.
- B. The recoverable amounts of goodwill, intangible assets with an indefinite useful life are

- evaluated periodically. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment loss of goodwill previously recognised in profit or loss shall not be reversed in the following years.
- C. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each of the cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that is/are expected to benefit from the synergies of the business combination. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is allocated represents the lowest level within the entity at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. Goodwill is monitored at the operating segment level.

#### (21) Borrowings

- A. Borrowings comprise long-term and short-term bank borrowings. Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.
- B. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

#### (22) Notes and accounts payable

- A. Accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of raw materials, goods or services and notes payable are those resulting from operating and non-operating activities.
- B. The short-term notes and accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

### (23) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

- A. Financial liabilities are classified in this category of held for trading. Derivatives are also categorised as financial liabilities held for trading unless they are designated as hedges.
- B. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial liabilities at fair value. All related transaction costs are recognised in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures these financial liabilities at fair value with any gain or loss recognised in profit or loss.

### (24) Bonds payable

Ordinary corporate bonds issued by the Group are initially recognised at fair value less transaction costs. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is presented as an addition to or deduction from bonds payable, which is amortised to profit or loss over the period of bond circulation using the effective interest method as an adjustment to 'finance costs'.

#### (25) <u>Derecognition of financial liabilities</u>

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation specified in the contract is either discharged or cancelled or expires.

#### (26) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and reported in the net amount in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

# (27) Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the Group to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the original or modified terms of a debt instrument. At initial recognition, the Group measures financial guarantee contracts at fair value and subsequently at the higher of the amount of provisions determined by the expected credit losses and the cumulative gains that were previously recognised.

#### (28) Provisions

Provisions (including product warranties, etc.) are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated. Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation on the balance sheet date, which is discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

#### (29) Employee benefits

# A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognised as expenses in that period when the employees render service.

#### B. Pensions

# (a) Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the Group pays fixed contributions to an independent, publicly or privately administered pension fund. The Group has no further legal or constructive obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as pension expenses when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

### (b) Defined benefit plans

- I. Net obligation under a defined benefit plan is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive on retirement for their services with the Group in current period or prior periods. The liability recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets. The net defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The rate used to discount is determined by using interest rates of high-quality corporate bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related pension liability; when there is no deep market in high-quality corporate bonds, the Group uses interest rates of government bonds (at the balance sheet date) instead.
- II.Remeasurements arising on defined benefit plans are recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and are recorded as retained earnings.

#### C. Termination benefits

Termination benefits are employee benefits provided in exchange for the termination of

employment as a result from either the Group's decision to terminate an employee's employment before the normal retirement date, or an employee's decision to accept an offer of redundancy benefits in exchange for the termination of employment. The Group recognises expense as it can no longer withdraw an offer of termination benefits or it recognises relating restructuring costs, whichever is earlier. Benefits that are expected to be due more than 12 months after balance sheet date shall be discounted to their present value.

D. Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration are recognised as expense and liability, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates. If employee compensation is paid by shares, the Group calculates the number of shares based on the closing price at the previous day of the board meeting resolution.

#### (30) Income tax

- A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or items recognised directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.
- C. Deferred tax is recognised, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. However, the deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.
- D. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. At each balance sheet date, unrecognised and recognised deferred income tax assets are reassessed.
- E. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.
- F. Based on the "Income Basic Tax Act", if the regular income tax is equal or more than the basic tax, the income tax payable shall be calculated in accordance with the Income Tax Act and

other relevant laws. Whereas, if the regular income tax is less than basic tax, the income tax payable shall be equal to the basic tax. The difference between the regular income tax and basic tax shall not be subject to deductions of investment tax credits granted under the provisions of other laws.

## (31) Share capital

- A. Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or stock options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.
- B. Where the Company repurchases the Company's equity share capital that has been issued, the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs (net of income taxes) is deducted from equity attributable to the Company's equity holders.

#### (32) Dividends

Dividends are recorded in the Company's financial statements in the period in which they are resolved by the Company's shareholders. Cash dividends are recorded as liabilities.

#### (33) Revenue recognition

# A. Sales of goods—wholesale

- (a) The Group manufactures and sells various types of m echanical equipment, airconditioning units and electronic equipment products. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the wholesaler, the wholesaler has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the wholesaler's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the wholesaler, and either the wholesaler has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.
- (b) Electronic and machinery, electronic equipment and power generation equipment are often sold with volume discounts based on aggregate sales over a 12-month period. Revenue from these sales is recognised based on the price specified in the contract, net of the estimated volume discounts and sales discounts and allowances. Accumulated experience is used to estimate and provide for the volume discounts and sales discounts and allowances, using the expected value method, and revenue is only recognised to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal will not occur. The estimation is subject to an assessment at each reporting date. A refund liability is recognised for expected volume discounts and sales discounts and allowances payable to customers in relation to sales made until the end of the reporting period. The sales are made with a credit term of 30 days. As the time interval between the transfer of committed goods or service and the payment of customer does not exceed one year, the Group does not adjust the transaction price to reflect the time value of money.
- (c) The Group's obligation to provide a repair for faulty products under the standard warranty terms is recognised as a provision.
- (d) A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

#### B. Installation and construction service of electrification products

(a) The Group provides installation and construction service of electrification products. Revenue from providing services is recognized in the accounting period in which the services are rendered. For fixed-price contracts, revenue is recognised based on the actual service provided to the end of the reporting period as a proportion of the total services to be provided. This is determined based on the actual cost spent relative to the total cost.

The customer pays at the time specified in the payment schedule. If the services rendered exceed the payment, a contract asset is recognised. If the payments exceed the services rendered, a contract liability is recognised.

- (b) Some contracts include sales and installation services of equipment. The equipment and the installation services provided by the Group are not distinct and are identified to be one performance obligation satisfied over time since the installation services involve significant customisation and modification. The Group recognises revenue on the basis of costs incurred relative to the total expected costs of that performance obligation. Conversely, the Group recognises revenue at an amount equal to the cost of a good if the good is not distinct and its cost is significant relative to the total expected costs, the customer is expected to obtain control of the good significantly before receiving services related to the good, and the Group procures the good from a third party and is not involved in designing and manufacturing the good by acting as a principal.
- (c) The Group's estimate about revenue, costs and progress towards complete satisfaction of a performance obligation is subject to a revision whenever there is a change in circumstances. Any increase or decrease in revenue or costs due to an estimate revision is reflected in profit or loss during the period when the management become aware of the changes in circumstances.

### C. Incremental costs of obtaining a contract

Given that the contractual period lasts less than one year, the Group recognises the incremental costs of obtaining a contract as an expense when incurred although the Group expects to recover those costs.

#### (34) Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value only when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with any conditions attached to the grants and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises expenses for the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.

#### (35) Business combinations

- A. The Group uses the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets transferred, liabilities incurred or assumed and equity instruments issued at the acquisition date, plus the fair value of any assets and liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. All acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. For each business combination, the Group measures at the acquisition date components of non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to the proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation at either fair value or the present ownership instruments' proportionate share in the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other non-controlling interests should be measured at the acquisition-date fair value.
- B. The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed is recorded as goodwill at the acquireition date. If the total of consideration transferred, non-controlling interest in the acquiree recognised and the fair value of previously held equity interest in the acquiree is less than the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed, the difference is recognised directly in profit or loss on the acquisition date.

### (36) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The Group's chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors that makes strategic decisions.

#### 5. Critical Accounting Judgements, Estimates and Key Sources of Assumption Uncertainty

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year; and the related information is addressed below:

(1) Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies

None.

#### (2) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

Impairment assessment of goodwill

The impairment assessment of goodwill relies on the Group's subjective judgment, including identifying cash-generating units, allocating assets and liabilities as well as goodwill to related cash-generating units, and determining the recoverable amounts of related cash-generating units. Please refer to Note 6(13) for the information of the assessment of goodwill impairment. The amount of the Group's goodwill after recognising the impairment loss was \$4,555,873 as at December 31, 2022.

# 6. Details of Significant Accounts

# (1) Cash and cash equivalents

	Dec	ember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Cash on hand and revolving funds	\$	6,978	\$ 7,763
Checking accounts and demand deposits		7,270,042	11,708,591
Time deposits and notes issued under repurchase agreement		13,879,776	5,557,789
-	\$	21,156,796	\$ 17,274,143

- A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.
- B. As of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, certain bank deposits amounting to \$575,293 and \$1,772,377, respectively, were restricted due to earmarked construction projects, loans for purchasing materials and the regulation governing the management, utilization, and taxation of repatriated offshore funds reserved in special account (listed as '1470 Other current assets' and '1900 Other non-current assets'). Please refer to Note 8 for details.

## (2) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Items	Dece	mber 31, 2022	Decen	nber 31, 2021
Current items:				
Financial assets mandatorily				
measured at fair value				
through profit or loss				
Money market fund		34,240		2,304,904
Derivative instruments		301		4,046
		34,541		2,308,950
Valuation adjustments	(	2,751)		3,283
	\$	31,790	\$	2,312,233
Non-current items:		_		<u> </u>
Financial assets mandatorily				
measured at fair value				
through profit or loss				
Listed and OTC stocks	\$	884,399	\$	889,145
Non-listed and OTC stocks		810,394		810,394
Fund beneficiary certificate		713,556		734,299
		2,408,349		2,433,838
Valuation adjustments		863,087		2,104,536
	\$	3,271,436	\$	4,538,374

A. Amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are listed below:

	For the year ended		For th	e year ended
	Dece	ember 31, 2022	Decen	nber 31, 2021
Financial assets mandatorily				
measured at fair value through				
profit or loss				
Equity instruments	(\$	1,131,130)	\$	1,643,837

B. The non-hedging derivative instrument transactions and contract information are as follows:

	December 31, 2022						
	Contract amount						
Derivative instrument	Contract period	Fair	r value				
Forward foreign exchange contracts	S						
BUY EUR/SELL AUD	December 1, 2022 ~ February 9, 2023	EUR	100,000	\$	53		
BUY USD/SELL AUD	December 14, 2022 ~ January 20, 2023	USD	1,000,000		248		
				\$	301		
		December 31, 20	)21				
		Contract	amount				
Derivative instrument	Contract period	(Notional p	orincipal)	Fair	r value		
Forward foreign exchange contracts	S						
SELL USD/BUY RMB	January 18, 2021 ~ April 29, 2022	USD	16,205,000	\$	4,046		

- C. The Group entered into forward foreign exchange contracts to sell to hedge exchange rate risk of export proceeds. However, these forward foreign exchange contracts and foreign currency loan are not accounted for under hedge accounting.
- D. Information relating to the price risk and fair value information of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is provided in Note 12(2)(3).
- (3) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Items	December 31, 2022		Dec	ember 31, 2021
Current items:				
Listed and OTC stocks	\$	482,495	\$	683,202
Emerging stocks				6,579
		482,495		689,781
Valuation adjustments		279,078		374,673
	\$	761,573	\$	1,064,454
Non-current items:				
Listed and OTC stocks	\$	12,694,093	\$	12,510,333
OES stocks		115,200		-
Non-listed and OTC stocks		333,657		330,387
		13,142,950		12,840,720
Valuation adjustments		20,622,940		32,319,674
	\$	33,765,890	\$	45,160,394

A. The Group has elected to classify investments in Taiwan High Speed Rail, etc. that are considered to be steady dividend income as financial assets at fair value through other

- comprehensive income. The fair value of such investments amounted to \$34,527,463 and \$46,224,848 as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.
- B. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group sold stocks with fair values of \$209,316 and \$757,346, respectively, to raise the capital for operations; the cumulative gains (loss) on disposal are (\$144,018) and \$358,052, respectively, and the realized profits were carried forward from other equity to retained earnings.
- C. Amounts recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are listed below:

	For the year ended		For the year ended		
	Dec	December 31, 2022		ember 31, 2021	
Equity instruments at fair value through					
other comprehensive income					
Fair value change recognised					
in other comprehensive					
income	(\$	11,822,766)	\$	22,629,456	
Cumulative gains reclassified					
to retained earnings due to					
derecognition	(\$	144,018)	\$	358,052	
Dividend income recognised in					
profit or loss					
Held at end of period	\$	943,858	\$	575,536	
Derecognised during the period		3,649		12,976	
	\$	947,507	\$	588,512	

- D. The Group additionally issued common shares amounting to 171,103,730 shares to exchange 205,332,690 shares of Walsin Lihwa Corporation's common shares. The acquisition cost was the fair value of those shares exchanged at the effective date amounting to \$3,808,921, and the Group held a 5.98% equity interest in Walsin Lihwa Corporation after the exchange. As a result of the share exchange between the Group and Walsin Lihwa Corporation which was a strategical cooperation, those shares acquired through share exchange were designated to reclassify as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- E. Details of the Group's financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income pledged to others as collateral are provided in Note 8.
- F. Information relating to the price risk and fair value information of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income is provided in Note 12(2)(3).

#### (4) Financial assets at amortised cost

Items	December 31, 2022		December 3	31, 2021
Non-current items:				
Time deposits	\$	115,909	\$	392,232

A. Amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to financial assets at amortised cost are listed below:

	For	the year ended	For	the year ended
	Dece	December 31, 2022		cember 31, 2021
Interest income	\$	6,787	\$	9,627

- B. As at December 31, 2022 and 2021, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the financial assets at amortised cost held by the Group were \$115,909 and \$392,232, respectively.
- C. Details of the Group's financial assets at amortised cost pledged to others as collateral are provided in Note 8.
- D. Information relating to credit risk of financial assets at amortised cost is provided in Note 12(2). The counterparties of the Group's investments in certificates of deposits are financial institutions with high credit quality, so the Group expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.

#### (5) Notes and accounts receivable

	Dece	ember 31, 2022	Dec	ember 31, 2021
Notes receivable	\$	1,041,750	\$	999,065
Less: Allowance for bad debts	(	2,194)	(	2,109)
	\$	1,039,556	\$	996,956
Accounts receivable	\$	10,264,814	\$	10,092,843
Less: Allowance for bad debts	(	215,031)	(	166,218)
	\$	10,049,783	\$	9,926,625

A. The ageing analysis of notes and accounts receivable is as follows:

December 31, 2022	
\$ 8,970,190	\$ 9,190,412
1,049,553	842,230
542,913	461,706
283,479	195,257
460,429	402,303
\$ 11,306,564	\$ 11,091,908
	1,049,553 542,913 283,479 460,429

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

- B. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the balances of receivables (including notes receivable) from contracts with customers amounted to \$11,046,707 and \$10,888,402, respectively.
- C. As at December 31, 2022 and 2021, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the Group's notes receivable were \$1,039,556 and \$996,956 and accounts receivable were \$10,049,783 and \$9,926,625, respectively.
- D. Details of the Group's notes receivable pledged to others are provided in Note 8.
- E. Information relating to credit risk of accounts receivable and notes receivable is provided in Note 12(2).

## (6) <u>Inventories</u>

		Dε	ecember 31, 2022	
			Allowance for	
	 Cost		valuation loss	 Book value
Raw materials	\$ 3,651,577	(\$	221,898)	\$ 3,429,679
Work in progress	1,522,111	(	9,175)	1,512,936
Finished goods	7,197,857	(	441,152)	6,756,705
Inventory in transit	661,540		-	661,540
Merchandise inventories	 546,287	(	11,860)	 534,427
	\$ 13,579,372	(\$	684,085)	\$ 12,895,287
		De	ecember 31, 2021	
			Allowance for	
	 Cost		valuation loss	 Book value
Raw materials	\$ 3,779,164	(\$	183,954)	\$ 3,595,210
Work in progress	1,349,660	(	15,062)	1,334,598
Finished goods	5,782,935	(	433,049)	5,349,886
Inventory in transit	1,002,498		-	1,002,498
Merchandise inventories	 1,000,265	(	30,359)	 969,906
	\$ 12,914,522	(\$	662,424)	\$ 12,252,098

A. The cost of inventories recognized as expense for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 were \$29,569,180 and \$26,741,547, respectively, including \$117,060 and \$177,816 that the Group wrote down from cost to the net realizable value accounted for as cost of goods sold for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

B. The Group has no inventory pledged to others.

# (7) Investments accounted for under the equity method

2 2 1 2
2 2 4 2
3,312
8,574
6,799
8,685
5,196)

The share of profit/loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for under the equity method for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

3,343,489

3,717,065

	he year ended	For the year ended		
Associates:	Decer	mber 31, 2022	Dece	mber 31, 2021
1. Tung Pei Industrial Co., Ltd.	\$	245,014	\$	253,921
2. Lien Chang Electronic Enterprise Co., Ltd.		1,528		38,830
3. Others	(	56,263)	(	96,920)
	\$	190,279	\$	195,831

#### A. Associates

(a) The basic information of the associates that are material to the Group is as follows:

	_	Sharehol	ding ratio	_	
	Principal				
	place of	December	December	Nature of	Method of
Company name	business	31, 2022	31, 2021	relationship	measurement
Tung Pei Industrial	R.O.C.	31.14%	31.14%	Financial	Equity method
Co., Ltd.				investment	
Lien Chang Electronic Enterprise Co., Ltd.	R.O.C.	33.84%	33.84%	"	"

(b) The summarized financial information of the associates that are material to the Group is shown below:

# Balance sheet

	Tung Pei Industrial Co., Ltd.							
	D	December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021				
Current assets	\$	4,504,756	\$	4,638,552				
Non-current assets		7,456,618		7,178,933				
Current liabilities	(	2,548,354)	(	2,936,294)				
Non-current liabilities	(	1,622,810)	(	1,450,643				
Total assets	\$	7,790,210	<u>\$</u>	7,430,548				
Share in associate's net								
assets	\$	2,440,891	\$	2,313,312				
Goodwill								
Carrying amount of the associate	\$	2,440,891	\$	2,313,312				
		Lien Chang Electron	ic Er	nterprise Co., Ltd.				
		December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021				
Current assets	\$	1,465,956	\$	1,610,794				
Non-current assets		409,658		460,488				
Current liabilities	(	368,510)	(	508,731)				
Non-current liabilities	(	66,450)	(	89,398)				
Total net assets	<u>\$</u>	1,440,654	<u>\$</u>	1,473,153				
Share in associate's								
net assets	\$	487,575	\$	498,574				
Goodwill		<u> </u>		<del>-</del>				
Carrying amount of the								
associate	\$	487,575	\$	498,574				

## Statement of comprehensive income

Tung Pei Industrial Co., Lt	td.
-----------------------------	-----

		the year ended ember 31, 2022		For the year ended December 31, 2021
Revenue	\$	5,430,538	\$	5,790,986
Profit for the period from continuing operations Other comprehensive income,	\$	747,688	\$	816,173
net of tax		61,122	(	2,081)
Total comprehensive income	\$	808,810	\$	814,092
Dividends received from associates	\$	117,435	\$	74,376
	L	ien Chang Electron	ic Ente	erprise Co., Ltd.
		the year ended		For the year ended
		ember 31, 2022		December 31, 2021
Revenue	\$	1,000,634	\$	1,566,696
Profit for the period from continuing operations	\$	10,418	\$	114,731
Other comprehensive income, net of tax		12,904		9,406
Total comprehensive income	\$	23,322	\$	124,137
Dividends received from				
associates	\$	16,894	\$	9,386

(c) The carrying amount of the Group's interests in all individually immaterial associates and the Group's share of the operating results are summarized below:

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the carrying amount of the Group's individually immaterial associates amounted to \$983,410 and \$666,799, respectively.

	For the	e year ended	For the year ended				
	Decem	December 31, 2022 Decem					
Loss for the period from							
continuing operations	(\$	56,263)	(\$ 96,920)				
Total comprehensive loss	(\$	56,263)	(\$ 96,920)				

(d) The fair values of the Group's material associates with quoted market prices are as follows:

	Decem	ber 31, 2022	December 31, 2021		
Lien Chang Electronic					
Enterprise Co., Ltd.	\$	372,043	\$	519,959	

(e) The Group is the single largest shareholder of Lien Chang Electronic Enterprise Co., Ltd. with a 33.84% equity interest. The company is a listed company and its ownership is dispersed. Also, since the Group's shareholding ratio in the company is lower than 50%, which indicates that the Group has no current ability to direct the relevant activities of Lien Chang Electronic Enterprise Co., Ltd., the Group has no control, but only has significant influence, over the investee.

- B. Investments accounted for using equity method for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, are based on investees' financial statements audited by independent auditors. Gains on investments accounted for using equity method and other comprehensive net income for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 were \$212,320 and \$202,511, respectively. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the balances of investments accounted for using equity method were \$2,406,380 and \$2,377,144, respectively. The credit balances of investments accounted for using equity method were \$194,811 and \$132,837, respectively.
- C. The Group has no investments accounted for under the equity method pledged to others.

# (8) Property, plant and equipment

	L	eased assets -		Leased assets -					
	Buildings and b	uildings and	Machinery and	machinery and	Transportation	Leasehold	Miscellaneous	Unfinished	
Land	structures	structures	equipment	equipment	equipment	improvements	equipment	construction	Total
At January 1, 2022									
Cost \$ 5,433,125	\$ 8,427,400 \$	5,281,166	\$ 12,186,896	\$ 630,894	\$ 1,269,506	\$ 617,288	\$ 7,523,329	\$ 2,205,658	\$ 43,575,262
Accumulated									
depreciation and									
impairment ( <u>34,697</u>	) (4,638,503) (	2,380,428)	(10,695,571)	(596,318)	(760,531)	(477,721) (	6,589,377)		(26,173,146)
\$ 5,398,428	\$ 3,788,897 \$	2,900,738	\$ 1,491,325	\$ 34,576	\$ 508,975	\$ 139,567	\$ 933,952	\$ 2,205,658	\$ 17,402,116
<u>2022</u>		_							
Opening net book									
amount \$ 5,398,428	\$ 3,788,897 \$	2,900,738	\$ 1,491,325	\$ 34,576	\$ 508,975	\$ 139,567	\$ 933,952	\$ 2,205,658	\$ 17,402,116
Additions -	109,619	4,194	252,452	1,932	129,765	30,077	312,753	2,037,284	2,878,076
Disposals -	( 47)	- (	( 18,128)	-	( 3,392)	( 387) (	6,696)	-	( 28,650)
Reclassifications ( 160,433	) ( 19,424)	- (	( 5,288)	( 8,367)	-	( 250)	132	-	( 1,0,000)
Depresention entire	( 201,195) (	174,245) (		( 1,034)				-	( 1,097,930)
Net exchange differences 11,571	80,073	-	59,326		1,782	2,479	16,564	-	171,795
Closing net book amount \$ 5,249,566	\$ 3,757,923 \$	2,730,687	\$ 1,487,249	\$ 27,107	\$ 549,204	\$ 132,654	\$ 954,445	\$ 4,242,942	\$ 19,131,777
At December 31, 2022	e 0.612.162 e	5 205 000	e 12.20c.0c2	¢ (14.741	¢ 1.246.062	¢ (42.104	e 7.650.717	e 4.242.042	Ф 46 004 <b>222</b>
Cost \$ 5,284,263	\$ 8,612,162 \$	5,285,088	\$ 12,396,063	\$ 614,741	\$ 1,346,062	\$ 643,184	\$ 7,659,717	\$ 4,242,942	\$ 46,084,222
Accumulated									
depreciation and	1 054 020) (	2.554.401)	( 10.000.014)	( 597.624)	( 706.959)	( 510 520)	( 705 272)		( 26.052.445)
impairment ( <u>34,697</u>		2,554,401) (	(10,908,814)	(587,634)	(		6,705,272)	<u> </u>	(26,952,445)
\$ 5,249,566	\$ 3,757,923 \$	2,730,687	\$ 1,487,249	\$ 27,107	\$ 549,204	\$ 132,654	\$ 954,445	\$ 4,242,942	\$ 19,131,777

			Leased assets	-	Leased assets	Leased assets -				
		Buildings and	d buildings and	Machinery and	d machinery and	Transportation	Leasehold	Miscellaneous	Unfinished	
	Land	structures	structures	equipment	equipment	equipment	improvements	equipment	construction	Total
At January 1, 2021										
Cost	\$ 5,455,39	98 \$ 8,566,572	2 \$ 5,285,400	5 \$ 12,557,619	\$ 650,463	\$ 1,206,184	\$ 540,536	\$ 7,640,344	\$ 692,736 \$	42,595,258
Accumulated										
depreciation and										
impairment	(34,69				<u> </u>	· — — —	· <u> </u>	(6,667,625)		25,989,734)
	\$ 5,420,70	1 \$ 4,062,98	1 \$ 3,067,263	<u>\$ 1,768,659</u>	\$ 42,401	\$ 486,614	\$ 91,450	\$ 972,719	\$ 692,736 \$	16,605,524
<u>2021</u>										
Opening net book										
amount	\$ 5,420,70	1 \$ 4,062,98	1 \$ 3,067,263	3 \$ 1,768,659	\$ 42,401	\$ 486,614	\$ 91,450	\$ 972,719	\$ 692,736 \$	16,605,524
Additions	90	22,009	9 6,538	3 184,992	-	107,149	83,716	325,265	1,512,922	2,243,496
Disposals	( 4,33	30) ( 26,270	0)	- ( 21,747	-	( 2,118	) ( 2)	10,505)	- (	64,972)
Impairment loss		-		- ( 109,433	,	-	-	-	- (	109,433)
Reclassifications	( 9,75	57) ( 22,093	•	- ( 3,600	,		81	, ,	- (	30,155)
Depreciation charge		- ( 194,269	/ \		, ,				- (	1,136,636)
Net exchange difference		_ `		<u>-</u> ( 27,480	·	(		13,168)	- (	105,708)
Closing net book amou	nt \$ 5,398,42	28 \$ 3,788,89	<u>\$ 2,900,738</u>	8 \$ 1,491,325	\$ 34,576	\$ 508,975	\$ 139,567	\$ 933,952	\$ 2,205,658	17,402,116
<u>At December 31, 2021</u>	<b>.</b>			- 4 12 10 - 00 -		h 100000		<b>* </b>	A 2207 - 70 A	10.555.050
Cost	\$ 5,433,12	25 \$ 8,427,400	0 \$ 5,281,160	5 \$ 12,186,896	\$ 630,894	\$ 1,269,506	\$ 617,288	\$ 7,523,329	\$ 2,205,658 \$	43,575,262
Accumulated										
depreciation and	( 34,69	97) ( 4,638,503	3) ( 2,380,428	3) ( 10,695,571	) ( 596,318	760,531	) ( 477,721)	6,589,377)	(	26,173,146)
impairment	`		_ `		<i>'</i> \					
	\$ 5,398,42	28 \$ 3,788,89	<u>\$ 2,900,738</u>	<u>\$ 1,491,325</u>	\$ 34,576	\$ 508,975	\$ 139,567	\$ 933,952	\$ 2,205,658 \$	17,402,116

- A. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, no borrowing cost was capitalized as part of property, plant and equipment.
- B. The Group entered into a development contract for the joint construction and allocation of housing units with Kindom Development Co., Ltd. Using the 16 lots located in No. 148, Hong Fu Section, Xin Zhuang District, New Taipei City which were provided by the subsidiary, Tong-An Investment Co., Ltd., as resolved by the Board of Directors on March 23, 2021. Kindom Development Co., Ltd. is responsible for planning and designing, dismantling the existing buildings, constructing and assuming all other expenses. The expected equity ratio is 52%~55% by reference to the appraisal report issued by real estate appraiser firm.
- C. Information about the property, plant and equipment that were pledged to others as collateral is provided in Note 8.
- D. The Group was unable to transfer the title of certain farmland to the Group's name due to legal restrictions. The land title was registered under an individual's name. Accordingly, the Group entered into an agreement with the said individual to secure the title and the first mortgage right.

### (9) <u>Leasing arrangements - lessee</u>

- A. The Group leases various assets including land, buildings, machinery and equipment as well as business vehicles. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 2 to 99 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose covenants, but certain leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.
- B. On January 14, 2005, the Group's subsidiary, Century Development Corporation, completed the registration of right of superficies and paid royalties to Taipei City Government for acquiring land used for construction of the Nankang Software Park. The right of superficies is available for 50 years from the registration date. Land and building shall be returned to Taipei City Government unconditionally upon expiry of the right of superficies. Century Development Corporation's right-of -use assets are amortized over the useful life of right of superficies of 50 years.
- C. On July 4, 2018, the Group's subsidiary, Century Biotech Development Corp., completed the registration of right of superficies and paid royalties to the Taipei City Government for acquiring land used for the construction of the Taipei City Nangang Biotechnology Industry Cluster Development BOT Project. The right of superficies is available for 50 years from the registration date. Land and building shall be returned to the Taipei City Government unconditionally upon expiry of the right of superficies. Century Biotech Development Corp.'s prepaid rents are amortized over the useful life of right of superficies of 50 years.
- D. The Group's subsidiary, CDC Development India Private Limited, acquired the land use right from the local government agency, KIADB, for India industrial park development. The total amount remitted for the land use right was INR \$1,752,409 thousand and acquired land ownership of certificate for 99 years. On July 16, 2021, an agreement was signed with KIADB with a transfer of ownership term, agreeing to transfer the ownership to the lessee at the end of the 10-year lease term for the amount of royalties paid by the lessee and recognized by the landlord, if the lessee completes the development conditions specified in the terms.
- E. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the additions to right-of-use assets were \$503,217 and \$642,980 and the sublease income were \$805,852 and \$807,763, respectively.
- F. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows:

	Carrying amount			Carrying amount		
	Dece	mber 31, 2022	December 31, 2021			
Land (including royalties)	\$	4,654,356	\$	4,652,262		
Buildings		2,033,210		2,099,957		
Machinery and equipment		22,547		9,689		
Transportation equipment						
(Business vehicles)		25,053		14,559		
	\$	6,735,166	\$	6,776,467		
	Depr	eciation charge	Depr	eciation charge		
	For t	the year ended	For t	the year ended		
	Dece	mber 31, 2022	Dece	mber 31, 2021		
Land (including royalties)	\$	94,684	\$	86,928		
Buildings		437,978		400,279		
Machinery and equipment		9,028		9,956		
Transportation equipment						
(Business vehicles)		10,161		11,072		
	\$	551,851	\$	508,235		

- G. Interest expenses on lease liabilities for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 were \$74,793 and \$70,400 and the cash outflows were \$570,981 and \$538,703, respectively.
- H. Expenses on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets which are not subject to IFRS 16 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 were \$471,108 and \$465,946; \$14,412 and \$20,022, respectively.
- I. The Group has applied the practical expedient to "Covid-19-related rent concessions", and recognised the gain from changes in lease payments arising from the rent concessions amounting to \$5,604 and \$22,846 in profit from lease modification for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

### (10) <u>Investment property</u>

		Buildings and		Rig	ght-of-use		
	 Land		structures	assets			Total
<u>At January 1, 2022</u>							
Cost	\$ 1,510,318	\$	2,815,538	\$	49,686	\$	4,375,542
Accumulated depreciation							
and impairment	 _	(	1,532,321)	(	14,322)	(	1,546,643)
	\$ 1,510,318	\$	1,283,217	\$	35,364	\$	2,828,899
<u>2022</u>							
Opening net book amount	\$ 1,510,318	\$	1,283,217	\$	35,364	\$	2,828,899
Reclassifications							
(transfer during the period)	\$ 160,067	\$	25,240	\$	-		185,307
Depreciation charge	-	(	63,317)	(	8,307)	(	71,624)
Net exchange differences	 18,544		4,998		772		24,314
Closing net book amount	\$ 1,688,929	\$	1,250,138	\$	27,829	\$	2,966,896
At December 31, 2022							
Cost	\$ 1,688,929	\$	2,976,827	\$	51,216	\$	4,716,972
Accumulated depreciation							
and impairment	 	(	1,726,689)	(	23,387)	(	1,750,076)
	\$ 1,688,929	\$	1,250,138	\$	27,829	\$	2,966,896

			В	uildings and	Rig	ht-of-use		
		Land		structures		assets		Total
At January 1, 2021								
Cost	\$	1,505,457	\$	2,794,910	\$	27,655	\$	4,328,022
Accumulated depreciation								
and impairment		-	(	1,463,829)	(	13,229)	(	1,477,058)
	\$	1,505,457	\$	1,331,081	\$	14,426	\$	2,850,964
<u>2021</u>								
Opening net book amount	\$	1,505,457	\$	1,331,081	\$	14,426	\$	2,850,964
Additions		-		-		23,342		23,342
Reclassifications								
(transfer during the period)		9,757		22,093		-		31,850
Depreciation charge		-	(	67,532)	(	1,767)	(	69,299)
Net exchange differences	(	4,896		2,425)	(	637)	(	7,958)
Closing net book amount	\$	1,510,318	<u>\$</u>	1,283,217	\$	35,364	\$	2,828,899
<u>At December 31, 2021</u>								
Cost	\$	1,510,318	\$	2,815,538	\$	49,686	\$	4,375,542
Accumulated depreciation								
and impairment	_	-	(	1,532,321)	(	14,322)	(	1,546,643)
	\$	1,510,318	\$	1,283,217	\$	35,364	\$	2,828,899
A. Rental income from the leas			_	operty and d	irect c	perating ex	per	nses arising
from the investment propert	y are	shown belo						
				the year ende			•	ar ended
		_	Dec	ember 31, 202	22		ber	31, 2021
Rental income from investm	ent p	roperty <u>\$</u>		128	,493	\$		180,833
Direct operating expenses ar	_							
the investment property that	_			•				<b>70.000</b>
rental income during the pe		\$		38	,164	\$		53,922
Direct operating expenses ar	_							
the investment property that								
generate rental income dur	ing th	ne						
period		\$		5	,816	\$		

C. The fair value of the investment property held by the Group as at December 31, 2022 and, 2021 were \$6,150,083 and \$5,415,841, respectively, which is categorized within Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy.

### (11) Goodwill (listed as '1780 Intangible assets')

	2022			2021		
At January 1						
Cost	\$	4,677,015	\$	5,206,760		
Accumulated amortization and impairment	(	315,284)	(	57,527)		
	\$	4,361,731	\$	5,149,233		
Opening net book amount	\$	4,361,731	\$	5,149,233		
Impairment loss		-	(	257,757)		
Net exchange differences		194,142	(	529,745)		
Closing net book amount	\$	4,555,873	\$	4,361,731		
At December 31						
Cost	\$	4,871,157	\$	4,677,015		
Accumulated amortization and impairment	(	315,284)	(	315,284)		
	\$	4,555,873	\$	4,361,731		

Goodwill is allocated as follows to the Group's cash-generating units identified according to operating segment:

	 December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021			
Green mechatronic solution business group	\$ 4,555,873	\$ 4,361,731			

On October 15, 2015, the Group acquired 100% equity and obtained control over Motovario S.p.A., which is headquartered in Italy and is primarily engaged in manufacturing and sales of power transmission equipment such as motors and gear reducers, and its subsidiaries for a cash consideration of \$3,989,850 (EUR 108,214 thousand). As of December 31, 2022, the goodwill arising from the merger amounted to \$4,530,003.

#### (12) Other non-current assets

Dece	mber 31, 2022		December 31, 2021
\$	253,971	\$	243,614
	131,846		165,054
	-		361,224
	40,199		39,450
	93,812		35,528
\$	519,828	\$	844,870
		131,846 - 40,199 93,812	\$ 253,971 \$ 131,846 \$ 40,199 93,812

- A. The Group's repatriation of offshore reinvestment income amounting to US\$6,300,000 is allowed to apply a preferential tax rate of 8% and shall be reserved in foreign exchange deposit account before having substantial investments as a result of the Group meeting the requirements of the Management, Utilization, and Taxation of Repatriated Offshore Funds Act as approved by the National Taxation Bureau of Taipei, Ministry of Finance on August 27, 2020. As of December 31, 2022, the company had submitted the investment plan to the Industrail Development Bureau, Ministry of Economic Affairs, and the investment plan was approved. Also, the company withdrew funds from the specific account for reinvestment.
- B. The Group's repatriation of offshore reinvestment income amounting to US\$10,500,000 is allowed to apply a preferential tax rate of 10% and shall be reserved in foreign exchange deposit account before having substantial investments as a result of the Group meeting the requirements of the Management, Utilization, and Taxation of Repatriated Offshore Funds Act as approved by the National Taxation Bureau of Taipei, Ministry of Finance on August 26, 2021. As of December 31, 2022, the company had submitted the investment plan to the

- Industrial Development Bureau, Ministry of Economic Affairs, and the investment plan was approved. Also, the company withdrew funds from the specific account for reinvestment.
- C. The Group's repatriation of offshore reinvestment income amounting to US\$4,000,000 is allowed to apply a preferential tax rate of 10% and shall be reserved in foreign exchange deposit account before having substantial investments as a result of the Group meeting the requirements of the Management, Utilization, and Taxation of Repatriated Offshore Funds Act as approved by the National Taxation Bureau of Taipei, Ministry of Finance on August 27, 2021. As of December 31, 2022, the Company had submitted the investment plan to the Industrial Development Bureau, Ministry of Economic Affairs, and the investment plan was approved. Also, the Company withdrew funds from the specific account for reinvestment.

#### (13) Impairment of non-financial assets

A. The Group recognised impairment loss for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$0 and \$367,190, respectively. Details of such loss are as follows:

go and \$507,190, respectively. Details of					
	For the year ended	For the year ended			
	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021			
	Recognised in profit or	Recognised in profit or			
	loss	loss			
Impairment loss – goodwill	\$ -	\$ 257,757			
Impairment loss — machinery		109,433			
	\$ -	\$ 367,190			
B. The impairment loss reported by operating	ng segments is as follows:				
	For the year ended	For the year ended			
	3	•			
	December 31,2022	December 31,2021			
	•	•			
	December 31,2022	December 31,2021			
Green mechatronic solution business	December 31,2022 Recognised in profit or	December 31,2021 Recognised in profit or			
Green mechatronic solution business group	December 31,2022 Recognised in profit or	December 31,2021 Recognised in profit or			
	December 31,2022 Recognised in profit or loss	December 31,2021 Recognised in profit or loss			
group	December 31,2022 Recognised in profit or loss	December 31,2021 Recognised in profit or loss \$ 359,675			

- C. There was an indication that assets of the Company's subsidiaries, Qingdao Teco Precision Mechatronics Co., Ltd. was impaired. Under the impairment assessment, the Group had adjusted the carrying amount in line with the recoverable amount, and recognised impairment loss amounting to \$101,918 for the year ended December 31, 2021.
- D. The Company won the bid to contract New eID project from the Central Engraving and Printing Plant for the year ended December 31, 2020. On January 27, 2021, the Company received the notification from the Central Engraving and Printing Plant (CEPP) for suspending the project due to the Ministry of the Interior's tentative postponement of New eID project, accordingly, there was an indication that the purchased equipment of the Company's subsidiary, TECO Smart Technologies Co., Ltd. was impaired. The Group adjusted the carrying amount based on the recoverable amount after the impairment assessment and recognized impairment loss in the amount of \$7,515 for the year ended December 31, 2021.
- E. Operating revenue of Motorvario S.p.A is lower than its forecast due to the Covid-19 outbreak for the year ended December 31, 2020. For the year ended December 31, 2021, the present value of estimated recoverable amount reduced which was affected by the overall economic environment and changes in discount rate due to the possible interest rate raising, and the recoverable amount was less than its carrying amount under the Group's assessment for the investment. Therefore, the Group recognised impairment loss of goodwill amounting to \$0 and

\$257,757 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

The recoverable amount was determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations use pre-tax cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by the management covering a five-year period. Cash flows beyond the five-year period were extrapolated using the estimated growth rates stated below. The main assumptions used in calculating value in use are set out below

For the	year en	ded December	31, 2022 For the	year ended December 31, 2021				
Growth rate		2.30%		2.16%				
Discount rate		9.40%		8.14%				
The adopted weighted a	ıverage ş	growth rate is ca	alculated based on th	ne inflation growth rate				
1 0			d discount rate is a pa	re-tax rate and reflecting				
the specified risk of Motorvario S.p.A.								
(14) Short-term borrowings			_					
Type of borrowings	_ Decei	mber 31, 2022	Interest rate range	Collateral				
Bank borrowings	\$	1,751,344	0.70%~7.00%	Notes receivable, land, buildings and structures, demand deposits and time deposits				
Type of borrowings	_ Decer	mber 31, 2021	Interest rate range	Collateral				
Bank borrowings	\$	2,042,697	0.60%~5.00%	Notes receivable, land, buildings and structures, demand deposits and time deposits				
(15) Financial liabilities at fair	value th	rough profit or	loss					
Items		December	31, 2022	December 31, 2021				
Current items:								
Financial liabilities held								
for trading								
Non-hedging derivatives	9	\$	4,144 \$					
A The Group recognize	d net lo	ss of (\$17.381)	and $(\$2.638)$ on f	inancial liabilities held for				

- A. The Group recognized net loss of (\$17,381) and (\$2,638) on financial liabilities held for trading for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.
- B. Explanations of the transactions and contract information in respect of non-hedged derivative financial liabilities are as follows:

D 1	$^{\circ}$ 1	2022
December	- 1 I	7(177
December	$\mathcal{I}_{\mathbf{I}}$	2022

		Cont	ract amount		
Derivative instrument Contract period		(Notio	nal principal)		Fair value
Forward foreign exchange of	contracts				
BUY USD/SELL EUR	October 25, 2022 ~ February 22, 2023	EUR	2,400,000	\$	2,790
BUY CNH/SELL USD	November 14, 2022 ~ Janruary 17, 2023	CNH	8,000,000		136
BUY USD/SELL AUD	November 17, 2022 ~ February 22, 2023	AUD	2,000,000		404
BUY JPY/SELL USD	November 17, 2022 ~ February 22, 2023	JPY	94,000,000		515
BUY RMB/SELL USD	December 21, 2022 ~ Janruary 31, 2023	USD	3,500,000		299
				\$_	4,144

- C. As at December 31, 2021, information on the non-hedging derivative instruments transaction is provided in Note 6(2).
- D. The Group entered into forward foreign exchange contracts to sell to hedge exchange rate risk of export proceeds. However, these forward foreign exchange contracts and foreign currency loan are not accounted for under hedge accounting.

#### (16) Other payables

December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021
\$ 2,193,042	\$	2,027,413
688,059		644,678
189,936		214,584
160,522		165,413
105,166		131,883
27,860		28,353
 2,629,612		2,332,441
\$ 5,994,197	\$	5,544,765
December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021
\$ 5,000,000	\$	6,000,000
-	(	1,000,000)
\$ 5,000,000	\$	5,000,000
\$ \$	\$ 2,193,042 688,059 189,936 160,522 105,166 27,860 2,629,612 \$ 5,994,197 December 31, 2022 \$ 5,000,000	\$ 2,193,042 \$ 688,059 \$ 189,936 \$ 160,522 \$ 105,166 27,860 2,629,612 \$ 5,994,197 \$ \$ December 31, 2022 \$ 5,000,000 \$ \$

A. The terms of the first domestic unsecured ordinary corporate bonds issued by the Company in 2017 are as follows:

The Company issued \$1,000,000, 1.02% first domestic unsecured ordinary corporation bonds, as approved by the regulatory authority on September 15, 2017. The bonds mature 5 years

- from the issue date (September 15, 2017 ~ September 15, 2022) and redeemed at face value at September 15, 2022.
- B. The terms of the first domestic unsecured ordinary corporate bonds issued by the Company in 2020 are as follows:
  - The Company issued \$3,000,000, 0.70% first domestic unsecured ordinary corporation bonds, as approved by the regulatory authority on June 9, 2020. The bonds mature 5 years from the issue date (June 12, 2020 ~ June 12, 2025) and will be redeemed at face value at the maturity date.
- C. The terms of the second domestic unsecured ordinary corporate bonds issued by the Company in 2020 are as follows:

The Company issued \$2,000,000, 0.60% first domestic unsecured ordinary corporation bonds, as approved by the regulatory authority on September 4, 2020. The bonds mature 5 years from the issue date (September 15, 2020 ~ September 15, 2025) and will be redeemed at face value at the maturity date.

#### (18) Long-term borrowings

<del></del>	Borrowing period and	Interest		D	ecember 31,
Type of borrowings	repayment term	rate range	Collateral		2022
Long-term bank borrowings and commercial papers payable	Both borrowing periods are from October 1, 2019 to May 2, 2025; payable based on the agreed terms.	0.85%~7.00%	Note	\$	3,655,514
Less: Current portion (listed	d as '2320 Long-term liabilities, current p	oortion')		(	228,159)
				\$	3,427,355
	Borrowing period and	Interest		D	ecember 31,
Type of borrowings	repayment term	rate range	Collateral		2021
Long-term bank borrowings and commercial papers payable	Both borrowing periods are from March 15, 2019 to March 12, 2025; payable based on the agreed terms.	0.62%~5.70%	Note	\$	4,095,257
Less: Current portion (listed	d as '2320 Long-term liabilities, current p	oortion')		( <u> </u>	491,683) 3,603,574

Note: Details of the Group's assets pledged to others as collateral for borrowings are provided in Note 8.

Under the long-term contracts with certain financial institutions, the Group is required to maintain certain financial ratios and capital requirements as well as meet certain restrictions relative to significant asset acquisitions or disposals.

# (19) Pensions

A.(a) The Company and its domestic subsidiaries have a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Act, covering all regular employees' service years prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005 and service years thereafter of employees who chose to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Act. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last 6 months prior to retirement. The Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount equal to 2% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent retirement fund committee. Also, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries would assess the balance in the aforementioned labor pension reserve account by December 31, every year. If the account balance is not sufficient to pay

the pension calculated by the aforementioned method to the employees expected to qualify for retirement in the following year, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries will make contribution to cover the deficit by next March.

# (b) The amounts recognised in the balance sheet are as follows:

	Dece	ember 31, 2022	De	ecember 31, 2021
Present value of defined benefit obligations	(\$	1,704,855)	(\$	1,903,650)
Fair value of plan assets		367,030		356,988
Net defined benefit liability	(\$	1,337,825)	(\$	1,546,662)

# (c) Movements in net defined benefit liabilities are as follows:

,	2022						
	Pre	sent value of	Fai	ir value of			
	defined benefit			plan	Net defined		
		bligations		assets	benefit liability		
At January 1	(\$	1,903,649)	\$	356,987	(\$	1,546,662)	
Current service cost	(	3,417)		-	(	3,417)	
Interest (expense) income	(	12,390)		2,445	(	9,945)	
Settlement profit or loss		815		_		815	
	(	1,918,641)		359,432	(	1,559,209)	
Remeasurements:							
Return on plan assets							
(excluding amounts included in interest							
income or expense)		-		26,689		26,689	
Change in demographic assumptions	(	3,149)		-	(	3,149)	
Change in financial assumptions		103,195		-		103,195	
Experience adjustments	(	33,431)		1,437	(	31,994)	
		66,615		28,126		94,741	
Pension fund contribution		-		93,343		93,343	
Paid pension		111,470	(	111,425)		45	
Paid from the account		29,618	(	2,447)		27,171	
Effect of business combination changes		6,084				6,084	
At December 31	(\$	1,704,854)	\$	367,029	(\$	1,337,825)	

	2021					
	Present value of		Fair value of			
	defined benefit		plan	1	Net defined	
		bligations	assets	be	nefit liability	
At January 1	(\$	1,991,074)	\$ 334,126	(\$	1,656,948)	
Current service cost	(	6,773)	-	(	6,773)	
Interest (expense) income	(	8,667)	1,030	(	7,637)	
Settlement profit or loss		973			973	
	(	2,005,541)	335,156	(	1,670,385)	
Remeasurements: Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in interest						
income or expense)		_	4,618		4,618	
Change in demographic assumptions	(	34,929)	-	(	34,929)	
Change in financial assumptions		34,706	-		34,706	
Experience adjustments	(	31,567)		(	31,567)	
	(	31,790)	4,618	(	27,172)	
Pension fund contribution		-	116,724		116,724	
Paid pension		98,708	( 98,708)	ı	-	
Paid from the account		14,127	-		14,127	
Effect of business combination changes		20,847	(803)		20,044	
At December 31	(\$	1,903,649)	\$ 356,987	(\$	1,546,662)	

- (d) The Bank of Taiwan was commissioned to manage the Fund of the Company's and domestic subsidiaries' defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Fund's annual investment and utilisation plan and the "Regulations for Revenues, Expenditures, Safeguard and Utilisation of the Labor Retirement Fund" (Article 6: The scope of utilisation for the Fund includes deposit in domestic or foreign financial institutions, investment in domestic or foreign listed, over-the-counter, or private placement equity securities, investment in domestic or foreign real estate securitisation products, etc.). With regard to the utilisation of the Fund, its minimum earnings in the annual distributions on the final financial statements shall be no less than the earnings attainable from the amounts accrued from twoyear time deposits with the interest rates offered by local banks. If the earnings is less than aforementioned rates, government shall make payment for the deficit after being authorised by the Regulator. The Company and domestic subsidiaries have no right to participate in managing and operating that fund and hence the Company and domestic subsidiaries are unable to disclose the classification of plan assets fair value in accordance with IAS 19 paragraph 142. The composition of fair value of plan assets as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 is given in the Annual Labor Retirement Fund Utilisation Report announced by the government.
- (e) The principal actuarial assumptions used were as follows:

	For the year ended	For the year ended
	December 31 ,2022	December 31 ,2021
Discount rate	1.20%~7.06%	0.50%~6.72%
Future salary increases	0.50%~8.00%	0.50%~8.00%

Assumptions regarding future mortality experience are set based on actuarial advice in accordance with published statistics and experience in each territory.

Because the main actuarial assumption changed, the present value of defined benefit obligation is affected. The analysis was as follows:

	Disco	unt rate	Future salary increases				
	Increase 0.5%	Decrease 0.5%	Increase 0.5%	Decrease 0.5%			
<u>December 31, 2022</u>							
Effect on present value of							
defined benefit obligation	\$ 49,042	(\$ 51,212)	(\$ 51,518)	\$ 48,568			
<u>December 31, 2021</u>							
Effect on present value of							
defined benefit obligation	\$ 58,723	(\$ 62,061)	(\$ 61,315)	\$ 58,158			

The sensitivity analysis above is based on one assumption which changed while the other conditions remain unchanged. In practice, more than one assumption may change all at once. The method of analysing sensitivity and the method of calculating net pension liability in the balance sheet are the same.

The methods and types of assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis did not change compared to the previous period

- (f) Expected contributions to the defined benefit pension plans of the Group for the year ending December 31, 2023 amount to \$35,059.
- (g) The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation was 6.6~13.5 years as of December 31, 2022.
- B.(a) Effective July 1, 2005, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries have established a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act"), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.
  - (b) The Group's mainland China subsidiaries have a defined contribution plan. Monthly contributions to an independent fund administered by the government in accordance with the pension regulations in the People's Republic of China (PRC) are based on certain percentage of employees' monthly salaries and wages. The contribution percentage for the year ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 ranged from 14%~20%. Other than the monthly contributions, the Group has no further obligations.
  - (c) Monthly contributions to an independent fund administered by the local pension managing agency are based on a certain percentage of monthly salaries and wages of the Group's other overseas subsidiaries' employees.
  - (d) The pension costs under the defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 were \$477,977 and \$457,702, respectively.

#### (20) Share capital

A. As of December 31, 2022, the Company's authorized capital was \$30,305,500, consisting of 3,030,550 thousand shares of ordinary stock, including 100 million shares reserved for employee stock options, and the paid-in capital was \$21,387,966 with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.

	2022	2021		
At January 1	2,138,797	1,967,693		
Issuance of common shares	-	171,104		
At December 31	2,138,797	2,138,797		

Note: Shares in thousands.

- B. The conversion ratio is 1 share of the Walsin Lihwa Corporation's common share converted to 0.8333 share of the Company, and the Company additionally issued 171,103,730 shares of common shares to exchange 205,332,690 shares of Walsin Lihwa Corporation's common shares. The effective date for the share exchange was set on January 6, 2021, and the registration for the share exchange was completed on January 14, 2021. The Company's paidin capital was \$21,387,966 after the conversion.
- C. All of the shares of the Company held by the Company's subsidiaries-Tong-An Investment Co., Ltd. and An-Tai International Investment Co., Ltd. were acquired in or before 2000 for the purpose of general investment. In addition, Top-Tower Enterprises Co., Ltd. also held the Company's shares before the Company obtained control of Top-Tower Enterprises Co., Ltd. In August 2013, and Top-Tower Enterprises Co., Ltd acquired the Company's shares. Furthermore, the subsidiary Taiwan Pelican Express Co., Ltd. is a subsidiary over which the Company has substantial control, and such investment on the Company's shares is a general investment. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, book value of the shares of the Company held by the subsidiaries and second-tier subsidiaries were all \$511,710.

Details are as follows:

	December 31, 2022				
	Shares (in thousands)	Cost (in dollars)	Market value (in dollars)		
Tong-An Investment Co., Ltd.	19,540	\$ 14.92	\$ 27.55		
An-Tai International Investment Co., Ltd.	2,826	10.37	27.55		
Top-Tower Enterprises Co., Ltd.	77	9.37	27.55		
Taiwan Pelican Express Co., Ltd.	7,070	26.89	27.55		
	29,513				
	-	1 01 000			
	L	December 31, 202	.1		
	Shares	Cost	Market value		
		· ·			
Tong-An Investment Co., Ltd.	Shares	Cost	Market value		
Tong-An Investment Co., Ltd. An-Tai International Investment Co., Ltd.	Shares (in thousands)	Cost (in dollars)	Market value (in dollars)		
	Shares (in thousands) 19,540	Cost (in dollars) \$ 14.92	Market value (in dollars) \$ 31.65		
An-Tai International Investment Co., Ltd.	Shares (in thousands) 19,540 2,826	Cost (in dollars) \$ 14.92 10.37	Market value (in dollars)  \$ 31.65 31.65		
An-Tai International Investment Co., Ltd. Top-Tower Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Shares (in thousands) 19,540 2,826 77	Cost (in dollars) \$ 14.92 10.37 9.37	Market value (in dollars)  \$ 31.65 31.65 31.65		

### (21) Capital surplus

Pursuant to the R.O.C Company Law, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C Securities and Exchange Law requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalized mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.

#### (22) Retained earnings

- A. As stipulated in the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the current earnings, if any, shall be distributed in the following order:
  - (a) Payment of taxes and duties.
  - (b) Covering prior years' accumulated deficit, if any.
  - (c) After deducting items (a) and (b), set aside 10% of the remaining amount as legal reserve.
  - (d) Set aside a certain amount as special reserve, if any.
  - (e) Distributing the remaining amount plus prior years' retained earnings to shareholders according to their shareholding percentage. The distribution rate is principally 80%, of which cash dividends shall account for 5% ~ 50% of the distributed amount. Stock dividends shall be approved by the shareholders at the shareholders' meeting while cash dividends shall be approved by the Board of Directors under a resolution adopted by a majority vote at a meeting of the Board of Directors attended by two-thirds of the total number of directors and reported to the shareholders at the shareholders' meeting.
- B. The Company's dividend policy is summarized below:
  - The Company's operating environment is in the stable growth stage. However, investee companies are still in the growth stage. In view of the future plant expansion and investment plans, the appropriations of earnings are based on the distributable earnings and appropriate principally 80% to shareholders as dividends. Cash dividends shall account for at least 5% up to maximum of 50% of total dividends distributed.
- C. Except for covering accumulated deficit or issuing new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, the legal reserve shall not be used for any other purpose. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the distribution of the reserve is limited to the portion in excess of 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.
- D. (a) In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings.
  - (b) The amounts previously set aside by the Company as special reserve on initial application of IFRSs in accordance with Order No. Financial-Supervisory-Securities-Corporate-1010012865, dated April 6, 2012, shall be reversed proportionately when the relevant assets are used, disposed of or reclassified subsequently. Such amounts are reversed upon disposal or reclassified if the assets are investment property of land, and reversed over the use periods if the assets are investment property other than land. As of December 31, 2022, the amount previously set aside as special reserve on initial application of IFRSs and yet to be reversed amounted to \$3,640,779.
- E. The appropriations of the 2021 and 2020 net income was respectively resolved by the stockholders on May 20, 2022 and July 23, 2021 as follows:

	For the	For the year ended				ar ended
	Decem	December 31, 2021			ber í	31, 2020
		Dividend per share			Div	ridend per share
	Amount	(in dol	lars)	Amount		(in dollars)
Legal reserve	\$ 525,009			\$ 349,413		
Cash dividends	2,887,375	\$	1.35	2,459,616	\$	1.15

F. The appropriations of the 2022 net income was respectively resolved by the stockholders on March 15, 2023 as follows:

		For the	yea	r ended Dec	ember 3	31,2022	
		Dividend per share					
		Amount			(in dollars)		
Legal reserve		\$	33	38,042		,	
Cash dividends		*		08,195 \$		1.5	
(23) Other equity items			-,-				
	Un	realized gains		Currency			
		es) on valuatior	ì	translation		Total	
At January 1, 2022	\$	32,113,711	(\$	4,033,1	16) \$	28,080,595	
Unrealized gains and losses on							
financial assets:							
Revaluation - group	(	11,453,686	)		- (	11,453,686)	
Revaluation - associates		1,827			-	1,827	
Revaluation transferred to retained							
earnings		144,018			-	144,018	
Currency translation differences:		-					
-Group		-	_	1,579,6	65	1,579,665	
At December 31, 2022	\$	20,805,870	(\$	2,453,4	<u>51</u> ) <u>\$</u>	18,352,419	
		realized gains	Currency				
	(loss	ses) on valuation	n	translation		Total	
At January 1, 2021	\$	10,356,934	(\$	3,017,6	76) \$	7,339,258	
Unrealized gains and losses on financial assets:							
Revaluation		22,108,471			-	22,108,471	
Revaluation – tax	(	85,977	)		- (	85,977)	
Revaluation – associates		4,325			-	4,325	
Revaluation transferred to profit or loss		_		9,9	09	9,909	
Revaluation transferred to retained				,		,	
earnings	(	358,052	)		- (	358,052)	
Revaluation transferred to retained							
earnings - tax		85,977			-	85,977	
Revaluation transferred to retained		2,033				2,033	
earnings - associates		2,033			_	2,033	
Currency translation differences:							
-Group		_	(_	1,025,3	<u>49</u> ) (	1,025,349)	
At December 31, 2021	\$	32,113,711	( <u>\$</u>	4,033,1	16) \$	28,080,595	
(24) Operating revenue							
		For the year en	ded	Fo	or the ye	ear ended	
		December 31, 2	2022	De	cember	31, 2021	
Revenue from customers	\$	57,3	397,0	)37 \$		50,440,359	
Others - rental revenue		Ó	918,	179		808,028	
	\$	58,3	315,2	<u>216</u> \$		51,248,387	

# A. Disaggregation of revenue from customers

The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods and services over time and at a point in time in the following major product lines:

time in the rolls wing major products		For the year ended		For the year ended
		December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021
		Revenue from external		Revenue from external
		customer contracts		customer contracts
Sales of green mechatronic solution business group products	\$	33,153,803	\$	28,610,420
Sales of air and intelligent life business group product		5,738,073		5,717,120
Others		1,537,373		1,479,560
Service revenue		8,695,090		8,642,445
Construction contract		8,272,698		5,990,814
	\$	57,397,037	\$	50,440,359
B. The Group has recognized the follow	<u> </u>		asset	
b. The Group has recognized the follow	5	For the year ended	4550	For the year ended
		December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021
Revenue recognized that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period				
Advance sales receipts	\$	515,273	\$	392,159
(25) <u>Interest income</u>				
		For the year ended		For the year ended
		December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021
Interest income from bank deposits Interest income from financial assets	\$	226,290	\$	117,724
measured at amortised cost		6,787		9,627
	\$	233,077	\$	127,351
(26) Other income				
		For the year emded		For the year emded
		December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021
Rental revenue	\$	157,159	\$	189,220
Dividend income		1,128,492		884,153
Other non-operating income		258,706		348,309
2 0	\$	1,544,357	\$	1,421,682

# (27) Other gains and losses

		For the year ended	For the year ended
		December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(\$	4,241) (\$	2,387)
Loss on disposal of investments		- (	3,097)
Gain (loss) arising from lease modifications		11,912 (	211)
Gains arising from concession of			
lease payments		5,604	22,846
Net currency exchange gain (loss)		209,092 (	62,535)
(Loss) gain on financial assets at fair value			
through profit or loss	(	1,131,130)	1,643,837
Loss on financial liabilities at fair			
value through profit or loss	(	17,381) (	2,638)
Impairment loss (Note)		- (	367,190)
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	(	480 425) (	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Miscellaneous disbursements	(	489,435) (	378,727)
	( <u>\$</u>	1,415,579) \$	849,898

Note: Information regarding provision for impairment of assets for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 is provided in Note 6(13).

### (28) Finance costs

	For the year ended		For the year ended
	 December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021
Interest expense	\$ 201,592	\$	201,665
Other finance expenses	 2,371		1,937
	\$ 203,963	\$	203,602

# (29) Expenses by nature (including employee benefit expense)

	 For the year ended December 31, 2022		For the year ended December 31, 2021
Wages and salaries	\$ 8,795,632	\$	8,620,501
Employees' compensation and			
directors' remuneration	651,578		615,754
Labor and health insurance fees	1,139,746		1,101,304
Pension costs	490,524		471,139
Other personnel expenses	451,346		433,881
Depreciation charges on property,			
plant and equipment as well as			
investment property	1,169,554		1,205,935
Depreciation charges on right-of			
-use assets and amortization			
charges on intangible assets	633,892		596,260

A. According to the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, a ratio of distributable profit of

- the current year, after covering accumulated losses, shall be distributed as employees' compensation and directors' remuneration. The ratio shall be 1%~10% for employees' compensation and shall not be higher than 5% for directors' remuneration.
- B. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, employees' compensation was accrued at \$282,888 and \$303,438, respectively; while directors' remuneration was accrued at \$125,710 and \$85,195, respectively. The aforementioned amounts were recognized in salary expenses.
- C. For the year ended December 31, 2022, after considering each year's earnings, the employee benefit expenses were accrued based on past experience and ratio. The employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration resolved by the Board of Directors were \$282,848 and \$79,526, and the employees' compensation will be distributed in the form of cash.

The difference of \$289 between employees' compensation of \$303,438 and the difference of \$78 between directors' remuneration of \$85,195 as resolved by the Board of Directors which is mainly arising from changes in estimate of directors' remuneration and the amount recognised in the 2021 financial statements had been adjusted in the profit or loss of 2022. Information about employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration of the Company as resolved by the Board of Directors will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

#### (29) Income tax

#### A. Income tax expense

(a) Components of income tax expense:

For the year ended December 31, 2022	For the year ended December 31, 2021
\$ 1,338,892	\$ 787,593
93,172	34,771
11,668	( 55,449)
68	46
1,443,800	766,961
( 13,895)	( 117,274)
( 13,895)	( 117,274)
\$ 1,429,815	\$ 649,687
	December 31, 2022  \$ 1,338,892  93,172  11,668  68  1,443,800  ( 13,895)  ( 13,895)

(b) The income tax charge relating to comp		nts of other comprehen For the year ended December 31, 2022		e income is as follows: For the year ended December 31, 2021
Current tax:		December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021
Changes in fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Deferred tax:	\$		\$	85,977
Currency translation differences Remeasurement of defined benefit	\$	311,456	(\$	122,289)
obligations		2,982		(1,870)
Total deferred tax	\$	314,438	(\$	124,159)
Income tax charge relating to components of other comprehensive	e			
income	\$	314,438	(\$	38,182)
B. Reconciliation between income tax expen	se an	nd accounting profit:		
•		For the year ended		For the year ended
	I	December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021
Tax calculated based on profit before tax and statutory tax rate	\$	1,530,249	\$	1,532,963
Expenses disallowed by tax regulation	(	168,771)		504,088)
Effect from investment tax credits	(	38,441)	`	44,131)
Prior year income tax overestimation	Ì	11,668	(	55,449)
Under (over) estimation of prior year's net deferred tax assets and liabilities	(	13,594)	(	355,337)
Tax on undistributed surplus earnings		93,172		34,771
Effect from Alternative Minimum Tax		68		46
Others		15,464	_	40,912
Income tax expense	\$	1,429,815	\$	649,687

C. Amounts of deferred tax assets or liabilities as a result of temporary differences and tax losses are as follows:

2022

						<u> </u>			
	Recognised in other								
	Recognised in				co	mprehensive			
	January 1			profit or loss		income	December 31		
Temporary differences:									
<ul><li>Deferred tax assets:</li></ul>									
	\$	06.770	\$		\$		Φ	06 770	
Impairment loss	Þ	96,779	Э	-	ф	-	\$	96,779	
Currency translation		104.052			,	211 456)		102 507	
differences Difference resulting		494,053		=	(	311,456)		182,597	
from different useful									
lives of property, plant									
and equipment between									
financial and tax basis		44,002		1,627		_		45,629	
Unrealized expenses		236,709	(	18,164)		-		218,545	
Permanent loss on									
investments		35,080		-		_		35,080	
Loss on inventory		91,308		46,224		_		137,532	
Bad debt exceeded the limit									
stated by Income Tax Law		9,686	(	1,476)		_		8,210	
Others		222,175		59,043	(	2,982)		278,236	
Tax losses		187,383		8,521		<u> </u>		195,904	
	\$	1,417,175	\$	95,775	(\$	314,438)	\$	1,198,512	
—Deferred tax liabilities:									
Investment income									
from foreign investments	\$	981,493	\$	170,801	\$	=	\$	1,152,294	
Land value incremental									
reserve		1,049,921		2,683		-		1,052,604	
Trademark right		-		-		-		-	
Others		318,989	_	(91,604)				227,385	
	\$	2,350,403	\$	81,880	\$	_	\$	2,432,283	
	(\$	933,228)	\$	13,895	(\$	314,438)	(\$	1,233,771)	

	2021									
	Recognised									
						in other				
			Re	ecognised in	co	mprehensive				
		January 1	pı	ofit or loss		income	December 31			
Temporary differences:										
—Deferred tax assets:										
Impairment loss	\$	96,779	\$	_	\$	-	\$	96,779		
Currency translation										
differences		371,764		-		122,289		494,053		
Difference resulting										
from different useful										
lives of property, plant										
and equipment between financial and tax basis		44,377	(	375)		_		44,002		
Unrealized expenses		253,769	`	17,060)				236,709		
Permanent loss on		233,109	(	17,000)		-		230,709		
investments		35,080		_		_		35,080		
Loss on inventory		133,531	(	42,223)		_		91,308		
Bad debt exceeded the limit		,	`	.=,===/				,		
stated by Income Tax Law		11,399	(	1,713)		-		9,686		
Others		218,392		1,913		1,870		222,175		
Tax losses		200,210	(	12,827)				187,383		
	\$	1,365,301	(\$	72,285)	\$	124,159	\$	1,417,175		
—Deferred tax liabilities:										
Investment income										
from foreign investments	\$	911,080	\$	70,413	\$	-	\$	981,493		
Land value incremental										
reserve		1,049,787	,	134		-		1,049,921		
Trademark right		279,880	(	279,880)		-		-		
Others		299,215	_	19,774			_	318,989		
	\$	2,539,962	(\$	189,559)	\$		\$	2,350,403		
	(\$	1,174,661)	\$	117,274	\$	124,159	(\$	933,228)		

D. Expiration dates of unused tax losses and amounts of unrecognised deferred tax assets are as follows:

December 31, 2022

	·	Dece	31, 202		nrecognised	
	Amount filed/			d	eferred tax	
Year incurred	assessed	Uni	used amount		assets	Expiry year
2012	Amount assessed	\$	250,992	\$	250,992	2022
2013	Amount assessed		140,434		140,434	2023
2014	Amount assessed		135,719		135,719	2024
2015	Amount assessed		278,639		113,670	2025
2016	Amount assessed		142,273		43,004	2026
2017	Amount assessed		149,189		32,549	2027
2018	Amount assessed		115,790		39,262	2028
2019	Amount filed		200,652		107,813	2029
2020	Amount filed		129,469		125,756	2030
2021	Amount filed		110,078		85,766	2031
2022	Amount filed		33,609		3,386	2032
		\$	1,686,844	\$	1,078,351	
		Dece	ember 31, 202	21		
				U	nrecognised	
	Amount filed/			d	eferred tax	

				U	nrecognised	
	Amount filed/			d	leferred tax	
Year incurred	assessed	Un	used amount		assets	Expiry year
2012	Amount assessed	\$	250,992	\$	250,992	2022
2013	Amount assessed		140,434		140,434	2023
2014	Amount assessed		135,719		135,719	2024
2015	Amount assessed		278,639		113,670	2025
2016	Amount assessed		142,273		43,004	2026
2017	Amount assessed		149,189		32,549	2027
2018	Amount assessed		115,790		39,262	2028
2019	Amount filed		200,652		107,813	2029
2020	Amount filed		129,469		125,756	2030
2021	Amount filed		110,078		85,766	2031
		\$	1,653,235	\$	1,074,965	

E. The amounts of deductible temporary difference that are not recognised as deferred tax assets are as follows:

	Dec	ember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021			
Deductible temporary differences	\$	1,518,761	\$	1,524,632		

- F. The Board of Directors of certain subsidiaries resolved to not repatriate earnings and to reserve earnings for local operation use, therefore, the Company has not recognized taxable temporary differences associated with investment in subsidiaries as deferred tax liabilities. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the amounts of temporary differences unrecognised as deferred tax liabilities were \$5,107,288 and \$3,496,513, respectively.
- G. As of December 31, 2022, the Company and its subsidiaries' income tax returns through various years between 2018 and 2020, respectively, have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority.

# (31) Earnings per share

Cash paid

(31) Earnings per share								
	For the year ended December 31, 2022							
			Weighted ave	rage				
			number of ordi	nary				
			shares outstand	ding	Earnings per			
Amo	ount aft	er tax	(in thousand	<u>ds)</u>	share (in dollars)			
Basic (Diluted) earnings per share								
Profit attributable to ordinary								
shareholders of the parent \$	3,45	7,667	2,109	9,284	\$ 1.64			
Note: The earnings per share of \$1.62 (in c								
subsidiary, which were deemed as trea number of ordinary shares outstandin	asury sl	_						
		Year	ended Decemb	er 31, 2	2021			
_			Weighted av					
			number of or	_	Earnings per			
			shares outsta	•	share			
Δ	mount	after tax		Ū				
<del>-</del>	mount	anci tax	(share in thou	isanus)	(iii donais)			
Basic (Diluted) earnings per share								
Profit attributable to ordinary	_	012 124	0.10	)	Ф 2.20			
shareholders of the parent \$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\				05,523				
Note: The earnings per share of \$2.35 (in a subsidiary, which were deemed as tree number of ordinary shares outstanding	asury sl							
(32) Supplemental cash flow information								
A. Investing activities with partial cash pay	yments	:						
	,		e year ended	For	the year ended			
			ber 31, 2022		ember 31, 2021			
Acquisition of property, plant and equip Add:	ment	\$	2,878,076	\$	2,243,496			
Payables at beginning of the period Less:			131,883		197,130			
Payables at end of the period	(		105,166)	(	131,883)			
Cash paid	`	\$	2,904,793	\$	2,308,743			
B. Investing and financing activities with p	artial c	each navr		Ψ	2,500,715			
B. mivesting and imaneing activities with p	Jai tiai C		e year ended	For	the year ended			
			ber 31, 2022		ember 31, 2021			
Acquisition of financial assets at fair val	110			\$				
Acquisition of financial assets at fair val through other comprehensive income - non-current	ue	\$	384,617	<b>Þ</b>	3,952,777			
Less:								
Conversion through issuing common s	hares			(	3,808,921)			
0 1 11		φ	204 (17	ф	1.42.056			

384,617

143,856

# (33) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

· -										bilities from
		Divide	ends	Bonds	L	ong-term				ancing
	Short-term	paya		payable		orrowings		Lease		vities -
	borrowings	(Note		(Note 2)		(Note 2)		liabilities	<b>§</b>	gross
January 1, 2022	\$ 2,042,697		3,353 \$	6,000,000	\$	4,095,256	\$	5,062,094		228,400
Interest expenses on										
lease liabilities	-		-	-		-		74,793		74,793
Recognised in right										
-of-use assets	-		-	_		-		503,217		503,217
Remeasurement	-		-	-		-		8,531		8,531
Changes in cash flow										
from financing activities	( 291,353)	(	493) (	1,000,000)	(	439,742)	(	570,981)	(2,	302,569)
Effect of foreign exchange			<del>_</del>	<u> </u>			(	5,247)		5,247)
December 31, 2022	\$ 1,751,344	\$ 27	<u>7,860</u> \$	5,000,000	\$	3,655,514	\$	5,072,407	\$15,	507,125
									Lia	bilities
									f	from
		Divide	ends	Bonds	L	ong-term			fin	ancing
	Short-term	paya	ble	payable	b	orrowings		Lease	acti	vities -
	borrowings	(Note	e 1)	(Note 2)		(Note 2)		liabilities	{	gross
January 1, 2021	\$ 2,816,832	\$ 25	5,156 \$	6,000,000	\$	3,611,731	\$	4,886,773	\$17,	340,492
Interest expenses on										
lease liabilities	-		-	-		-		70,400		70,400
Recognised in right										
-of-use assets	-		-	-		-		642,980		642,980
Remeasurement	-		-	-		-		30,761		30,761
Changes in cash flow										
from financing activities	( 774,135)	3	3,197	-		483,525	(	538,703)	(	826,116)
Other	-		-	-		-	,	-	,	-
Effect of foreign exchange		φ		-	_	-	(_	30,117)	(	30,117)
December 31, 2021	\$ 2,042,697	\$ 28	<u>\$,353</u> \$	6,000,000	\$	4,095,256	\$	5,062,094	\$17,	228,400
Note 1. Shown or other	or novoblog									

Note 1: Shown as 'other payables'.

Note 2: Including the portion shown as '2320 long-term liabilities, current portion'.

#### (34) Details of significant non-controlling interests

A. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the non-controlling interest amounted to \$6,293,564 and \$6,448,168, respectively. The information on non-controlling interest and respective subsidiaries is as follows:

		Non-controlling interest						
		December	31, 2022	December	December 31, 2021			
	Principal							
	place of							
Name of subsidiary	business	Amount	Ownership	Amount	Ownership			
Tecom Co., Ltd. and								
subsidiaries	R.O.C	\$ 306,373	36.48%	\$ 300,195	36.48%			
Taiwan Pelican								
Express Co., Ltd. and								
subsidiaries	R.O.C	1,464,513	66.62%	1,832,601	66.62%			
Century Development								
Corporation and								
subsidiaries	R.O.C	2,896,734	47.25%	2,804,257	47.25%			
Information Technology								
Total Services Co.,								
Ltd. and subsidiaries	R.O.C	282,276	50.99%	279,263	50.99%			

B. Summarized financial information of the subsidiaries:

Balance sheets

	Tecom Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries						
	Dece	ember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021				
Current assets	\$	998,137 \$	1,083,023				
Non-current assets		894,809	959,170				
Current liabilities	(	974,105) (	1,099,856)				
Non-current liabilities	(	443,822) (	463,807)				
Total net assets	\$	475,019 \$	478,530				
	Taiv	wan Pelican Express Co.,	Ltd. and subsidiaries				
	Dece	ember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021				
Current assets	\$	1,829,560 \$	1,856,384				
Non-current assets		2,741,422	3,154,073				
Current liabilities	(	1,168,495) (	1,116,058)				
Non-current liabilities	(	1,204,179) (	1,143,572)				
Total net assets	\$	2,198,308 \$	2,750,827				

	Century Development Corporation and subsidiaries							
	De	ecember 3	1, 2022		Γ	December 31, 2021		
Current assets	\$		605,583	\$		1,484,032		
Non-current assets			10,577,104	Ļ		8,878,166		
Current liabilities	(		1,054,477	) (		1,003,461)		
Non-current liabilities	(		3,468,169	) (		2,793,047)		
Total net assets	\$		6,660,041	\$		6,565,690		
	Informa	tion Tech	nology Total	Service	es Co	o., Ltd. and subsidiaries		
	De	ecember 3	1, 2022		Г	December 31, 2021		
Current assets	\$		613,290	\$		567,611		
Non-current assets			272,321			282,442		
Current liabilities	(		315,475	) (		287,813)		
Non-current liabilities	(		16,558	) (		14,546)		
Total net assets	\$		553,578	\$		547,694		
Statements of comprehe	nsive incom	<u>ne</u>						
			Tecom C	o., Ltd	. and	subsidiaries		
		For	r the year end	ed		For the year ended		
		Dec	cember 31, 20	22		December 31, 2021		
Revenue		\$	1,01	0,890	\$	1,070,339		
Profit before income tax			4	1,080		23,196		
Income tax expense		(		8,488)	(	5,210)		
Profit for the period			3	2,592		17,986		
Other comprehensive los	S							
(net of tax)		(	2	4,780)	(	16,330)		
Total comprehensive loss	8							
for the period		\$		7,812	\$	1,656		
Comprehensive income (	*							
attributable to non-cont	rolling	ф		7.505	(A)	12510		
interest		\$		7,595	( <u>\$</u>	16,748)		

	Taiwan Pelican Express Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries					
		For the year ended	For the year ended			
		December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021		
Revenue	\$	4,509,706	\$	4,466,137		
Profit before income tax		216,207		296,515		
Income tax expense	(	39,765)	(	56,014)		
Profit for the period		176,442		240,501		
Other comprehensive (loss) income						
(net of tax)	(	528,480)		697,895		
Total comprehensive (loss) income						
for the period	( <u>\$</u>	352,038)	<u>\$</u>	938,396		
Comprehensive (loss) income						
attributable to non-controlling						
interest	( <u>\$</u>	238,858)	<u>\$</u>	625,159		
Dividends paid to non-controlling						
interest	Φ.	100 700	Φ.	111 100		
	<u>\$</u>	133,560	<u>\$</u>	114,480		
		Century Development Co	rpo			
		For the year ended		For the year ended		
		December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021		
Revenue	\$	891,427	\$	817,748		
Profit before income tax		428,897		405,313		
Income tax expense	(	83,092)	(	57,085)		
Profit for the period		345,805		348,228		
Other comprehensive income (loss)		20.224	,	20.162		
(net of tax)	_	20,324	(	38,162)		
Total comprehensive income	\$	266 120	\$	210.066		
for the period	<u> </u>	366,129	<u> </u>	310,066		
Comprehensive income attributable	\$	184,609	\$	187,915		
to non-controlling interest Dividends paid to non-controlling	Ψ	104,007	Ψ	107,713		
interest	\$	142,590	\$	25,431		

		Information Technology	To	tal Services Co., Ltd.	
		For the year ended		For the year ended	
		December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021	
Revenue	\$	1,330,274	\$	1,325,626	
Profit before income tax		65,932		86,640	
Income tax expense	(	10,291)	(	14,159)	
Profit for the period		55,641		72,481	
Other comprehensive income (loss)					
(net of tax)		4,890	(	1,160)	
Total comprehensive income					
for the period	\$	60,531	<u>\$</u>	71,321	
Comprehensive income attributable	_				
to non-controlling interest	<u>\$</u>	28,370	<u>\$</u>	36,957	
Dividends paid to non-controlling	Ф	27.065	Ф	27.044	
interest	<u>\$</u>	27,865	<u>\$</u>	27,864	
Statements of cash flows					
	-	Tecom Co., Ltd	ı. aı		
		For the year ended		For the year ended	
	_	December 31, 2022	_	December 31, 2021	
Net cash provided by (used in)					
operating activities Net cash provided by investing	\$	82,102	(\$	9,891)	
activities		70,665		26,614	
Net cash (used in) provided by					
financing activities	(	71,118)	) _	71,155	
Increase in cash and					
cash equivalents	_	81,649	_	87,878	
Cash and cash equivalents,					
beginning of period		183,656	_	95,778	
Cash and cash equivalents,					
end of period	\$	265,305	\$	183,656	

	_	Taiwan Pelican Express	Co.	, Ltd. and subsidiaries
	For the year ended			For the year ended
		December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	514,118	\$	463,915
Net cash used in investing activities	(	175,940)	(	120,545)
Net cash used in financing activities	(	411,980)	(	337,722)
Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents		865		389
Dcrease (Increase) in cash and cash equivalents	(	72,937)		6,037
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		905,342		899,305
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	832,405	\$	905,342
		Century Development Co	orpo	ration and subsidiaries
		For the year ended		For the year ended
		December 31, 2022		December 31, 2022
Net cash provided by operating activities  Net cash (used in) provided by	\$	693,661	\$	453,635
investing activities	(	1,356,591)		324,295
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		315,796	(	393,025)
Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents	(	12,271)	(	2,196)
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(	359,405)		382,709
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		613,545		230,836
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	254,140	\$	613,545

# Information Technology Total Services Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries

		For the year ended December 31, 2022		For the year ended December 31, 2022		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	72,224	\$	156,226		
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		18,494	(	37,703)		
Net cash used in financing activities	(	61,001)	(	63,758)		
Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents	_	1,495	_	359)		
Increase in cash and cash equivalents		31,212		54,406		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		140,280		85,874		
Cash and cash equivalents,						
end of period	\$	171,492	\$	140,280		

## 7. <u>Related Party Transactions</u> (1) <u>Names of related parties and relationship with the Group</u>

	Relationship		Relationship
Names of related parties	with the Group	Names of related parties	with the Group
Teco Middle East Electrical & Machinery	Associates	Jinglaoman Food & Beverage Co., Ltd.	Associates
Co., Ltd. (TME)		(Jinglaoman )	
Teco (PHILIPPINES) 3C & Appliances,	"	Shanghai Tungpei Enterprise Co., Ltd.	<i>"</i>
Inc. (Teco 3C)		(Shanghai Tungpei)	
Taian-Jaya Electric Sdn. Bhd.	<i>"</i>	Greyback International Property, Inc.	<i>"</i>
(Taian-Jaya)		(Greyback)	
An-Sheng Travel Co., Ltd.	<i>"</i>	ABC Cooking Studio Taiwan Co., Ltd.	<i>"</i>
(An-Sheng)		(ABC Cooking)	
Le-Li Co., Ltd.	"	Qingdao Teco Century Advanced	"
(Le-Li)		HighTech Mechatronics Co., Ltd.	
		(Teco Century)	
Lien Chang Electronic Enterprise Co., Ltd.	"	Teco EV Philippines Corporation	"
(Lien Chang)		(Teco EV)	
Tung Pei Industrial Co., Ltd.	"	Fujio Food System Taiwan Co., Ltd.	"
(Tung Pei)		(Fujio Food)	
Taian Electric Co., Ltd.	"	Teco Group Science Techology	<i>"</i>
(Taian Electric)		(Han Zou) Co., Ltd. (Teco Group)	
Royal Host Taiwan Co., Ltd.	"	An-shin Food Service Co., Ltd.	Other related parties
(Royal Host)		(An-shin)	
Taisan Electric Co.,Ltd.	"	Xia Men An-Shin Food Management	//
(Taisan Electric)		Co., Ltd.	
Tension Envelope Taiwan Co., Ltd.	"	MOS BURGER AUSTRALIA PTY.	//
(Tension)		LTD.	
TG Teco Vacuum Insulated Glass	Note 1	Teco Image System Co., Ltd.	//
(TG Teco Vacuum Insulated Glass)		(Teco Image)	
Teco-Motech Co., Ltd.	"	Taiwan Art & Business	"
(Teco-Motech)		Interdisciplinary Foundation	
Shanghai Xiangseng Mechanical and	"	Teco Technology Foundation	"
Electrical Trading Co., Ltd.		(Teco Found)	
ZEPT Inc. (ZEPT)	"	YUBAN & COMPANY	//
Teco Technology & Marketing	Note 3	An-Hui Information Technology., Ltd.	"
Center Co., Ltd. (TTMC)		(An-Hui Technology)	
Kuen Ling Co., Ltd. (Kuen Ling)	Note 2		

Note 1: The investee has been liquidated in 2022.

Note 2: The investee was no longer the related party of the Group after the re-election of directors during the shareholders' meeting in 2021.

Note 3: The investee was merged with Sankyo Co., Ltd in 2022.

#### (2) Significant related party transactions

### A. Operating revenue:

	For the year ended December 31, 2022		For the year ended December 31, 2021	
Sales of goods and services:				
Associates	\$	432,860	\$	461,920
Other related parties		371,114		310,155
	\$	803,974	\$	772,075

The Group sells commodities and services to related parties based on mutually agreed selling price and terms as there is no similar transaction to be compared with.

#### B. Purchases of goods:

	For th	For the year ended December 31, 2022		For the year ended December 31, 2021	
	Decem				
Purchases of goods:					
Associates	\$	162,315	\$	356,123	
Other related parties		18,808		40,722	
	<u>\$</u>	181,123	\$	396,845	

The purchase terms, including pricing and payments, were based on mutual agreement and have no similar transaction to be compared with.

#### C. Receivables from related parties:

•	Dece	mber 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	
Receivables from related parties:				
Associates	\$	204,621	\$	197,304
Other related parties		97,477		81,770
		302,098	'	279,074
Other receivables - others Associates				
Shanghai Xiangseng		14,841		17,305
TTMC		-		36,869
Others		69,661		57,062
Other related parties		2,425		7,325
		86,927		165,937
	\$	389,025	\$	397,635

<sup>(</sup>a) The receivables from related parties arise mainly from sale transactions. The receivables are due 30 to 90 days after the date of sale, unsecured in nature and bear no interest. There are no provisions held against receivables from related parties.

(b) The other receivables arise mainly from other receivables for rental and dividends.

#### D. Payables to related parties:

	Decen	nber 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	
Payables to related parties:				
Associates	\$	45,134	\$	84,465
Other related parties		4,056		688
	\$	49,190	\$	85,153

The payables to related parties arise mainly from purchase transactions and are due 180 days

after the date of purchase. The payables bear no interest.

#### E. Rent income

	]	For the year ended		For the year ended
	December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021	
Associates	\$	17,427	\$	20,603
Other related parties		20,728		27,112
	\$	38,155	\$	47,715

The Group leases offices from the related parties. Rent was determined based on rental terms by reference to market prices and collected within the mutually agreed terms.

#### F. Others

- (a) On April 12, 2021, the Board of Directors of the Company resolved to participate in the capital increase of ZEPT Inc. to acquire 7,805,555 shares, equivalent to 25% of total equity interest, and the total investment amounted to \$58,542.
- (b) On June 29, 2022, the Board of Directors of the Group's subsidiary, Teco Australia, resolved to acquire 40% of the equity interest of Ejoy Australia Pty. Ltd. from the other related party, YUBAN, through the wholly-owned subsidiary, Ejoy Australia Holdings Pty. Ltd. The consideration was AUD 411 thousand. The Group will hold 100% of the equity interest of Ejoy Australia Pty. Ltd. after the transaction was completed.

#### (3) Key management compensation

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 For the year ended December 31, 2022		For the year ended December 31, 2021
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	\$ 463,644	\$	435,516
Long-term employee benefits	11,058		15,270
Post-employment benefits	 11,435		9,333
	\$ 486,137	\$	460,119

## 8. Pledged Assets

Pledged asset	December 31, 2022	<u>December 31, 2021</u>	Purpose
Notes receivable	\$ -	\$ 64,257	Short-term borrowings and deposits for acceptance bill
Other current assets			
Demand deposits	315,635	474,942	Short-term borrowings, deposits for renting warehouses, deposits for acceptance bill, provisional seizure guarantee of compensation, exercise guarantee for construction, warranty margin, engineering bond, tariff guarantees, merchandise loans, provisional seizure guarantee, deposits for the exemption from provisional execution and guarantee
Demand deposits	15,447	710,447	Earmarked construction projects, Restricted by the legislation on repatriating offshore funds
Time deposits	244,210	225,764	Engineering bond, merchandise loans, tariff guarantees, long-term and short-term borrowings, engineering guarantees, customs security deposit, warranty margin, exercise guarantee for construction and quality assurance for product sales
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current			·
Taiwan High Speed Rail Corporation	460,000	399,600	Long-term borrowings
Non-current financial assets at amortised cost	10,000	160,000	Performance guarantee
Property, plant, and equipment			
Land	77,392	98,025	Long-term borrowings, short-term borrowings
Buildings and structures	-	10,698	"
Machinery and equipment	140,750	149,575	"
Right-of-use assets	793,198	775,311	"
Other non-current assets			
Refundable deposits	64,298	91,810	Exercise guarantee or warranty for construction and exercise guarantee for tender
Time deposits	_	361,224	Restricted by the legislation on
Time deposits	\$ 2,120,930	\$ 3,521,653	repatriating offshore funds
	ψ 2,120,930	φ 5,541,035	

#### 9. Significant Contingent Liabilities and Unrecognized Contract Commitments

#### (1) Contingencies

- 1. On April 21, 2021, the Company received a civil judgment from the Taiwan Taipei District Court concerning a claim filed by Fu Chang Engineering Co., Ltd. (Fu Chang), which is a subcontractor that undertook the electrical system and air-conditioning electric system for the Company's project 'Mechanical and Electrical Engineering of Songshan Cultural and Creative Park BOT Project' for a total of \$63,525, to request the Company to pay an additional payment amounting to \$68,495 for additional construction works. The Court entered a judgment that the Company shall make a payment in the amount of \$56,846 to Fu Chang. The Company has accrued and recognised an amount for potential payments and filed an appeal with the second instance court.
- 2. On January 10, 2023, the Group's subsidiary, Teco Electire & Machinery Pte Ltd., received a complaint from the customer regarding the specifications of products sold by the Group's subsidiary that did not meet the customer's requirement, and asked for the compensation of SGD 1,282 and related interests. The case will be tried in the first instance in March 2023.

#### (2) Commitments

A. Capital expenditures contracted for at the balance sheet date but not yet incurred are as follows:

	 December 31, 2022	 December 31, 2021
Property, plant and equipment	\$ 560,228	\$ 2,605,204
Intangible assets	 7,638	 8,996
	\$ 567,866	\$ 2,614,200

B. As of December 31, 2022, the outstanding usance L/C used for acquiring raw materials and equipment was \$53,887.

#### 10. Significant Disaster Loss

None.

#### 11. Significant Events after the Balance Sheet Date

- 1. The Board of Directors of the Group's subsidiary, Tong-An Assets Management & Development Co., Ltd., approved the investment proposal for the construction of the Taipei City Songjiang building on July 1, 2020, which was in line with the government's promotion to expedite the reconstruction of unsafe and old buildings. Additionally, on February 10, 2023, the company entered into the agreement of land joint construction with MSIG Mingtai Insurance Company, Limited. The agreement stipulates that the construction will be carried out and invested jointly by TECO and Tong-An Assets. In accordance with the agreement dated February 10, 2023, the Group was required to pay \$1,765,000 for the construction.
- 2. In January 2023, the Group's subsidiary, Teco Sun Energy Co., Ltd entered into an agreement "Assignment of contract for capital contribution of Tai-Peng Energy Co., Ltd "with Shine Energy Co., Ltd to acquire the 100% equity interests in Tai-Peng Energy Co., Ltd.

#### 12. Others

#### (1) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are based on the industrial scale, considering industrial future growth and product development, and setting appropriate market share, as well as plan of corresponding capital expenditure, calculation of operating capital needed for financial operations, and considering operating profit and cash inflows arising from product competitiveness, to determine appropriate capital structure.

# (2) Financial instruments A. Financial instruments by category

A. Financial instruments by categor	У	December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021
Financial assets		,		,
Financial assets at fair value				
through profit or loss				
Financial assets mandatorily				
measured at fair value	_		_	
through profit or loss	\$	3,303,226	<u>\$</u>	6,850,607
Financial assets at fair				
value through other				
comprehensive income				
Designation of equity	ф	24 527 462	ф	46 224 949
instrument	\$	34,527,463	\$	46,224,848
Financial assets at				
amortised cost /Loans and receivables				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	21,156,796	\$	17,274,143
Financial assets at	т		,	
amortised cost		115,909		392,232
Notes receivable		1,039,657		1,001,157
Accounts receivable		10,351,780		10,201,498
Other receivables		413,068		538,674
Guarantee deposits paid and				
restricted bank deposits		829,264		2,015,991
T	\$	33,906,474	\$	31,423,695
Financial liabilities				
Financial liabilities at fair value				
through profit or loss				
Financial liabilities held for				
trading	\$	4,144	\$	
Financial liabilities at				
amortised cost				
Short-term borrowings	\$	1,751,344	\$	2,042,697
Notes payable		784,791		1,027,193
Accounts payable		9,125,804		9,347,227
Other payables		5,994,197		5,544,765
Lease liabilites		5,072,407		5,062,094
Bonds payable (including		5,000,000		6,000,000
current portion) Long-term borrowings				
(including current portion)		3,655,514		4,095,256
(merading current portion)	\$	31,384,057	\$	33,119,232
		21,20.,007	<u>~</u>	23,117,232

#### B. Financial risk management policies

- (a) The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. To minimise any adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group, derivative financial instruments, such as foreign exchange forward contracts are used to hedge certain exchange rate risk. Derivatives are used exclusively for hedging purposes and not as trading or speculative instruments.
- (b) Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (Group treasury) under policies approved by the Board of Directors. Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close cooperation with the Group's operating units. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas and matters, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.
- (c) Information about derivative financial instruments that are used to hedge certain exchange rate risk are provided in Notes 6(2) and 6(15).
- C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks
  - (a) Market risk

#### Foreign exchange risk

- i. The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from the transactions of the Company and its subsidiaries used in various functional currency, primarily with respect to the USD and RMB. Foreign exchange risk arises from recognized assets and liabilities.
- ii. Management has set up a policy to require group companies to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currency. The companies are required to hedge their entire foreign exchange risk exposure with the Group treasury. Exchange rate risk is measured through a forecast of highly probable USD and RMB expenditures. Forward foreign exchange contracts are adopted to minimise the volatility of the exchange rate affecting cost of forecast inventory purchases.
- iii. The Group hedges foreign exchange rate by using forward exchange contracts. However, the Group does not adopt hedging accounting. Details of financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are provided in Notes 6(2) and (15).
- iv. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's and certain subsidiaries' functional currency: NTD; other certain subsidiaries' functional currency: USD and RMB). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

#### December 31, 2022

			sitivity Analysis	vity Analysis				
		Foreign currency amount (In thousands)	currency amount		Degree of variation	Effect on profit or loss	Effect on other comprehensive income	
(Foreign currency: functions	al currency)	(III tilousulus)	Exchange rate	Book value (NTD)	Degree of variation	01 1035	meome	
Financial assets								
Monetary items								
USD:NTD	USD	\$ 103,662	30.7100	\$ 3,183,460	1%	\$ 31,835	\$ -	
EUR:NTD	EUR	7,233	32.7200	236,664	1%	2,367	_	
USD:RMB	USD	11,707	6.9669	81,561	1%	816	-	
RMB:NTD	RMB	29,385	4.4080	129,529	1%	1,295	-	
AUD:NTD	AUD	4,478	20.8300	93,277	1%	933	-	
USD:SGD	USD	8,624	1.3422	11,575	1%	116	-	
USD:EUR	USD	10,244	0.9386	9,615	1%	96	-	
USD:MYR	USD	7,116	1.0655	7,582	1%	76	-	
Non-monetary items								
USD:NTD	USD	705,005	30.7100	21,650,704				
EUR:NTD	EUR	146,854	32.7200	4,805,063				
SGD:NTD	SGD	155,510	22.8800	3,558,069				
VND:NTD	VND	265,270,769	0.0013	344,852				
MYR:NTD	MYR	8,621	6.9951	60,305				
Financial liabilities								
Monetary items								
USD:NTD	USD	50,717	30.7100	1,557,519	1%	15,575	-	
USD:VND	USD	3,953	23,623.0769	121,397	1%	1,214	-	
USD:MYR	USD	9,939	4.3902	43,634	1%	436	-	
USD:AUD	USD	7,497	1.4743	11,053	1%	111	-	
USD:SGD	USD	3,539	1.3422	4,750	1%	48	-	

#### December 31, 2021

					Sen	sitivity Analysis			
		Foreign currency amount (In thousands)	Exchange rate	Book value (NTD)	Degree of variation	Effect on profit or loss	Effect on other comprehensive income		
(Foreign currency: functions	al currency)			Book (Mar (1(1B)	Degree of variation	01 1000			
Financial assets	•								
Monetary items									
USD:NTD	USD	\$ 88,960	27.6800	\$ 2,462,413	1%	\$ 24,624	\$ -		
EUR:NTD	EUR	4,445	31.3200	139,217	1%	1,392	-		
USD:RMB	USD	48,688	6.3720	1,347,684	1%	13,477	-		
RMB:NTD	RMB	46,847	4.3440	203,503	1%	2,035	-		
AUD:NTD	AUD	6,131	20.0800	123,110	1%	1,231	-		
USD:SGD	USD	8,094	1.3529	224,042	1%	2,240	-		
USD:EUR	USD	7,628	0.8838	211,143	1%	2,111	-		
USD:MYR	USD	7,584	4.1772	209,925	1%	2,099	-		
EUR:USD	EUR	13,191	1.1315	413,142	1%	4,131	-		
Non-monetary items									
USD:NTD	USD	716,239	27.6800	19,825,490					
EUR:NTD	EUR	136,688	31.3200	4,281,054					
SGD:NTD	SGD	161,517	20.4600	3,304,645					
VND:NTD	VND	268,912,500	0.0012	322,695					
MYR:NTD	MYR	7,551	6.6265	50,035					
Financial liabilities									
Monetary items									
USD:NTD	USD	72,263	27.6800	2,000,240	1%	20,002	-		
USD:VND	USD	5,227	23,066.6667	144,683	1%	1,447	-		
USD:MYR	USD	11,613	4.1772	321,448	1%	3,214	-		

v. Total exchange gain (loss), including realized and unrealized, arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 amounted to \$209,092 and (\$62,535), respectively.

#### Price risk

- i. The Group's financial instruments, which are exposed to price risk, are those characterized as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. To manage its price risk arising from such investments the Group diversifies its portfolio. Diversification of the portfolio is done in accordance with limits set by the Group.
- ii. The Group's investments in equity securities comprise shares and open-end funds issued by domestic companies. The prices of equity securities would change due to the change of the future value of investee companies. If the prices of these equity securities had increased/decreased by 5% with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 would have increased/decreased by \$106,785 and \$174,195, respectively, as a result of gains/losses on equity securities classified as at fair value through profit or loss. Other components of equity would have increased/decreased by \$1,716,610 and \$2,298,324, respectively, as a result of other comprehensive income classified as equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

#### Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

- i. The Group's main interest rate risk arises from long-term borrowings with variable rates, which expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. Group policy is to maintain at least 30% of its borrowings at fixed rate using interest rate swaps to achieve this when necessary. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group's borrowings at variable rate were mainly denominated in NTD, USD and RMB.
- ii. The Group's borrowings are measured at amortized cost. The borrowings are periodically contractually repriced and to that extent are also exposed to the risk of future changes in market interest rates.
- iii. As at December 31, 2022 and 2021, if interest rates at that date had been 0.25% higher/lower with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 would have been \$11,676 and \$12,276 lower/higher, respectively, mainly as a result of higher/lower interest expense on floating rate borrowings.

#### (b) Credit risk

- i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the accounts receivable based on the agreed terms, and the contract cash flows of debt instruments stated at amortized cost.
- ii. The Group manages their credit risk taking into consideration the entire group's concern. For banks and financial institutions, only independently rated parties with a minimum rating of 'A' are accepted. According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the Board of Directors. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored.

- iii. The Group adopts the following assumption under IFRS 9 to assess whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition: If the contract payments were past due over 30 days based on the terms, there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition.
- iv. The Group adopts the assumption under IFRS 9, whereby the default occurs when the contract payments are past due over 90 days.
- v. The Group classifies customers' accounts receivable, contract assets and rents receivable in accordance with credit rating of customer and credit risk on trade. The Group applies the simplified approach using loss rate methodology to estimate expected credit loss under the provision matrix basis.
- vi. The following indicators are used to determine whether the credit impairment of debt instruments has occurred:
  - (i) It becomes probable that the issuer will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization due to their financial difficulties;
  - (ii) The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties;
  - (iii)Default or delinquency in interest or principal repayments;
  - (iv)Adverse changes in national or regional economic conditions that are expected to cause a default.
- vii. The Group uses the forecastability of Taiwan Institute of Economic Research boom observation report to adjust historical and timely information to assess the default possibility of notes and accounts receivable. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the loss rate methodology is as follows:

	D	ecemb	per 31, 2022				
	Expected credit loss rate	Tot	tal book value	Los	s allowance		
Not past due	0%~1%	\$	8,970,190	(\$	22,459)		
Up to 30 days	0%~2%		1,049,553	(	16,911)		
31 to 90 days	1%~20%		542,913	(	23,681)		
91 to 180 days	1%~100%		283,479	(	26,453)		
Over 180 days	1%~100%		460,429	(	127,721)		
•		\$	11,306,564	(\$	217,225)		
	December 31, 2021						
	Expected credit loss rate	Tot	tal book value	Los	s allowance		
Not past due	0%~1%	\$	9,190,412	(\$	10,459)		
Up to 30 days	0%~2%		842,230	(	1,205)		
31 to 90 days	1%~20%		461,706	(	14,687)		
91 to 180 days	1%~100%		195,257	(	23,015)		
Over 180 days	1%~100%		402,303	(	118,961)		
·		\$	11,091,908	(\$	168,327)		

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		•••	941 61, 2022			
	Expected credit loss rate	То	tal book value		Loss allowance	
Individual	100%	\$	27,254	(\$	27,254)	
Group A	0%~5%		6,287,506	(	13,182)	
Group B	0%~10%		1,639,893	(	5,735)	
Group C	1%~20%		1,398,623	(	22,818)	
Group D	1%~40%		453,283	(	35,400)	
Group E	1%~100%		1,500,005	(	112,836)	
		\$	11,306,564	(\$	217,225)	
	December 31, 2021					
	Expected credit loss rate	То	tal book value		Loss allowance	
Individual	100%	\$	29,379	(\$	29,379)	
Group A	0%~5%		6,611,371	(	8,418)	
Group B	0%~10%		1,729,745	(	5,829)	
Group C	1%~20%		1,404,993	(	15,949)	
Group D	1%~40%		355,691	(	10,446)	
Group E	1%~100%		960,729	(	98,306)	
		\$	11,091,908	(\$	168,327)	

viii. Movements in relation to the Group applying the simplified approach to provide loss allowance for notes receivable and accounts receivable are as follows:

		2022
		receivable and ants receivable
At January 1	\$	168,327
Provision for impairment		52,379
Write-offs during the year	(	13,870)
Effect of foreign exchange		10,389
At Decmeber 31	\$	217,225
		2021
		receivable and ints receivable
At January 1	\$	179,129
Provision for impairment		4,201
Write-offs during the year	(	9,610)
Effect of foreign exchange	(	5,393)
At Decmeber 31	\$	168,327
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As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group arose impairment losses from other receivables at amortised cost were \$5,236 and \$1,650, respectively

#### (c) Liquidity risk

i. Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by Group treasury. Group treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn committed borrowing facilities at all times so that the Group does not breach borrowing limits or covenants on any of its borrowing facilities. Such forecasting takes into consideration the Group's debt financing plans,

- covenant compliance, compliance with internal balance sheet ratio targets and, if applicable, external regulatory or legal requirements, for example, currency restrictions.
- ii. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the undrawn credit amounts are \$22,052,652 and \$20,044,060, respectively.
- iii. The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities and net-settled or gross-settled derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date for non-derivative financial liabilities and to the expected maturity date for derivative financial liabilities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

### Non-derivative financial liabilities:

<u>December 31, 2022</u>		Up to 1 year	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 3 years	Between 3 and 5 years	Over 5 years
Short-term borrowings	\$	1,751,344	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$
Notes payable		784,791	-	-	-	-
Accounts payable		9,125,804	-	-	-	-
Lease liabilities		573,681	409,543	368,097	602,944	4,437,138
Other payables		5,994,197	-	-	-	-
Bonds payable (including						
current portion)		-	-	5,000,000	-	-
Long-term borrowings						
(including current portion)		1,585,816	242,733	1,013,050	61,563	925,412
Non-derivative financial liability	ties:					
<u>December 31, 2021</u>		Up to 1 year	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 3 years	Between 3 and 5 years	Over 5 years
Short-term borrowings	\$	2,042,697	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$
Notes payable		1,027,193	-	-	-	-
Accounts payable		9,347,227	-	-	-	-
Lease liabilities		515,727	479,294	337,604	555,283	4,423,595
Other payables		5,544,765	-	-	-	-
Bonds payable (including						
current portion)		1,000,000	-	-	5,000,000	-
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Long-term borrowings						

iv. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the derivative financial liabilities which were executed by the Group were all due within one year.

#### (3) Fair value information

- A. Details of the fair value of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value are provided in Note 12(2)A. Details of the fair value of the Group's investment property measured at cost are provided in Note 6(10).
- B. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:
  - Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The fair value of the Group's investment in listed stocks, beneficiary certificates and others is included in Level 1.
  - Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. The fair value of the Group's investment in derivative instruments is included in Level 2.
  - Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The fair value of the Group's investment in derivative instruments is included in Level 3.
- C. The related information of financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities is as follows:

<u>December 31, 2022</u>	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets				
Recurring fair value measurements				
Financial assets at fair value				
through profit or loss				
Equity securities	\$ 2,135,696	\$ -	\$ 1,167,229	\$ 3,302,925
Non-hedging derivatives	-	301	-	301
Financial assets at fair value				
through other comprehensive				
income				
Equity securities	34,332,208	<del>_</del>	195,255	34,527,463
	\$ 36,467,904	\$ 301	\$ 1,362,484	\$ 37,830,689
Liabilities				
Recurring fair value measurements				
Financial liabilities at fair value				
through profit or loss				
Non-hedging derivatives	\$ -	\$ 4,144	\$ -	\$ 4,144

December 31, 2021	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
Assets						
Recurring fair value measurements						
Financial assets at fair value						
through profit or loss						
Equity securities	\$ 3,483,909	\$ -	\$ 3,362,652	\$ 6,846,561		
Non-hedging derivatives	-	4,046	-	4,046		
Financial assets at fair value						
through other comprehensive						
income						
Equity securities	45,966,478	<u> </u>	<u>258,370</u>	46,224,848		
	\$ 49,450,387	\$ 4,046	\$ 3,621,022	\$ 53,075,455		

D. The methods and assumptions the Group used to measure fair value are as follows:

(a) The instruments the Group used market quoted prices as their fair values (that is, Level 1) are listed below by characteristics:

	Listed shares	Open-end fund
Market quoted price	Closing price	Net asset value

- (b) Except for financial instruments with active markets, the fair value of other financial instruments is measured by using valuation techniques or by reference to counterparty quotes. The fair value of financial instruments measured by using valuation techniques method can be referred to current fair value of instruments with similar terms and characteristics in substance, discounted cash flow method or other valuation methods.
- (c) The valuation of derivative financial instruments is based on valuation model widely accepted by market participants, such as present value techniques and option pricing models. Forward exchange contracts are usually valued based on the current forward exchange rate.
- (d) The output of valuation model is an estimated value and the valuation technique may not be able to capture all relevant factors of the Group's financial and non-financial instruments. Therefore, the estimated value derived using valuation model is adjusted accordingly with additional inputs, for example, model risk or liquidity risk and etc. In accordance with the Group's management policies and relevant control procedures relating to the valuation models used for fair value measurement, management believes adjustment to valuation is necessary in order to reasonably represent the fair value of financial and non-financial instruments at the consolidated balance sheet. The inputs and pricing information used during valuation are carefully assessed and adjusted based on current market conditions.
- E. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2.

F. The following chart is the movement of Level 3 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021:

		Non-deriva	tive	equity
		For the year ended		For the year ended
		December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021
Beginning balance	\$	3,621,022	\$	1,331,806
Gains and losses recognized in				
profit or loss		47,350		58,583
Gain and loss recognized in				
other comprehensive income		127,816		23,450
Acquired during the period		50,000		2,293,441
Sold during the period	(	2,289,362)	(	84,421)
Transfer out of the Level 3	(	191,013)		-
Capital deducted by returning cash	(	3,329)	(	1,837)
Ending balance	\$	1,362,484	\$	3,621,022

- G. Finance and Accounting Department is in charge of valuation procedures for fair value measurements being categorized within Level 3, which is to verify independent fair value of financial instruments. Such assessment is to ensure the valuation results are reasonable by applying independent information to make results close to current market conditions, confirming the source of information is independent, reliable and in line with other resources and represented as the exercisable price, and frequently calibrating valuation model, performing back-testing, updating inputs used to the valuation model and making any other necessary adjustments to the fair value.
- H. The following is the qualitative information of significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair value measurement.

	Fair value at		Significant	Range		
	December 31,	Valuation	unobservable	(weighted	Relationship of inputs	
	2022	technique	input	average)	to fair value	
Non-derivative equity:						
Unlisted shares	\$ 1,362,484	Market comparable companies	Price to earnings ratio multiple	1.62~2.31	The higher the multiple, the higher the fair value	
Private equity fund			Discount for lack of marketability	15%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value	
	Fair value at	Significant		Range		
	December 31,	Valuation	unobservable	(weighted	Relationship of inputs	
	2021	technique	input	average)	to fair value	
Non-derivative equity:	2021	technique	input	average)	to fair value	
	\$ 3,621,022		Price to earnings ratio multiple	average) 1.98~2.47	The higher the multiple, the higher the fair value	

I. The Group has carefully assessed the valuation models and assumptions used to measure fair value; therefore, the fair value measurement is reasonable. However, use of different valuation models or assumptions may result in different measurement. The following is the effect of profit or loss or of other comprehensive income from financial assets and liabilities categorized within Level 3 if the inputs used to valuation models have changed:

			Decemb	er 31, 2022					
			Recognized	in profit or loss	•	zed in other			
	Input	Favourable Unfavourable Change change change			Favourable change	Unfavourable change			
Financial assets									
Equity instrument	Discount for lack of								
	marketability	±5%	\$ 58,361 Decemb	(\$ 58,361) er 31, 2021	\$ 9,763	(\$ 9,763)			
					Recognized in other				
			Recognized	in profit or loss	•	nsive income			
			Favourable	Unfavourable	Favourable	Unfavourable			
	Input	Change	change	change	change	change			
Financial assets									
Equity	Discount for								
instrument	lack of marketability	±5%	\$ 168,133	(\$ 168,133)	\$ 12,919	(\$ 12,919)			

#### 13. Supplementary Disclosures

- (1) Significant transactions information
  - A. Loans to others: Please refer to table 1.
  - B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Please refer to table 2.
  - C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the periods (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Please refer to table 3.
  - D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: Please refer to table 4.
  - E. Acquisition of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 5.
  - F. Disposal of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
  - G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 6.
  - H. Receivables from related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 7.
  - I. Trading in derivative financial instruments undertaken during the reporting periods ended: Please refer to Notes 6(2) and (15).
  - J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods: Please refer to table 8.

#### (2) Information on investees

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China): Please refer to table 9.

- (3) <u>Information on investments in Mainland China</u>
  - A. Basic information: Please refer to table 10.
  - B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third party, transactions with the investee companies in Mainland Area: Please refer to table 11.

#### (4) Major shareholders information

Names, number of shares and ownership of shareholders whose equity interest is greater than 5%: Please refer to table 12.

#### 14. Segment Information

#### (1) General information

Information provided to chief operating decision-maker for allocating resources and assessing segment's performance focus on the category of each delivery or provision of products or services. The Group's reportable operating segments are as follows:

- A. Green Mechatronic Solution Business Group (GM): This Group is primary engaged in manufacture and sales of various motors and generators.
- B. Intelligence Energy Business Group (IE): This Group is primary engaged in research, design, manufacture and sales of electrical equipment and contracting construction of transportation and electricity.
- C. Air and Intelligent Life Business Group (AI): This Group is primary engaged in manufacture and sales of various home appliances and providing data processing, electronic information and logistics services.
- D. Others Group: This Group is primary engaged investment in various businesses and leasing and development of real estate.

The Group adjusted the structure of operating segments during the fourth quarter of 2021. Accordingly, the Group reorgnised green mechatronic solution business group, home appliances group and others group into GM, IE, AI and Others group. In addition, starting from January 1, 2022, the Group adjusted the investment segment according to the current conditions. Because former investment segment had decreased the investment transactions which target the short-term spread on equity shares and gradually disposed such non-operating investments, the investment strategy was adjusted to be aligned with the Group's long-term and related strategical investments. Thus, this company's performance was not measured at segment income. The company excluded the profit or loss in relation to investment units, which is shown as non-operating income and expenses, and remeasured and disclosed in segment information. In the year ended of 2021, the operating segment information was also remeasured and disclosed according to aforementioned segments.

#### (2) Measurement of segment information

The Group's segment profit (loss) is measured with the operating profit (loss) before tax, which is used as a basis for the Group in assessing the performance of the operating segments. The accounting policies of the operating segments are in agreement with the significant accounting policies summarized in Note 4.

(3) <u>Financial information by industry</u>
The segment information of the reportable segments provided to the chief operating decision-maker for the year ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

				For	he ye	ear ended Decemb	oer 3	31, 2022				
	Gre	en mechatronic										
	sol	ution business	Inte	Intelligence energy		Air and intelligent			Adjustment and			
		Group	business Group		life business Group		Others		elimination			Total
Operating revenues												
Operating revenues from external customers	\$	30,801,040	\$	10,092,711	\$	13,904,399	\$	3,517,066	\$	-	\$	58,315,216
Operating revenues from internal segments		19,919,839		787,213		4,656,123		277,906	(	25,641,081)		_
Total operating revenues	\$	50,720,879	\$	10,879,924	\$	18,560,522	\$	3,794,972	(\$	25,641,081)	\$	58,315,216
Segment profits and losses	\$	3,939,866	\$	452,711	\$	487,539	\$	193,538	\$	_	\$	5,073,654
			For the year ended December 31, 2021									
	Gree	en mechatronic										
	solu	ition business	Intelligence energy		Air and intelligent				Adjustment and			
		Group	bus	siness Group	life business Group			Others	6	elimination		Total
Operating revenues			,									
Operating revenues from external customers	\$	26,864,667	\$	7,051,706	\$	13,982,014	\$	3,350,000	\$	-	\$	51,248,387
Operating revenues from internal segments		18,896,823		817,263		5,061,364		335,185	(	25,110,635)		_
Total operating revenues	\$	45,761,490	\$	7,868,969	\$	19,043,378	\$	3,685,185	(\$	25,110,635)	\$	51,248,387
Segment profits and losses	\$	2,626,288	\$	416,888	\$	546,537	\$	171,006	\$	-	\$	3,760,719

#### (4) Reconciliation for segment profit (loss)

Sales between segments are carried out at arm's length. The revenue from external parties reported to the chief operating decision-maker is measured in a manner consistent with that in the statement of comprehensive income. A reconciliation of reportable segment profit or loss to the profit before tax and discontinued operations for the year ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 is provided as follows:

		For the year ended	For the year ended
		December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Adjusted operating income of			
reportable segments	\$	4,880,116	\$ 3,589,713
Adjusted operating income of other			
operating segments		193,538	171,006
Interest income		233,077	127,351
(Losses) gains on financial			
instruments	(	1,148,511)	1,641,199
Financial cost	(	203,963) (	203,602)
Associates' and joint ventures' profit and loss accounted for under			
the equity method		190,279	195,831
Gains on disposals of property,			
plant and equipment	(	4,241) (	2,387)
Impairment Loss		- (	367,190)
Dividend income		1,128,492	884,153
Others		153,038	115,804
Income before income tax	\$	5,421,825	\$ 6,151,878

#### (5) Information on products and services

Revenue from external customers are derived from the manufacture, installation and wholesale, retail of various types of electrical and mechanical equipment. Details of revenues are as follows:

	For	the year ended	For the year ended December 31, 2021			
	Dece	ember 31, 2022				
Sales revenue	\$	40,429,250	\$	35,807,100		
Construction revenues		8,272,698		5,990,814		
Service revenue		8,695,089		8,642,445		
Others		918,179		808,028		
	\$	58,315,216	\$	51,248,387		

#### (6) Geographical information

Geographical information for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 is as follows (revenue recognition is based on the operating locations where revenue is earned):

	For the y	vear ended	For the year ended					
	Decembe	er 31,2022	Decembe	r 31,2021				
		Non-current		Non-current				
	Revenue	assets	Revenue	assets				
Taiwan	\$ 32,162,345	\$ 23,235,961	\$ 28,891,610	\$ 21,494,044				
America	9,050,038	717,624	6,123,499	621,156				
China	6,894,678	3,132,008	6,917,786	3,213,551				
Others	10,208,155	1,788,445	9,315,492	1,718,181				
	\$ 58,315,216	\$ 28,874,038	\$ 51,248,387	\$ 27,046,932				

### (7) Major customer information

No single customer accounts for more than 10% of the consolidated operating revenue for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

#### Loans to others

For the year ended December 31, 2022

Table 1

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

					Maximum outstanding							_	Colla	ateral	-		
					balance during	Balance at				Amount of		Allowance			Limit on		
			General		the year ended	December 31,	Actual	Interest		transactions	Reason for	for			loans	Ceiling on	
Number			ledger	Related	December 31,	2022	amount	rate	Nature of	with the	short-term	doubtful			granted to a	total loans	
(Note 1)	Creditor	Borrower	account	party	2022	(Note 8)	drawn down	(%)	loans	borrower	financing	accounts	Item	Value	single party	granted	Footnote
1	U.V.G.	Teco Netherlands	Other receivables	Yes	\$ 229,040	\$ 229,040	\$ 229,040	-	Short-term financing	\$ -	For operating capital	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ 497,702	\$ 829,503	Note 2
2	Teco Westinghouse	TWMM	"	"	70,873	61,420	-	4.49%	Short-term financing	-	For operating capital	-	-	-	693,801	1,387,602	Note 3
3	Great Teco Motor (PTE) Ltd.	Teco Netherlands	//	"	192,000	189,776	189,776	2.18%	Short-term financing	-	For operating capital	-	-	-	281,195	468,659	Note 4
4	Motovario Corp.	Motovario S.P.A.	. "	"	184,260	184,260	162,149	4.49%	Short-term	-	For operating	-	-	-	196,896	262,528	Note 5

- Note 1: The numbers filled in for the loans provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:
  - (1) The Company is '0'.
  - (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.
- Note 2: In accordance with U.V.G.'s policy, limit on total loans shall not exceed 10% of U.V.G.'s net assets based on the latest financial statements (December 31, 2022), and limit on loans to a single party shall not exceed 6% of U.V.G.'s net assets based on the latest financial statements (December 31, 2022).
- Note 3: In accordance with Teco Westinghouse's policy, limit on total loans shall not exceed 20% of Teco Westinghouse's net assets based on the latest financial statements (December 31, 2022), and limit on loans to a single party shall not 10% of Teco Westinghouse's net assets based on the latest financial statements (December 31, 2022).
- Note 4: Great Teco Motor (PTE) Ltd.'s limit on total loans shall not exceed 10% of Great Teco Motor (PTE) Ltd.'s net assets based on the latest financial statements (December 31, 2022), and limit on loans to a single party shall not exceed 6% of Great Teco Motor (PTE) Ltd.'s net assets based on the latest financial statements (December 31, 2022).
- Note 5: In accordance with Motovario Corp.'s policy, limit on total loans shall not exceed 40% of Motovario Corp.'s net assets based on the latest audited financial statement (December 31, 2022), and limit on loans to a single party shall not exceed 30% of Motovario Corp.'s net assets based on the latest audited financial statement (December 31, 2022).

#### Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others For the year ended December 31, 2022

Ratio of

Table 2

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

		Party b	-						accumulated endorsement/ guarantee					
		endorsed/gr	Relationship with the	Limit on endorsements/	Maximum outstanding endorsement/	Outstanding endorsement/		Amount of endorsements/	amount to net asset value of the endorser/	Ceiling on total amount of	Provision of endorsements/ guarantees by	Provision of endorsements/ guarantees by	Provision of endorsements/ guarantees to	
Number (Note 1)	Endorser/ guarantor	Company name	endorser/ guarantor ( Note 2 )	guarantees provided for a single party	guarantee amount as of December 31, 2022	guarantee amount at December 31, 2022	Actual amount drawn down	guarantees secured with collateral	guarantor company (%)	endorsements/ guarantees provided	parent company to subsidiary	subsidiary to parent company	the party in Mainland China	Footnote
0	TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD.	Sankyo Co., Ltd	(4)	\$ 16,004,987	\$ 137,408	\$ 104,580	\$ 97,608	-	0.13	\$ 48,014,960	Y	N	N	Note 3
0	//	Motovario	(4)	16,004,987	1,358,915	1,145,200	1,145,200	-	1.43	48,014,960	Y	N	N	″
1	Teco Westinghouse	TWMM	(4)	693,801	64,430	61,420	45,915	-	0.89	1,387,602	Y	N	N	Note 4
2	Teco Australia Pty. Ltd.	TECO New Zealand Pty Ltd.	(4)	153,361	14,904	14,600	14,600	-	0.95	306,722	Y	N	N	Note 5
3	Century Developmen	nt CDC DEVELOPMENT INDIA PRIVATE LIMITED	(6)	445,454	187,123	156,969	156,969	-	3.52	890,907	Y	N	N	Note 6
4	Tong-An Assets	CDC DEVELOPMENT INDIA PRIVATE LIMITED	(6)	529,816	140,342	117,727	117,727	-	2.22	1,059,632	N	N	N	Note 7
5	Tong-An Investment Co., Ltd.	CDC DEVELOPMENT INDIA PRIVATE	(6)	150,934	140,342	117,727	117,727	-	0.59	200,000	N	N	N	Note 8

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the loans provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

LIMITED

<sup>(1)</sup> The Company is '0'.

<sup>(2)</sup> The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

- Note 2: Relationship between the endorser/guarantor and the party being endorsed/guaranteed is classified into the following seven categories:
  - (1) Having business relationship.
  - (2) The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed subsidiary.
  - (3) The endorsed/guaranteed company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorser/guarantor parent company.
  - (4) The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 90% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed company.
  - (5) Mutual guarantee of the trade made by the endorsed/guaranteed company or joint contractor as required under the construction contract.
  - (6) Due to joint venture, all shareholders provide endorsements/guarantees to the endorsed/guaranteed company in proportion to its ownership.
  - (7) Joint guarantee of the performance guarantee for pre-sold home sales contract as required under the Consumer Protection Act.
- Note 3: In accordance with the Company's policy, the total guarantee amount shall not exceed 60% of Company's net assets based on the latest financial statements (December 31, 2022), and the guarantee to a single party shall not exceed 20% of the Company's net assets. If the guarantee amount is denominated in foreign currency, the amount shall be translated at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of approval by the Board of Directors to assess whether the guarantee amount exceeds the limit.
- Note 4: In accordance with the Teco Westinghouse's policy, the total guarantee amount shall not exceed 20% of Teco Westinghouse's net assets based on the latest financial statements (December 31, 2022), and the guarantee to a single party shall no exceed 10% of Teco Westinghouse's net assets. If the guarantee amount is denominated in foreign currency, the amount shall be translated at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of approval by the Board of Directors to assess whether the guarantee amount exceeds the limit.
- Note 5: In accordance with the TECO AUSTRALIA Ptv Ltd.'s policy, the total guarantee amount shall not exceed 20% of TECO AUSTRALIA Ptv Ltd.'s net assets based on the latest financial statements (December 31, 2022). and the guarantee to a single party shall no exceed 10% of TECO AUSTRALIA Pty Ltd.' s net assets. If the guarantee amount is denominated in foreign currency, the amount shall be translated at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of approval by the Board of Directors to assess whether the guarantee amount exceeds the limit.
- Note 6:In accordance with Century Development's policy, the total guarantee amount shall not exceed 20% of Century Development's net assets based on the latest financial statements (December 31, 2022), and the guarantee to a single party shall not exceed 10% of Century Development's net assets. If the guarantee amount is denominated in foreign currency, the amount shall be translated at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of approval by the Board of Directors to assess whether the guarantee amount exceeds the limit.
- Note 7:In accordance with Tong-An Asset's policy, the total guarantee amount shall not exceed 20% of Tong-An Asset's net assets based on the latest financial statements (December 31, 2022), and the guarantee to a single party shall not exceed 10% of Tong-An Asset's net assets. If the guarantee amount is denominated in foreign currency, the amount shall be translated at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of approval by the Board of Directors to assess whether the guarantee amount exceeds the limit.
- Note 8:In accordance with Tong-An Investment Co., Ltd.'s policy, the total guarantee amount shall not exceed NT\$200 million, and the guarantee to a single party shall not exceed NT\$50 million. If due to special needs, the guarantee amount exceeds the limit, stockholders' resolution is required.

Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)

#### December 31, 2022

Table 3

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

				As of December 31, 2022					
			General ledger	Number of	_				
Securities held by	Marketable securities	Relationship with the securities issuer	account	shares	Book value	Ownership (%)	Fair value	Footnote	
TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD.	Stock 1	The Company is a director of the investee	Note 1	11,132	_	14.62 \$	317,808		
	Stock 2	None	//	2,137	58,983	1.43	58,983		
	Stock 3	"	"	210,333	9,927,703	5.64	9,927,703		
	Stock 4	The Company is a director of the investee	//	190,061	5,464,242	3.38	5,464,242		
	Stock 5	None	"	8,697	96,104	0.09	96,104		
	Stock 6	The Company is a director of the investee	"	5,098	222,535	13.42	222,535		
	Stock 7, etc.	None	"	15,796	3,782	-	3,782		
	Stock 8	"	Note 4	3,200	130,253	0.03	130,253		
	Stock 9	"	//	11,527	374,065	1.96	374,065		
	Stock 10	"	"	47,839	401,368	1.58	401,368		
	Stock 11	"	//	201	1,227	-	1,227		
	Stock 12	The Company is a director of the investee	"	32,980	341,190	10.99	341,190		
	Stock 13	None	"	7,500	480,640	5.00	480,640		
	Stock 14, etc.	"	"	22,104	241,031	-	241,031		
	Fund 1	"	"	-	90,173	-	90,173		
	Fund 2	"	"	-	95,245	-	95,245		
Teco International	Stock 2	"	Note 1	5,309	146,541	3.56	146,541		
	Stock 15	"	"	720	54,756	0.50	54,756		
	Stock 16	The Company is a director of the investee	"	264	169,257	0.12	169,257		
	Stock 17	None	//	3,177	213,520	0.67	213,520		
	Stock 18, etc.	The Company is a director of the investee	//	9,492	212,620	-	212,620		
	Stock 19, etc.	None	Note 3	1,793	141,974	-	141,974		
ong-An Investment	Stock 2	"	Note 1	7,913	218,407	5.31	218,407		
	Stock 15	"	"	1,225	93,087	0.85	93,087		
	Stock 20	An investee company accounted for under the equity method by the Company	"	19,540	538,328	0.91	538,328		
	Stock 18	Related party in substance	//	8,197	137,291	7.28	137,291		
	Stock 21	None	//	8,692	572,800	0.27	572,800		
	Stock 22	"	//	1,285	121,690	0.04	121,690		
	Stock 16	The Company is a director of the investee	//	21,918	14,071,356	10.03	14,071,356		
	Stock 23	None	"	1,217	84,607	0.37	84,607		
	Stock 24, etc.	"	//	31,980	753,619	-	753,619		
	Stock 19	"	Note 3	1,076	78,871	0.67	78,871		
	Stock 25, etc.	"	//	5,451	406,950	-	406,950		
	Stock 16	The Company is a director of the investee	Note 4	1,091	700,294	0.50	700,294		
	Fund 3	None	//	50,000	393,000	-	393,000		

	As of	December	31.	2022
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			General ledger	Number of				
Securities held by	Securities held by Marketable securities Relationship with the securities issuer		account	shares	Book value	Ownership (%)	Fair value	Footnote
Tong-An Investment	Fund 4	None	Note 4	662	\$ 22,950	-	\$ 22,950	
U.V.G	Stock 26, etc.	"	Note 1	118	7,967	-	7,967	
An-Tai International	Stock 2	"	"	653	18,023	0.44	18,023	
	Stock 20	An investee company accounted for under the equity method by the Company	"	2,826	77,849	0.13	77,849	
	Stock 18	Related party in substance	"	1,270	21,275	1.13	21,275	
	Stock 27	"	"	2,756	202,818	8.51	202,818	
	Stock 28	None	"	205	13,866	0.14	13,866	
	Stock 19, etc.	"	Note 3	1,228	101,708	-	101,708	
Jie-Zheng Property	Fund 5, etc.	"	Note 2	-	20,997	-	20,997	
Information Technology Total Service	Stock 29, etc.	n	Note 1	3,269	32,530	-	32,530	
Teco Singapore	Stock 16, etc.	Related party in substance	//	474	304,061	-	304,061	
Taiwan Pelican Express	Stock 20	An investee company accounted for under the equity method by the Company	"	7,070	194,778	0.33	194,778	
	Stock 16	None	//	716	459,698	0.32	459,698	
Teco Australia	Stock 16	"	"	359	230,750	0.16	230,750	
Sankyo	Stock 30	"	"	68	5,974	-	5,974	
Tecom and its subsidiaries	Stock 4	The Company is a corporate director of the investee	"	16,222	466,385	0.29	466,385	
	Stock 7, etc.	None	"	1,161	767	-	767	
	Stock 31	"	Note 3	2,119	31,997	1.11	31,997	
	Fund 6, etc.	"	Note 2	546	10,493	-	10,493	
Tong Dai	Stock 20	An investee company accounted for under the equity method by the Company	Note 3	77	2,127	-	2,127	
	Stock 32, etc.	None	//	2	74	-	74	

Note 1: Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income-non-current.

Note 2: Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current.

Note 3: Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income-current.

Note 4: Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current.

Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital

For the year ended December 31, 2022

Table 4

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

	Balance as at														
				Relationship	January 1, 2022		Addition		Disposal				Balance as at December 31, 2022		)22
		General		with the											
	Marketable	ledger	Counterparty	investor	Number of		Number of		Number of			Gain (loss) on	Number of	Amount	
Investor	securities	account	(Note 2)	(Note 2)	shares / units	Amount	shares / units	Amount	shares / units	Selling price	Book value	disposal	shares / units	(Note 3)	
Teco Holding	OASIS USD	Note 1	Not applicable	Not applicable	-	\$ 2,216,584	-	\$ -	-	\$ 2,219,164	\$ 2,214,400	\$ 4,764	-	\$	-
	Term Liquidity														
	Fund														

Note 1: The general ledger account is 'Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss'.

Note 2: Fill in the columns the counterparty and relationship if securities are accounted for under the equity method; otherwise leave the columns blank.

Note 3: The balance amount as at December 31, 2022 included unrealised gains or losses from financial assets.

#### Acquisition of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

For the year ended December 31, 2022

Table 5

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

## If the counterparty is a related party, information as to the last transaction of the real estate is disclosed below:

												Reason for	
							Original	Relationship				acquisition of	
							owner who	between the			Basis or	real estate and	
	Marketable					Relationship	sold the real	original owner	Date of the		reference used	status of the	
Real estate	Real estate	Date of the	Transaction	Status of		with the	estate to the	and the	original		in setting the	real estate	Other
acquired by	acquired	event	amount	payment	Counterparty	counterparty	counterparty	acquirer	transaction	Amount	price	disposal	commitments
Century Biotech Development Corp.	Park permanent work	In October 2019	\$1,660,955	\$1,645,032	FAR EASTERN GENERAL CONTRACTOR INC.	Non-related parties	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Comparative price and bargain	Operation needs	None
	Park curtain wall work	In February 2020	410,000	328,840	CHINA WIRE & CABLE CO., LTD.	Non-related parties	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Comparative price and bargain	Operation needs	None
	Park electrical and mechanical work	In September 2020	1,375,000	1,076,778	TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD.	Related parties	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Comparative price and bargain	Operation needs	None
	Park renovation work	In May 2021	483,900	396,039	CHEN-JIA CONSTRUCTION AND ENGINEERING CO., LTD.	Non-related parties	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Comparative price and bargain	Operation needs	None

# Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more For the year ended December 31, 2022

Table 6

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

# Differences in transaction terms compared to third

		_			Trans	action		party trai	nsactions	N	Votes/accounts	receivable (payable)	
												Percentage of	
		Relationship with the	Purchases			Percentage of total						total notes/accounts	
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	counterparty	(sales)		Amount	purchases (sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term		Balance	receivable (payable)	Footnote
TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD.	Tesen	An investee accounted for under the equity method	Purchases	\$	2,628,976	12%	30 days	Note	Note	(\$	494)	-	
	Taian Subic	"	″		210,335	1%	"	"	"	(	67,942)	(1%)	
	Wuxi Teco	An indirect investee accounted for under the equity method	"		1,724,452	8%	"	"	"	(	860,696)	(15%)	
	TECO (VIETNAM) ELECTRIC & MACHINERY	"	"		950,303	4%	"	"	"	(	87,282)	(2%)	
	Tai-An Wuxi	"	//		916,274	4%	"	"	"	(	197,411)	(3%)	
	Jiangxi TECO	<i>"</i>	″		135,984	1%	"	"	"	(	33,172)	(1%)	
	Tong Dai	An investee accounted for under the equity method	Sales	(	1,607,585)	(6%)	90 days	"	"		373,399	8%	
	Teco Singapore	"	"	(	523,808)	(2%)	"	"	"		55,263	1%	
	E-Joy International	"	″	(	481,729)	(2%)	"	"	"		143,772	3%	
	Taisan Electric	<i>"</i>	//	(	202,374)	(1%)	"	"	"		19,712	-	
	Taian Subic	<i>"</i>	″	(	129,034)	-	"	"	"		39,270	1%	
	A-Ok Technical	<i>"</i>	//	(	111,382)	-	"	"	//		8,569	-	
	Teco Westinghouse	An indirect investee accounted for under the equity method	//	(	3,420,685)	(13%)	"	"	"		231,858	5%	
	Teco Australia	"	//	(	1,277,640)	(5%)	<i>"</i>	<i>"</i>	//		261,529	6%	
	Teco Westinghouse Canada	"	//	(	1,031,795)	(4%)	<i>"</i>	"	//		111,141	3%	
	Sankyo	"	"	(	264,912)	(1%)	//	"	<i>"</i>		72,324	2%	
	Top-Tower	"	//	(	264,053)	(1%)	<i>"</i>	"	//		89,063	2%	
	Motovario	"	//	(	248,739)	(1%)	<i>"</i>	<i>"</i>	<i>"</i>		101,961	2%	
	Teco Netherlands	"	//	(	176,283)	(1%)	"	"	//		64,420	1%	
	TECO-Westinghouse Motor Company S.A	"	//	(	161,867)	(1%)	"	"	"		45,915	1%	
	TECO MIDDLE EAST	"	″	(	154,922)	(1%)	"	"	"		116,203	3%	

Note: Comparable with other types of transactions, trading conditions are handled in accordance with the agreement of the conditions.

# Receivables from related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more December 31,2022

Table 7

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Creditor	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Balance as at December 31, 2022	Turnover rate		Overdue re	eceivables  Action taken	Amount collected subsequent to the balance sheet date	Allowance for doubtful accounts
TECO ELECTRIC &	Tong Dai	An investee accounted for under the		3.62	\$	Amount	Action taken	\$ 307,777	doubtrul accounts
MACHINERY CO., LTD.	Tong Dai	equity method	\$ 373,723	3.02	Ф	-	-	\$ 301,111	
"	E-Joy International	"	144,532	3.48		-	-	83,730	
"	Teco Westinghouse	An indirect investee accounted for under the equity method	299,411	11.92		-	-	223,535	
"	Century Biotech Development Corp.	"	264,148	-		-	-	150,938	
"	Teco Australia	<i>"</i>	262,533	5.52		-	-	98,139	
"	Motovario	<i>"</i>	146,231	1.94		-	-	21,775	
<i>"</i>	Tesen	<i>"</i>	128,031	0.03		-	-	-	
<i>"</i>	TECO MIDDLE EAST	<i>"</i>	116,203	1.31				47,680	
"	Teco Westinghouse Canada	<i>"</i>	111,141	11.28				111,141	
Wuxi Teco	TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD.	An investee accounted for under the equity method	860,696	2.26		-	-	156,900	
Tai-An Wuxi	"	"	197,411	4.27		-	-	112,751	
U.V.G.	Teco Netherlands	An investee accounted for under the equity method	229,040	-		-	-	-	
Great Teco Motor (PTE) Ltd.	"	Fellow subsidiary	189,776	_		_	-	_	
Motovario Corp.	Motovario	An investee accounted for under the equity method	184,260	-		-	-	-	Total amount was \$1,468

### Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting period For the year ended December 31, 2022

Table 8

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Transaction

						Transaction	
							Percentage of consolidated total
Number			Relationship				operating revenues or total assets
(Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	(Note 2)	General ledger account	Amount	Transaction terms	(Note 3)
0	TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD.	Tong Dai	(1)	Notes receivable, accounts receivable and other receivables		Because there is no transaction in same type which can be compared with, it is based on the condition and the period specified in the agreement.	-
0	II .	Teco Westinghouse	"	Accounts receivable and other receivables	299,411	n	-
0	"	Teco Australia	"	"	262,533	"	-
0	"	Motovario	"	//	146,231	"	-
0	"	E-Joy International	<i>"</i>	"	144,532	"	-
0	//	Century Biotech Development Corp.	″	Notes receivable	264,148	"	-
0	//	TECO MIDDLE EAST	″	Accounts receivable	116,203	"	-
0	//	Teco Westinghouse Canada	″	<i>"</i>	111,141	"	-
0	//	Tesen	//	Other receivables	128,031	"	-
1	Wuxi Teco	TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD.	(2)	Accounts receivable	860,696	"	1%
2	Tai-An Wuxi	"	//	<i>"</i>	197,411	"	-
3	U.V.G	Teco Netherlands	(3)	Other receivables	229,040	"	-
4	Great Teco Motor (PTE) Ltd.	<i>''</i>	″	"	189,776	"	-
5	Motovario Corp.	Motovario	″	<i>"</i>	184,260	"	-
6	TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD.	Teco Westinghouse	(1)	Sales	3,420,685	"	6%
0	//	Tong Dai	″	<i>"</i>	1,607,585	"	3%
0	"	Teco Australia	″	<i>"</i>	1,277,640	"	2%
0	//	Teco Westinghouse Canada	″	<i>"</i>	1,031,795	"	2%
0	"	Teco Singapore	"	"	523,808	"	1%
0	II .	E-Joy International	"	"	481,729	"	1%
0	//	Sankyo	″	"	264,912	"	-
0	<i>"</i>	Top-Tower	"	"	264,053	"	-
0	//	Motovario	"	"	248,739	"	-
0	<i>"</i>	Taisan Eletric	"	"	202,374	"	-
0	//	Teco Netherlands	″	<i>"</i>	176,283	"	-

### Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting period For the year ended December 31, 2022

Table 8

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Transaction

						1141154611011	
Number			Relationship				Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets
(Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	(Note 2)	General ledger account	Amount	Transaction terms	(Note 3)
0	TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO.,	TECO-Westinghouse Motor Company	(1)	Sales	161,867	Because there is no transaction in same	-
	LTD.	S.A				type which can be compared with, it is	
						based on the condition and the period specified in the agreement.	
0	<i>II</i>	TECO MIDDLE EAST	//	<i>"</i>	154,922	"	-
0	"	Taian Subic	//	"	129,034	"	-
0	"	A-Ok Technical	//	"	111,382	<i>"</i>	-
6	Tesen	TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY	(2)	<i>"</i>	2,628,976	<i>"</i>	5%
		CO., LTD.					
1	Wuxi Teco	//	//	<i>"</i>	1,724,452	"	3%
7	TECO (VIETNAM) ELECTRIC &	//	//	"	950,303	<i>"</i>	2%
	MACHINERY						
2	Tai-An Wuxi	//	//	<i>"</i>	916,274	"	2%
8	Taian Subic	//	″	"	210,335	"	-
9	JIANGXI TECO	<i>''</i>	″	"	135,984	"	-

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

- (1) Parent company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Relationship with the transaction company:

- (1) The parent company to the subsidiary.
- (2) The subsidiary to the parent company.
- (3)The subsidiary to another subsidiary.

Note 3: Regarding percentage of transaction amount to total operating revenues or total assets, it is computed based on period-end balance of transaction to total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on accumulated transaction amount for the period to total operating revenues for income statement accounts.

# Information on investees For the year ended December 31, 2022

Table 9

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Investment income

				Initial inves	tment amount	Shares held	as at December 3	1, 2022	Net profit (loss) of the investee	(loss) recognized by the	
				Balance as at December 31,	Balance as at December 31,				for the year ended December 31,	Company for the year ended December 31,	
Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities	2022	2021	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value	2022	2022	Footnote
TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD.	Tung Pei	Taiwan	Manufacturing of bearings	\$ 12,293	\$ 12,293	39,145,044	31.14%	\$ 2,440,891	\$ 747,688	\$ 245,014	None
	Tecom	Taiwan	Manufacturing of key telephone system and nonkey service unit telephone system	431,109	431,109	60,090,307	63.52%	122,417	32,592	6,385	None
	Teco International	Taiwan	Investment holdings, investments in securities and construction of commercial buildings	100,013	100,013	77,847,395	100%	1,640,215	68,009	69,738	None
	Teco Holdings and its subsidiaries	U.S.A	Manufacturing and distribution of motors and generators, and investment and trading in USA	726,428	726,428	1,680	100%	11,712,525	371,139	370,644	None
	Teco Singapore and its subsidiaries	Singapore	Distribution of the Company's motor products in Singapore	112,985	112,985	7,200,000	90%	3,558,079	135,694	129,620	None
	Tong-An Investment	Taiwan	Investment holdings	2,490,000	2,490,000	577,913,365	99.60%	19,309,155	( 551,537)	( 565,550)	None
	Teco Electro UVG and its subsidiaries	Taiwan Cayman Islands	Manufacturing of Stepping motors Manufacturing and distribution of the Company's motor products and home appliances, and investment holdings	71,460 8,505,434	82,335 8,505,434	10,253,864 195,416,844	59.56% 100%	218,204 8,290,872	44,145 661,435	26,661 659,373	None None
	ITTS	Taiwan	E-business service, mailing and data management	111,286	111,286	11,467,248	41.97%	232,329	55,641	23,351	None
	Tesen	Taiwan	Manufacturing and sales of home appliance	200,000	200,000	20,000,000	100%	212,689	7,899	6,833	None
	Lien Chang	Taiwan	Manufacturing of color flybacks transformers, mono flyback transformers and mono deflection yokes	117,744	117,744	37,542,159	33.84%	487,575	10,418	1,528	None

				Initial inves	tment amount	Shares held	as at December 3	31, 2022	Net profit (loss)  of the investee	(loss) recognized by the	
Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities	Balance as at December 31, 2022	Balance as at December 31, 2021	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value	for the year ended December 31, 2022	Company for the year ended December 31, 2022	Footnote
TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY	Tong Dai	Taiwan	Distribution of the Company's motor products in Taichung	\$ 22,444	\$ 22,444	6,615,234	83.53%	\$ 443,610	\$ 145,919	\$ 119,457	None
	Teco Vietnam	Vietnam	Manufacturing and sales of motors	540,453	540,453	-	-	344,852	8,903)	4,757)	None
	Yatec	Taiwan	Development and maintenance of various electric appliances	92,389	92,389	7,800,000	66.67%	138,974	11,317	7,158	None
	Tong-An Assets	Taiwan	Real estate business	2,111,889	2,111,889	395,415,338	100%	5,298,140	81,555	82,566	None
	Taian Subic	Philippines	Manufacturing and sales of switches	165,819	165,819	17,131,155	76.70%	212,522	13,931	10,436	None
	Micropac (BVI) and its subsidiaries	British Virgin Islands	Manufacturing and distribution of optical fiber apparatus and international trading	454,923	454,923	14,883,591	100%	1,212,898		75,128	None
	Century Development	Taiwan	Development and management of industrial park	951,141	951,141	100,592,884	28.67%	1,375,539	345,805	93,672	None
	An-Tai International	Taiwan	Investment holdings	150,000	150,000	37,352,237	100%	613,404	27,772	23,866	None
	Taiwan Pelican Expess	Taiwan	Logistics and distribution services	255,116	255,116	24,121,700	25.27%	360,669	176,442	42,170	None
	Taian-Ecobar	Taiwan	Bus bar and manufacturing of its components	70,330	70,330	7,033,000	84.73%	162,861	52,471	44,461	None
	Eagle Holding Co.	Cayman Islands	Investment holdings	3,691,723	3,691,723	1	100%	4,805,052	308,783	308,783	None
Eagle Holding Co.	TECO MOTOR B.V.	Netherlands	s Investment holdings	3,691,723	3,691,723	1	100%	4,805,052	308,783	308,783	None
TECO MOTOR	Motovario S.p.A	Italy	Production and sale of gear reducers and motors	3,989,850	3,989,850	18,010,000	100%	4,805,052		308,783	None
Tung Pei	Tung Pei (SAMOA) Industrial Co., Ltd.	Samoa	Investment holdings and establishment of overseas distribution channel	646,343	646,343	23,031,065	100%	1,917,190	150,107	150,107	None
Tecom	Baycom	Taiwan	Manufacturing and sales of optical telecom products	431,258	431,258	14,700,741	43.76%	205,405	41,280	18,066	None
Tong-An Investment	Century Development	Taiwan	Development and management of industrial park	420,646	420,646	46,235,042	13.18%	681,276	345,805	46,283	None
	Taiwan Pelican Expess	Taiwan	Logistics and distribution services	54,874	54,874	6,474,468	6.78%	149,087	176,442	11,966	None
	Century Biotech Development Corp.	Taiwan	Development and construction of real estate	514,270	514,270	51,427,000	20.57%	501,580	( 11,601)	2,386)	None
	Century Real Estate (International) Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	Investing in other areas	274,856	274,856	9,120,000	30%	148,973	( 5,055)	1,521)	None

Investment income

				Initi	al investn	nent amount	Shares held	as at December	31,			fit (loss) nvestee	(loss) recognized by the	
				Balar as a Decemb	at	Balance as at December 31,					end Decem	e year ded aber 31,	Company for the year ended December 31,	
Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities	202	22	2021	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	<u> </u>	Book value	20	22	2022	Footnote
Lien Chang	Gen Mao International Corp.	Taiwan	Investment holdings	\$	92,000	\$ 92,000	12,553,526	100%	\$	151,236	\$	16,119	\$ 16,119	None
	Gen Mao (Singapore)	Singapore	Investment holdings	5	582,246	582,246	27,502,355	84.97%		751,271	1	122,166	99,575	None
Gen Mao International Corp.	Gen Mao (Singapore)	Singapore	Investment holdings		91,079	91,079	4,866,045	15.03%		132,881	1	122,166	17,618	None
Century Development	Centurytech Construction and Management Corp.	Taiwan	Construction and sales of related raw materials	2	238,170	238,170	2,250,000	100.00%	(	20,412)		16,119	17,145	None
	Jie-Zheng Property Service & Management Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Building management servicing		13,750	13,750	1,512,500	50%		77,138		35,962	18,043	None
	United Development	Taiwan	Investment consultancy service for domestic and foreign industrial parks and land		25,536	25,536	6,102,973	51.60%		89,741		11,758	6,067	None
	Greyback International Property Inc.	Philippines	Housing project in Subic		9,912	9,912	144,600	30.11%		10,457	(	22)	7)	None
	Century Real Estate (International) Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	Investing in other areas	3	365,820	365,820	12,160,000	40%		270,203	(	5,055)	2,022)	None
	Century Biotech Development Corp.	Taiwan	Development and construction of real estate	7	771,460	771,460	77,146,000	30.86%		752,463	(	11,601)	( 3,580)	None
Teco Electro	Teco Electro Devices Co., Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Trading and investment holdings		88,108	88,108	2,510,000	100%		243,820		21,358	22,409	None
Teco Singapore	Century Development	Taiwan	Development and management of industrial park	1	179,222	179,222	21,264,873	6.06%		2,699	3	345,805	210	None
Tong-An Assets	Century Development	Taiwan	Leasing of real estate	1	184,893	184,893	17,013,593	4.85%		214,711	3	345,805	16,265	None
	Century Biotech Development Corp.	Taiwan	Development and construction of real estate	5	514,270	514,270	51,427,000	20.57%		501,580	(	11,601)	2,386)	None
	Century Real Estate (International)	Singapore	Investing in other areas	2	274,856	274,856	9,120,000	30%		197,228	(	5,055)	( 1,558)	None

Investment income

Pte. Ltd.

#### Information on investments in Mainland China

For the year ended December 31, 2022

Table 10

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

				Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of January	Taiw Mainlan Amount re to Taiwa year ended I	mitted from van to d China/ mitted back in for the December 31, 122	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of	Net income of investee for the year ended	Ownership held by the Company	Investment income (loss) recognized by the Company for the year ended	Book value of investments in Mainland China as of	Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to Taiwan as of	
Investee in			Investment	1,	Mainland	back	December 31,	,	(direct or	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	
Mainland China	Main business activities	Paid-in capital	method	2022	China	to Taiwan	2022	2022	indirect)(%)	2022	2022	2022	Footnote
Teco (Dong Guang) Wuxi Teco	Manufacturing and sales of air conditioners mechanical equipment Manufacturing and sales of motors	\$ 268,799 1,697,276	Note 2	\$ 188,139 768,259	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ 188,139 768,259	\$ 4,047 490,683	100% 84.12%	\$ 4,228 417,927	\$ 136,295 1,971,584	\$ - 386,884	Note 15
Taian (Wuxi)	Manufacturing and sales of optical fiber	495,213	Note 10	205,551	-	-	205,551	79,790	100%	79,740	1,040,287	217,858	Note 15
Nanchang Teco	Manufacturing and sales of home appliances	456,293	Note 3	456,293	-	-	456,293	7,642	100%	7,642	(18,720)	-	Note 15
Jiangxi Teco	Manufacturing and sales of motors	1,481,569	Note 1	1,383,653	-	-	1,383,653	102,479	98.07%	100,501	1,569,735	72,823	Note 14
QingDao Teco	Manufacturing and sales of dyes	947,331	Note 1	1,648,510	-	-	1,648,510	3,860	87.60%	3,382	248,759	-	Note 14
Xiamen An-Tai	Development, manufacturing and sales of LCD monitors.	678,681	Note 3	467,577	-	-	467,577	2,246	100%	2,246	248,431	-	Note 14
Teco Han Zhou	Development and consulting of device products	9,837	Note 1	9,837	-	-	9,837	1,483	100%	1,147	23,110	11,937	Note 15
Teco Century	Manufacturing and sales of compressor	680,938	Note 3	340,469	-	-	340,469	4,527	24%	1,087	29,284	-	Note 15
Fujian Teco	Manufacturing and sales of electronic components	391,843	Note 1	391,843	-	-	391,843	(1,831)	100%	(1,831)	47,053	-	Note 15
Shanghai Xisngseng	Distribution of air conditioner	24,004	Note 2	-	-	-	-	2,062	39.90%	823	(10,285)	-	Note 15
Jiangxi TECO (AC)	Manufacturing and sales of air conditioning mechanical equipment	79,813	Note 3	79,813	-	-	79,813	12,748	100%	12,748	141,555	-	Note 15
Qingdao Teco Innovation	Science Park development and business operations and consulting services	59,444	Note 12	59,444	-	-	59,444	(1,906)	100%	(1,906)	39,067	-	Note 15
Shanghai Teco	Sales of home appliances	23,829	Note 1	23,829	-	-	23,829	128,322	100%	126,503	257,152	100,122	Note 14
Jiangxi TECO Westinghouse Motor Coil Co.,Ltd.	Manufacturing and sales of motors, winding and related parts	119,840	Note 11	-	-	-	-	8,326	100%	8,326	120,478	-	Note 15
Wuxi TECO Precision Industry Co. Ltd.	Production and sale of industrial motors and applications	656,500	Note 13	-	-	-	-	20,456	100%	21,948	852,156	-	Note 15
Beijing Pelican Express	Storage services	26,422	Note 4	26,422	-	-	26,422	-	-	-	-	-	Note 18
Fubon Gehua (Beijing) Trading Co., Ltd.	Merchandise wholesale	349,215	Note 5	24,746	-	-	24,746	-	1.63%	-	-	-	Note 16 \ 17
Wuhan Tecom	Communication network information, technology development, sales and technology services business	6,950	Note 6	6,950	-	-	6,950	1,025	100%	1,031	(173)	-	Note 14 \ 19

				Accumulated amount of remittance from	Amount ren Taiwa Mainland Amount ren	an to d China/	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan			Investment income (loss) recognized		Accumulated amount	
				Taiwan to	to Taiwa	n for the	to		Ownership	by the	Book value of	of investment	
				Mainland	year ended D	ecember 31,	Mainland	Net income of	held by	Company	investments in	income	
				China	200	22	China	investee for	the	for the year	Mainland	remitted back to	
				as of January	Remitted to	Remitted	as of	the year ended	Company	ended	China as of	Taiwan as of	
Investee in			Investment	1,	Mainland	back	December 31,	December 31,	(direct or	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	
Mainland China	Main business activities	Paid-in capital	method	2022	China	to Taiwan	2022	2022	indirect)(%)	2022	2022	2022	Footnote
Information	ERP building, system maintenance and purchases of	10,167	Note 8	10.167									
		,	14016 6	10,167	-	-	10,167	6,185	100%	6,185	35,156	-	Note 14
Technology	information appliance	,	Note 6	10,167	-	-	10,167	6,185	100%	6,185	35,156	-	Note 14
Technology (Wuxi)	information appliance	22,22.	Note 6	10,167	-	-	10,167	6,185	100%	6,185	35,156	-	Note 14
0.	information appliance  ERP building, system maintenance and purchases of	4,421	Note 8	-	-	-	10,167	6,185 762	100%	6,185 762	35,156	-	Note 14 \cdot 20
(Wuxi)	••				-	-							
(Wuxi) Information	ERP building, system maintenance and purchases of				-	-							
(Wuxi) Information Technology	ERP building, system maintenance and purchases of				-	-							

- Note 1: Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in the invested in Mainland China: Invest through United View Global Investment Co., Ltd. and Great Teco Motor (Pte) Ltd. and then invest in Mainland China.
- Note 2: Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in the invested in Mainland China: Invest through United View Global Investment Co., Ltd. and Asia Air Tech Industrial (Pte) Ltd. and then invest in Mainland China.
- Note 3: Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in the invested in Mainland China: Invest through United View Global Investment Co., Ltd. and Asia Electric & Machinery (Pte) Ltd. and then invest in Mainland China.
- Note 4: Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China: Invest through Pelecanus Express Pte. Ltd., and then invest in Mainland China.
- Note 5: Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China: Invest through Asian Crown International Co., Ltd. and then invest in Mainland China.
- Note 6: Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China: Invest through Tecom Global Tech Investment (B.V.I) Limited and then invest in Mainland China.
- Note 7: Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China: Invest through Tecom Global Tech Investment Pte Limited and then invest in Mainland China.
- Note 8: Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China: Invest through Information Technology Total Service (BVI) Co., Ltd. and then invest in Mainland China.
- Note 9: Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China: Invest through Teco Electro Devices Co., Ltd. and then invest in Mainland China.
- Note 10: Through investing in investees in the third areas, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China: Invest through Micropac Worldwide (B.V.I) and An-Tai International Investment (Singapore) Co., Ltd. and then invest in Mainland China.
- Note 11: Through investing in investees in the third areas, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China: Invest through Teco Holding USA Inc. and Teco Westinghouse Motor Company and then invest in Mainland China.
- Note 12: Through investing in investees in the third areas, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China: Invested through Tecocapital Investment (Samoa) Co., Ltd. and then invest in Mainland China.
- Note 13: Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in the invested in Mainland China: Invest through Great Teco Motor (Pte) Ltd., Teco Australia Pty. Ltd. and Teco Electric & Machinery (Pte) Ltd. and then invest in Mainland China.
- Note 14: The amount recognized was based on the financial statements that were audited by R.O.C. parent company's CPA firm.
- Note 15: The amount recognized was based on the financial statements that were not audited by the other CPA firm.
- Note 16: Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- Note 17: As of December 31, 2022, accumulated impairment of \$24,746 was accrued.
- Note 18: The company was dissolved and liquidated in 2022.

Co. Ltd.

- Note 19: There were upstream transactions with the subsidiaries amounting to (\$6) during the period.
- Note 20: The cancellation of registration was completed on August 11, 2022.

			In	vestment		
				amount		
			a	pproved		
	Ac	cumulated		by the	(	Ceiling on
	a	mount of	In	vestment	inv	vestments in
	rem	ittance from	Con	nmission of	Ma	inland China
	7	Γaiwan to	the	e Ministry	iı	mposed by
	Mai	nland China	of	Economic	the	Investment
	as c	of December		Affairs	C	ommission
Company name		31, 2022	(	MOEA)	(	of MOEA
TECO Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	\$	6,487,880	\$	8,750,356	\$	51,791,100
Taiwan Pelican Express Co., Ltd.		51,168		51,168		1,318,985
Tecom Co., Ltd.		6,950		681,144		285,012
Information Technology Total Services Co., Ltd.		10,167		10,167		332,147
Teco Electro Devices Co., Ltd.		86,101		115,225		220,594

Note 1: The accounts of the Company are expressed in New Taiwan dollars. Income statement accounts denominated in foreign currencies are translated into New Taiwan dollars at the weighted average exchange rates prevailing at the transaction dates and balance sheet accounts at spot exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet dates.

Note 2: The amount disclosed was based on Investment Commission, MOEA Regulation No. 09704604680 announced on August 29, 2008.

Note 3: Tecom completed the investment in Mainland China in the third quarter of 2010 and the ceiling on investments was \$1,760,251 which was calculated based on Tecom's net assets of \$2,933,752 in the third quarter of 2010.

# Significant transactions conducted with investees in Mainland China directly or indirectly through other companies in the third areas For the year ended December 31, 2022

Table 11

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

		Sale (purcha	ase)	 Property transaction			Accounts recei (payable)		Provision of e	endors arante			Financ	ing		
Investee in Mainland China		Amount	%	Amount	%		Balance at ecember 31, 2022	%	Balance at December 3 2022		Purpose	Maximum balance during the year ended December 31, 2022	Balance at December 31, 2022	Interest rate	Interest durin the year ende December 31 2022	d
Wuxi Teco	\$	13,843	-	\$ -	-	\$	2,922	-	\$	-	-	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$	-
Taian (Wuxi)		9,106	-	-	-		2,531	-		-	-	-	-	-		-
Jiangxi Teco		22,195	-	-	-		7,382	-		-	-	-	-	-		-
QingDao Teco		44	-	-	-		172	-		-	-	-	-	-		-
Shanghai Teco		13,885	-	-	-		-	-		-	-	-	-	-		-
Jiangxi TECO (AC)		862	-	-	-		-	-		-	-	-	-	-		-
Wuxi Teco Precision		1,367	-	-	-		230	-		-	-	-	-	-		-
Wuxi Teco	(	1,724,452)	(8%)	-	-	(	860,696)	15%		-	-	-	-	-		-
Taian (Wuxi)	(	916,274)	(4%)	-	-	(	197,411)	3%		-	-	-	-	-		-
QingDao Teco	(	38,428)	-	-	-		-	-		-	-	-	-	-		-
Jiangxi Teco	(	135,984)	(1%)	-	-	(	33,172)	1%		-	-	-	-	-		-
Xiamen An-Tai	(	5,044)	-	-	-		-	-		-	-	-	-	-		-
Jiangxi TECO (AC)	(	44,439)	-	-	-	(	10,072)	-		-	-	-	-	-		-
Wuxi Teco Precision	(	8,141)	-	-	-		-	-		-	-	-	-	-		-
Genmao (Suzhao)	(	75,547)	-	-	-	(	4,719)	-		-	-	-	-	-		-

### Major shareholders information

December 31, 2022

Table 12

	Shares	
Name of major shareholders	Number of shares held	Ownership (%)
PJ Asset Management Co., Ltd	373,237,991	17.45%
Walsin Lihwa Co., Ltd	230,438,730	10.77%
Jia-Yuan Investment Co., Ltd	135,653,000	6.34%