TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD.
AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

To TECO Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.

Introduction

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of TECO Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries (the "Group") as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the reports of other auditors, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Financial Statement Audit and Attestation Engagement of Certified Public Accountants and Standards on Auditing of Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and

appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Group's 2023 consolidated financial statements. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters for the Group's 2023 consolidated financial statements are stated as follows:

Revenue recognition of export sales of green mechatronic solution business group

Description

Refer to Note 4(34) of the consolidated financial statements for the accounting policies on revenue recognition and Note 14 for the segment financial information. The Group disclosed the financial information of green mechatronic solution business group, intelligence energy business group and air and intelligent life business group in the segment financial information. Green mechatronic solution business group handles the manufacturing and sales of various machinery, equipment and motors. The sales revenue of the green mechatronic solution business group amounted to NT\$31,667,634 thousand, representing 53% of the consolidated total sales revenue for the year ended December 31, 2023. Aside from domestic sales in Taiwan, the customers of green mechatronic solution business group are from America, Asia and Europe and the sales terms vary for different customers. Thus, we consider the revenue recognition of export sales of green mechatronic solution business group as a key audit matter.

How our audit addressed the matter

We performed the following audit procedures in respect of the above key audit matter:

- 1. Obtained an understanding of and validated the internal controls over revenue recognition of export sales of green mechatronic solution business group to assess the effectiveness of the internal control process.
- 2. Validated selected samples of export sales revenue transactions of green mechatronic solution business group to confirm their existence.

Other matter - Reference to the audits of other auditors

As described in Notes 4(3) and 6(7) of the consolidated financial statements, we did not audit the financial statements of certain investments accounted for under the equity method which were audited by other auditors. Therefore, our opinion expressed herein, insofar as it relates to the amounts included in respect of these associates, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. The balance of these investments accounted for under the equity method amounted to NT\$2,715,657 thousand and NT\$2,859,697 thousand, both constituting 2% of the consolidated total assets as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and total operating revenues amounted to NT\$2,924,901 thousand and NT\$3,163,153 thousand, both constituting 5% of consolidated total operating revenues for the years then ended, respectively. The investments accounted for under the equity method amounted to NT\$2,514,353 thousand and NT\$2,406,380 thousand, both constituting 2% of consolidated total assets as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, the credit balance of investments accounted for under the equity method amounted to NT\$83,843 thousand and NT\$194,811 thousand, both constituting less than 1% of consolidated total assets as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the comprehensive income recognized from associates and joint ventures accounted for under the equity method amounted to NT\$20,272 thousand and NT\$212,320 thousand, constituting 1% and (3%) of the consolidated total comprehensive (loss) income for the years then ended, respectively.

Other matter -Parent company only financial reports

We have audited and expressed an unqualified opinion with other matter section on the parent company only financial statements of TECO Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd. as of and for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high

level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial

- statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Wu, Yu-Lung Chou, Chien-Hung

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan

March 15, 2024

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditors' report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			December 31, 2023			December 31, 2022		
	Assets	Notes	 AMOUNT	%		(Adjusted) AMOUNT	%	
	Current assets	110005	 THUTCH			THIOCHT		
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1) and 8	\$ 23,640,536	19	\$	21,375,400	17	
1110	Current financial assets at fair value	6(2)	, ,			, ,		
	through profit or loss	. ,	27,314	_		31,790	_	
1120	Current financial assets at fair value	6(3)						
	through other comprehensive income		333,178	_		761,573	1	
1140	Current contract assets		3,858,752	3		2,316,064	2	
1150	Notes receivable, net	6(5) and 8	868,642	1		1,039,556	1	
1160	Notes receivable - related parties	7	99	-		101	_	
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(5)	10,488,483	8		10,049,783	8	
1180	Accounts receivable - related parties	7	194,077	-		301,997	-	
1200	Other receivables		351,635	-		326,141	-	
1210	Other receivables - related parties	7	73,276	-		86,927	-	
130X	Inventories, net	6(6)	11,631,793	9		12,895,287	10	
1410	Prepayments		575,230	1		496,418	-	
1470	Other current assets	6(1) and 8	437,596			636,384	1	
11XX	Total current assets		 52,480,611	41		50,317,421	40	
	Non-current assets							
1510	Non-current financial assets at fair	6(2)						
	value through profit or loss		3,541,679	3		3,271,436	3	
1517	Non-current financial assets at fair	6(3) and 8						
	value through other comprehensive							
	income		30,577,940	24		33,765,890	27	
1535	Non-current financial assets at	6(4) and 8						
	amortised cost, net		15,557	-		115,909	-	
1550	Investments accounted for under the	6(7) and 7						
	equity method		3,468,923	3		3,911,876	3	
1600	Property, plant and equipment, net	6(8) and 8	20,290,504	16		19,131,777	15	
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(9) and 8	7,473,207	6		6,735,166	5	
1760	Investment property, net	6(10)	2,785,187	2		2,966,896	2	
1780	Intangible assets	6(11)	4,832,979	4		4,668,399	4	
1840	Deferred income tax assets	6(30)	1,346,615	1		1,198,512	1	
1900	Other non-current assets	6(12)	 500,588			519,828		
15XX	Total non-current assets		 74,833,179	59		76,285,689	60	
1XXX	Total assets		\$ 127,313,790	100	\$	126,603,110	100	

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TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

				December 31, 2023			December 31, 2022 (Adjusted)		
	Liabilities and Equity	Notes		AMOUNT	%	-	AMOUNT	%	
	Current liabilities	Notes		AMOUNT			AMOUNT		
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(13) and 8	\$	1,357,111	1	\$	1,751,344	1	
2120	Current financial liabilities at fair	6(14)	φ	1,557,111	1	ψ	1,731,344	1	
2120	value through profit or loss	0(14)		5,850			4,144		
2126	Current financial liabilities for	6(15)		3,630	-		4,144	-	
2120	hedging	0(13)		5,025					
2130	Current contract liabilities	6(24)		2,305,861	2		2,319,189	2	
2150	Notes payable	0(24)		547,144	1		784,357	1	
2160	Notes payable - related parties	7		1,088	1		434	1	
2170	Accounts payable	/			- 7		9,077,048	7	
2170	Accounts payable - related parties	7		8,663,722	/			/	
2200	Other payables			38,189	5		48,756	5	
2230	Current income tax liabilities	6(16)		6,494,050			5,994,197		
2250	Provisions for liabilities - current	6(30)		936,600	1		852,683	1	
2280				435,516	-		301,730	-	
2320	Current lease liabilities	((10) 10		531,002	-		531,318	-	
	Long-term liabilities, current portion	6(18) and 8		484,224	1		228,159	- 1	
2399	Other current liabilities, others			829,103	1		841,157	<u>l</u>	
21XX	Total current liabilities			22,634,485	18		22,734,516	18	
	Non-current liabilities								
2530	Corporate bonds payable	6(17)		5,000,000	4		5,000,000	4	
2540	Long-term borrowings	6(18) and 8		3,065,622	2		3,427,355	3	
2550	Provisions for liabilities - non-current			215,991	-		156,881	-	
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities	6(30)		2,632,812	2		2,432,283	2	
2580	Non-current lease liabilities			5,346,519	4		4,541,089	4	
2600	Other non-current liabilities	6(7)(19)		1,975,581	2		1,992,487	1	
25XX	Total non-current liabilities			18,236,525	14		17,550,095	14	
2XXX	Total liabilities			40,871,010	32		40,284,611	32	
	Equity attributable to owners of								
	parent								
	Share capital	6(20)							
3110	Common stock			21,387,966	17		21,387,966	17	
	Capital surplus	6(21)							
3200	Capital surplus			9,629,730	7		9,575,822	7	
	Retained earnings	6(22)							
3310	Legal reserve			8,237,099	6		7,899,057	6	
3320	Special reserve			3,640,779	3		3,640,779	3	
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings			22,400,066	18		19,680,601	16	
	Other equity interest	6(23)							
3400	Other equity interest			15,364,660	12		18,352,419	14	
3500	Treasury stocks	6(20)	(511,710)		(511,710)		
31XX	Equity attributable to owners of		·		·		_		
	the parent			80,148,590	63		80,024,934	63	
36XX	Non-controlling interest	6(34)		6,294,190	5		6,293,565	5	
3XXX	Total equity			86,442,780	68		86,318,499	68	
	Significant contingent liabilities and	9		,,			, , ·		
	unrecognized contract commitments								
	Significant events after the balance	11							
	sheet date	•							
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		\$	127,313,790	100	\$	126,603,110	100	
J11211	- com maximues and equity		Ψ	121,515,170	100	Ψ	120,005,110	100	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except earnings per share amount)

			Year ended December 31						
				2023		2022			
	Items	Notes		AMOUNT	<u>%</u>	AMOUNT	<u>%</u>		
4000	Sales revenue	6(9)(10)(24) and 7	\$	59,393,661	100 \$	58,315,216	100		
5000	Operating costs	6(6)(8)(9)(19)(29)							
		and 7	(44,451,003) (<u>75</u>) (45,129,917) (77)		
5900	Net operating margin			14,942,658	25	13,185,299	23		
5910	Unrealized profit from sales		(10,419)	- (9,351)	-		
5920	Realized profit from sales			9,351	<u> </u>	8,354	<u>-</u>		
5950	Net operating margin			14,941,590	25	13,184,302	23		
	Operating expenses	6(8)(9)(19)(29)							
6100	Selling expenses		(4,492,287) (8) (4,412,306) (8)		
6200	General and administrative expenses		(2,620,767) (4) (2,496,464) (4)		
6300	Research and development expenses		(1,133,493) (2) (1,144,263) (2)		
6450	Expected credit impairment losses	12(2)	(31,791)	- (57,615)	<u>-</u>		
6000	Total operating expenses		(8,278,338) (14) (8,110,648) (14)		
6900	Operating profit			6,663,252	11	5,073,654	9		
	Non-operating income and expenses								
7100	Interest income	6(4)(25) and 7		619,223	1	233,077	-		
7010	Other income	6(3)(10)(26) and 7		1,687,895	3	1,544,357	3		
7020	Other gains and losses	6(2)(9)(14)(27)	(397,757) (1)(1,415,579) (3)		
7050	Finance costs	6(9)(28)	(322,399)	- (203,963)	-		
7060	Share of profit of associates and	6(7)							
	joint ventures accounted for under								
	the equity method			23,930	<u> </u>	190,279			
7000	Total non-operating income and								
	expenses			1,610,892	3	348,171			
7900	Profit before income tax			8,274,144	14	5,421,825	9		
7950	Income tax expense	6(30)	(1,942,112) (<u>4</u>) (1,429,815) (2)		
8200	Profit for the period		\$	6,332,032	10 \$	3,992,010	7		

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TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except earnings per share amount)

				Yea	ar ended Dece	mber 31	
				2023		2022	
	Items	Notes		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
	Other comprehensive income						
	Other comprehensive income that						
	will not be reclassified to profit or loss						
8311	Other comprehensive income(loss),	6(19)					
0311	before tax, actuarial losses on	0(1))					
	defined benefit plans		(\$	33,416)	- \$	94,741	_
8316	Unrealized losses and gains on	6(3)	(Ψ	33,110)	Ψ	71,711	
	valuation of investments measured	- (-)					
	at fair value through other						
	comprehensive income		(2,597,535) (4) (11,822,766) (20
8320	Share of other comprehensive						
	income(loss) of associates and joint						
	ventures accounted for using equity						
	method, components of other						
	comprehensive income that will not						
	be reclassified to profit or loss		(7,209)	- (12,277)	-
8349	Income tax related to components of	6(30)					
	other comprehensive income that						
	will not be reclassified to profit or						
	loss		(19,804)	(2,982)	-
8310	Components of other						
	comprehensive income that will						
	not be reclassified to profit or loss		(2,657,96 <u>4</u>) (<u>4</u>) (<u> </u>	11,743,284) (20
	Other comprehensive income that						
	will be reclassified to profit or loss						
8361	Currency translation differences of	6(23)					
02.60	foreign operations	((0.0)		151,288	-	1,916,975	3
8368	Losses on hedging instrument	6(23)	(5,025)	-	-	-
8399	Income tax relating to the	6(30)					
	components of other comprehensive						
	income that will be reclassified to			r roo	,	211 456) (
02.60	profit or loss			5,523		311,456) (_	<u>l</u>
8360	Components of other						
	comprehensive income that will be			151 706		1 (05 510	0
0200	reclassified to profit or loss			151,786	- _	1,605,519	2
8300	Other comprehensive loss for the		<i>(</i>	2 506 170) (4 \	10 127 765) (10
0500	period		(<u>\$</u>	2,506,178) (<u>4</u>) (<u>\$</u>	10,137,765) (18
8500	Total comprehensive income (loss)		ф	2 025 054	((145 755) (1.1
	for the period		\$	3,825,854	<u>6</u> (<u>\$</u>	6,145,755) (11
0.610	Profit attributable to:			- 000 0c1	0 4	0.455.665	
8610	Owners of the parent		\$	5,830,061	9 \$	3,457,667	6
8620	Non-controlling interest		ф.	501,971	10 -	534,343	<u> </u>
			\$	6,332,032	10 \$	3,992,010	7
	Comprehensive income (loss)						
0710	attributable to:		Φ.	0.055.040	F 1.4	(0.17 75()	4.4
8710	Owners of the parent		\$	3,277,943	5 (\$	6,347,756) (11
8720	Non-controlling interest			547,911	<u> </u>	202,001	-
			\$	3,825,854	<u>6</u> (<u>\$</u>	6,145,755) (11
	Earnings per share (in dollars)	6(31)					
9750	Basic earnings per share		\$		2.76 \$		1.64
9850	Diluted earnings per share		\$		2.76 \$		1.64

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

$\frac{\text{TECO ELECTRIC \& MACHINERY CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES}}{\text{CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY}}$

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

						Equity attributable to	owners of the parent						
					Retained Earnings		-	Other equity interest					
_	Notes	Share capital - common stock	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations	Unrealised gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Gains (losses) on hedging instruments	Treasury stocks	Total	Non-controlling interest	Total equity
For the year ended December 31.													
For the year ended December 31, 2022													
Balance at January 1, 2022		\$ 21,387,966	\$ 9,529,520	\$ 7,374,048	\$ 3,640,779	\$ 19,712,565	(\$ 4,033,116)	\$ 32,113,711	\$ -	(\$ 511,710)	\$ 89,213,763	\$ 6,448,168	\$ 95,661,931
Profit for the year	(22)	-	-	-	-	3,457,667	-	-	-	-	3,457,667	534,343	3,992,010
Other comprehensive income 6((loss) for the year	(23)	-	-	_	-	66,771	1,579,665	(11,451,859)	_	_	(9,805,423)	(332,342)	(10,137,765)
Total comprehensive income (loss)				-		3,524,438	1,579,665	(11,451,859)			(6,347,756)	202,001	(6,145,755)
Appropriations of 2021 earnings 6((22)										· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· ·
Legal reserve		-	-	525,009	-	(525,009)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends		-	-	-	-	(2,887,375)	-	-	-	-	(2,887,375)	-	(2,887,375)
Effect of changes in net equity of associates and joint ventures													
accounted for under the equity													
method Transactions with non-controlling		-	50,247	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50,247	-	50,247
interest		-	(3,945)	_		-	-	-	_	-	(3,945)	3,945	-
Changes in other non-controlling													
equity	(2) (22)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(360,549)	(360,549)
Disposal of investments in equity 6(instrument at fair value through	(3)(23)												
other comprehensive income		-	-	-	-	(144,018)	-	144,018	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at December 31, 2022		\$ 21,387,966	\$ 9,575,822	\$ 7,899,057	\$ 3,640,779	\$ 19,680,601	(\$ 2,453,451)	\$ 20,805,870	\$ -	(\$ 511,710)	\$ 80,024,934	\$ 6,293,565	\$ 86,318,499
For the year ended December 31, 2023													
Balance at January 1, 2023		\$ 21,387,966	\$ 9,575,822	\$ 7,899,057	\$ 3,640,779	\$ 19,680,601	(<u>\$ 2,453,451</u>)	\$ 20,805,870	\$ -	(<u>\$ 511,710</u>)	\$ 80,024,934	\$ 6,293,565	\$ 86,318,499
Profit for the year	(22)	-	-	-	-	5,830,061	-	-	-	-	5,830,061	501,971	6,332,032
Other comprehensive (loss) 6(income for the year	(23)	_	_	_	_	(43,402)	173,435	(2,677,126)	(5,025)	_	(2,552,118)	45,940	(2,506,178)
Total comprehensive income (loss)						5,786,659	173,435	(2,677,126)	(5,025)		3,277,943	547,911	3,825,854
Appropriations of 2022 earnings 6((22)							· ·	` `				
Legal reserve		-	-	338,042	-	(338,042)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends		-	-	-	-	(3,208,195)	-	-	-	-	(3,208,195)	-	(3,208,195)
Effect of changes in net equity of associates and joint ventures													
accounted for under the equity													
method		-	53,908	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	53,908	-	53,908
Changes in other non-controlling equity	23/223	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	(547,286)	(547,286)
Disposal of investments in equity 6(instrument at fair value through	3)(23)												
other comprehensive income						479,043		(479,043_)					
Balance at December 31, 2023		\$ 21,387,966	\$ 9,629,730	\$ 8,237,099	\$ 3,640,779	\$ 22,400,066	(\$ 2,280,016)	\$ 17,649,701	(\$ 5,025)	(\$ 511,710)	\$ 80,148,590	\$ 6,294,190	\$ 86,442,780

TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

		Year ended December 31			
	Notes		2023		2022
CACH ELOWICEDOM ODED ATDIC A CTIVITIES					
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		ф	0 074 144	ď	E 401 00E
Profit before tax		\$	8,274,144	\$	5,421,825
Adjustments					
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)	((0) (07)				
Net (gain) loss on financial assets at fair value	6(2)(27)	,	222 220 >		1 101 100
through profit or loss	C(1.4) (2.5)	(323,320)		1,131,130
Net loss on financial liabilities at fair value through	6(14)(27)		45.044		45.004
profit or loss			15,044		17,381
Provision for decline in value of inventories	6(6)		155,957		117,060
Expected credit impairment losses	12(2)		31,791		57,615
Interest income	6(25)	(233,077)
Dividend income	6(26)	(1,194,966)	(1,128,492)
Interest expense	6(28)		322,399		203,963
Depreciation and amortization	6(8)(9)(10)(29)		1,987,657		1,803,446
(Gain) loss on disposal of property, plant and	6(27)				
equipment		(155)		4,241
Gain on disposal of investment property	6(27)	(117,357)		-
Share of profit of associates and joint ventures	6(7)				
accounted for under the equity method		(23,930)	(190,279)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities					
Changes in operating assets					
Current contract assets		(1,542,688)		3,028
Notes receivable		`	171,163	(39,367)
Notes receivable - related parties			2	`	782
Accounts receivable		(476,521)	(220,887)
Accounts receivable - related parties			107,920		21,792
Other receivables		(25,494)		93,972
Other receivables - related parties		(13,651		31,634
Inventories			1,107,537	(760,249)
Prepayments		(78,812)	(19,393
Other current assets		(17,052		163,662
Non-current financial assets at fair value through			17,032		103,002
profit or loss			22,038		124,559
Changes in operating liabilities			22,030		124,557
Current contract liabilities		(13,328)		828,368
Notes payable		(237,213)	(236,682)
Notes payable - related parties		(654	(5,720)
Accounts payable		(413,326)	(191,180)
Accounts payable - related parties		(10,567)	(30,243)
Other payables		(307,861	(476,149
Provisions for liabilities			192,896		470,149
Other current liabilities		(165,875)		182,410
Other current liabilities		((316,127)
			51,139	(
Cash inflow generated from operations	((25)		7,536,130		7,350,107
Interest received	6(25)		619,223		233,077
Dividend received		,	106,079	,	138,348
Interest paid		(227,899)	(129,170)
Income tax paid		(1,800,626)	(1,237,746)
Net cash flows from operating activities			6,232,907		6,354,616

(Continued)

TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			Year ended December 31				
	Notes		2023	-	2022		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
(Increase) decrease in current financial assets at fair value							
through profit or loss		(\$	2,297)	\$	72,526		
Increase in non-current financial assets at fair value							
through other comprehensive income		(51,727)	(384,617)		
Proceeds from disposal of current financial assets at fair	6(2)						
value through profit or loss			37,812		2,219,166		
Proceeds from disposal of non-current financial assets at	6(3)						
fair value through other comprehensive income			1,064,955		209,316		
Decrease in non-current financial assets at amortized cost	6(4)		100,352		276,323		
Decrease in pledged and restricted bank and time deposits	6(1) and 8		188,491		1,054,465		
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(8)(32)	(2,010,237)	(2,904,793)		
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment			71,604		24,409		
Acquistion of investment property		(697)		-		
Acquisition of intangible assets			-	(108,408)		
Decrease (increase) in other non-current assets			31,211	(36,182)		
Net cash outflow on acquisitions of subsidiaries	6(32)	(29,425)		-		
Dividends received from investments of financial							
instruments			1,194,966		1,128,492		
Disposal of investment accounted for using equity method			117,357		-		
Increase in investments accounted for under the equity							
method and capital reduction to recover investment cost		(2,516)	(319,818)		
Net cash flows from investing activities			709,849		1,230,879		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Decrease in short-term loans	6(33)	(394,233)	(291,353)		
Repayments of bonds	6(33)		-	(1,000,000)		
Decrease in long-term loans	6(33)	(105,668)	(439,742)		
Lease liabilities paid	6(9)(33)	(620,778)	(570,981)		
Cash dividends paid to non-controlling interests		(410,948)	(404,738)		
Cash dividends paid	6(22)	(3,208,195)	(2,887,375)		
Net cash flows used in financing activities		(4,739,822)	(5,594,189)		
Exchange rate effect		<u>-</u>	62,202	· ·	1,748,727		
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents			2,265,136		3,740,033		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year			21,375,400		17,635,367		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		\$	23,640,536	\$	21,375,400		

TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

1. History and Organization

Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd. (the "Company") was incorporated as a company limited by shares under the provisions of the Company Act of the Republic of China (R.O.C.). The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred herein as the "Group") are primarily engaged in the manufacture, installation, wholesale, retail of various types of electronic equipment, telecommunication equipment, office equipment, and home appliances.

2. The Date of Authorization for Issuance of the Financial Statements and Procedures for Authorization

These consolidated financial statements were reported to the Board of Directors on March 15, 2024.

3. Application of New Standards, Amendments and Interpretations

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS®") Accounting Standards that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC and became effective from 2023 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Disclosure of accounting policies'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 8, 'Definition of accounting estimates'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 12, 'Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities	January 1, 2023
arising from a single transaction'	
Amendments to IAS 12, 'International tax reform - pillar two model	May 23, 2023
rules'	

Except for the following, the above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment. Amendments to IAS 12, 'International tax reform - pillar two model rules'

The amendments give companies temporary relief from accounting for deferred income taxes arising from tax law enacted or substantively enacted to implement the Pillar Two model rules published by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD). An entity shall neither recognise nor disclose information about deferred tax assets and liabilities related to Pillar Two income taxes.

(2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRSs Accounting Standards as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC and will became effective from 2024 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 16, 'Lease liability in a sale and leaseback'	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-	January 1, 2024
current'	
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Non-current liabilities with covenants'	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7, 'Supplier finance arrangements'	January 1, 2024
The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to	o the Group's financial
condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.	

(3) IFRSs Accounting Standards issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRSs Accounting Standards as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets	To be determined by
between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	International Accounting
	Standards Board
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IFRS 17, 'Initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 –	January 1, 2023
comparative information'	
Amendments to IAS 21, 'Lack of exchangeability'	January 1, 2025
The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.	*

4. Summary of Material Accounting Policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consol idated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers", International. Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC® Interpretations, and SIC® Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the "IFRSs").

(2) Basis of preparation

- A. Except for the following items, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
 - (a) Financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.
 - (b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.

- (c) Defined benefit liabilities recognized based on the net amount of pension fund assets less present value of defined benefit obligation.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

(3) Basis of consolidation

- A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:
 - (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
 - (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealized gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the group.
 - (c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.
 - (d) Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non -controlling interests) are accounted for as equity transactions, i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity.
 - (e) When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value. That fair value is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or the cost on initial recognition of the associate or joint venture. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognized in profit or loss. All amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are reclassified to profit or loss or transferred directly to retained earnings as appropriate, on the same basis as would be required if the related assets or liabilities were disposed of. That is, when the Group loses control of a subsidiary, all gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary should be reclassified from equity to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss when the related assets or liabilities are disposed of.

B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

			Owners	ship (%)	_
Name of Investor	Name of Subsidiary	Main Business Activities	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	Description
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Teco Holding USA Inc. and subsidiaries	Holding company investing in companies in North America and Taiwan. Its investees are primarily engaged in the manufacturing and sales of motors, generators, winding and related parts.	100	100	Notes 4 and 8
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	United View Global Investment Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries	A holding company whose investees are primarily engaged in the manufacturing, sales and agents of motors, home appliances, green power and other various electrical and electronic products in Mainland China, Southeast Asia and Australia.	100	100	
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Temico International Pte. Ltd. and subsidiaries	Holding company investing in companies in India. Its investees are primarily engaged in the manufacturing and sales of motors.	60	60	
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Tesen Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and sales of home appliances	100	100	
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Tong-An Assets Management & Development Co., Ltd.	Real estate business	100	100	

			Owners	hip (%)	
Name of	Name of	Main Business	December 31,	December 31,	-
Investor	Subsidiary	Activities	2023	2022	Description
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Teco Electric & Machinery (Pte) Ltd. and subsidiaries	Distribution of mechatronic products. Its investees are primarily engaged in the sales of mechatronic products in Singapore, India and neighbouring countries.	100	100	
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Tong Dai Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries	Distribution of mechatronic products	83.53	83.53	Note 3
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Teco Electro Devices Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries	Manufacturing and sales of step-servo motors. Its investees are primarily engaged in the trading, various investments and manufacturing and sales of motors in Mainland China.	61.07	61.07	Note 6
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Yatec Engineering Corporation and subsidiaries	Development and maintenance of various electric appliances	64.95	64.95	
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Taian (Subic) Electric Co., Inc.	Manufacturing and sales of switches	76.7	76.7	
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Taian-Etacom Technology Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing of busway and related components	84.73	84.73	
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Micropac Worldwide (BVI) and subsidiaries	International trading. Its investees are primarily engaged in the investment holdings and manufacturing, sales and technical services of fiber electric equipment and aerogenerator components in Mainland China.	100	100	

			Owners		
Name of	Name of	Main Business	December 31,	December 31,	_
Investor	Subsidiary	Activities	2023	2022	Description
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	E-Joy International Co., Ltd.	Wholesale and retail of electric appliances	98.07	98.07	Note 7
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	A-Ok Technical Co., Ltd.	Repair of electric appliances	86.67	86.67	
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Tecom Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries	Manufacturing and sales of touch-tone phone system and billing box. Its investees are primarily engaged in the various investments, research and development of software and hardware products related to fiber optic communications products in domestic area and Mainland China and technology development, manufacturing, sales and technology services of products related to communication network information.	63.52	63.52	
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Information Technology Total Services Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries	Import sales, leases of franking machines and mail processing and delivery. Its investees are primarily engaged in the services related to information software, data processing and electronic information supply in domestic area and Mainland China.	49.01	49.01	Note 2

			Owners		
Name of	Name of	Main Business	December 31,	December 31,	-
Investor	Subsidiary	Activities	2023	2022	Description
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Teco International Investment Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries	Various productions, investments in securities and construction of commercial buildings. Its investees are primarily engaged in the various investments and sales of motors in Japan.	100	100	
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Tong-An Investment Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries	Various investments. Its investees are primarily engaged in the building management servicing in domestic area, development and sales of software in Mainland China and Science Park development and business operations consulting services.	100	100	
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Tecnos International Consultant Co., Ltd.	Business management consulting	73.54	73.54	
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	An-Tai International Investment Co., Ltd.	Various investments	100	100	
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Taiwan Pelican Express Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries	Delivery and logistics services. Its investees are primarily engaged in the storage services in Mainland China.	33.38	33.38	Note 1
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Teco Technology (Vietnam) Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and sales of mechatronic products	100	100	

			Owners		
Name of	Name of	Main Business	December 31,	December 31,	
Investor	Subsidiary	Activities	2023	2022	Description
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Eagle Holding Co. and subsidiaries	Holding company investing in companies in Europe. Its investees are primarily engaged in the manufacturing and sales of reducers and motors.	100	100	
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Century Development Corporation and subsidiaries	Real estate and industrial park management and development. Its investees are primarily engaged in the construction industry, trades and related operation and investment of materials and sandstone used in construction and machinery, and investment consultancy service for domestic and foreign industrial parks and land.	52.75	52.75	
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Teco.Sun Energy Co., Ltd.	Energy technical services	60	60	
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Tong An Energy Co., Ltd.	Energy technical services	100	100	Note 5

- Note 1: The Company sold part of its ownership in Taiwan Pelican Express Co., Ltd. in August, 2012, and accordingly, its ownership fell below 50% of the voting shares of Taiwan Pelican Express Co., Ltd.. However, the Company still has control over the finance, operations and personnel affairs of Taiwan Pelican Express Co., Ltd., thus Taiwan Pelican Express Co., Ltd. continues to be included in the consolidated financial statements.
- Note 2: The Company has control over the Board of Directors of Information Technology Total Services Co., Ltd., and has absolute control over the subsidiary. Thus, the subsidiary was included in the consolidated financial statements.
- Note 3: The Company has control over the Board of Directors of Top-Tower Enterprises Co., Ltd. and has absolute control over the subsidiary. Thus, the subsidiary was included in the consolidated financial statements.
- Note 4: Teco Holding USA Inc. acquired 100% of the shares in Tai-Peng Energy Co., Ltd. through its wholly-owned subsidiary in January 2023, and the entity has been

included in the Group's consolidated financial statements since the acquisition date.

- Note 5: Tong An Energy Co., Ltd. was a newly established subsidiary in 2022.
- Note 6: The Company sold 517,000 of shares in Teco Electro Devices Co., Ltd. in January 2022. Therefore, the Group's shareholding ratio in the subsidiary decreased to 61.07% and the Group recognized a decrease in equity from transactions with non-controlling interest by (\$3,888).
- Note 7: In 2022, E-Joy International Co., Ltd. distributed employees' compensation for the year 2021 in the form of shares, and the Group's shareholding ratio to the company was decreased to 98.07%. Additionally, Group recognized a change of equity from transactions with non-controlling interest amounting to (\$57).
- Note 8: Teco Holding USA Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Teco Westinghouse Canada (TWMC), jointly invested and established Teco Electric Machinery S.A. de C.V. on March 3, 2023.

We did not audit the financial statements of certain consolidated subsidiaries which statements reflect total assets of \$2,715,657 and \$2,859,697 as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and net operating revenue of \$2,924,901 and \$3,163,153 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements:

			Ownership (%)		
Name of Investor	Name of Subsidiary	Main Business Activities	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	Description
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Teco Appliance (HK) Co., Ltd.	Sales of home appliances	-	100	Notes 1 and 2
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Taian Electric Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and sales of switches	100	100	Note 1
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	An-Sheng Travel Co., Ltd.	Travel agency services	89.58	89.58	Note 1
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Taian-Jaya Electric Sdn. Bhd.	Manufacturing and sales of air- conditioning equipment	100	100	Note 1
Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	Teco (Philippines) 3C & Appliances, Inc.		60	60	Note 1

			Ownership (%)		
Name of Investor	Name of Subsidiary	Main Business Activities	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	Description
Great Teco Motor (Pte) Ltd.	Teco Group Science- Technology (Hang Zhou) Co., Ltd.	Electrical machinery	100	100	Note 1
Tong-An Assets Management & Development Co., Ltd.	Grey Back International Property Inc.	Real estate management and development	100	100	Note 1
Tong-An Investment Co., Ltd.	Eurasia Food Service Co., Ltd.and its affiliates	Restaurant chain	100	100	Note 1

Note 1: The above subsidiaries were not included in the consolidated financial statements as their respective total assets and operating revenues did not exceed the materiality threshold of the Company's total assets and operating revenues..

Note 2: Teco Appliance (HK) Co., Ltd was dissolved and liquidated on August 18, 2023.

- D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
- E. Significant restrictions: None.
- F. Details of significant non-controlling interests: Please refer to Note 6(34).

(4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan Dollars, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

A. Foreign currency transactions and balances

- (a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
- (b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognized in profit or loss.
- (c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance

- sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates.
- (d) All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'other gains and losses'.

B. Translation of foreign operations

- (a) The operating results and financial position of all the group entities and associates that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:
 - I. Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
 - II. Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
 - III. All resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.
- (b) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is an associate exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on sale. In addition, even when the Group still retains partial interest in the former foreign associate entity after losing significant influence over the former foreign associate such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in these foreign operations.
- (c) When the foreign operation is partially disposed of or sold is a subsidiary, cumulative exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately transferred to the non-controlling in this foreign operation. In addition, even when the Group still retains partial interest in the former foreign subsidiary after losing control of the former foreign subsidiary, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in the foreign operation.
- (d) Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing exchange rates at balance sheet date.

(5) Classification of current and non-current items

- A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
 - (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realized, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
 - (c) Assets that are expected to be realized within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to pay off liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.
- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:
 - (a) Liabilities that are expected to be setteled within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
 - (c) Liabilities that are to be setteled within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

(6) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

(7) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

- A. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are not measured at amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognized and derecognized using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value and recognizes the transaction costs in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value, and recognises the gain or loss in profit or loss.
- D. The Group recognises the dividend income when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

(8) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

- A. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income comprise equity securities which are not held for trading, and for which the Group has made an irrevocable election at initial recognition to recognise changes in fair value in other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized and derecognized using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value. The changes in fair value of equity investments that were recognized in other comprehensive income are reclassified to retained earnings and are not reclassified to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends are recognized as revenue when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably

(9) Financial assets at amortised cost

- A. Financial assets at amortised cost are those that meet all of the following criteria:
 - (a) The objective of the Group's business model is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows
 - (b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at amortised cost are recognized and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest method. A gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired.
- D. The Group's time deposits which do not fall under cash equivalents are those with a short maturity period and are measured at initial investment amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(10) Accounts and notes receivable

- A. Accounts and notes receivable entitle the Group a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.
- B. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(11) Impairment of financial assets

For financial assets at amortized cost, at each reporting date, the Group recognises the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognises the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognises the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

(12) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset when one of the following conditions is met:

- A. The contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset expire.
- B. The contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset.
- C. The contractual rights to receive cash flows of the financial asset have been transferred; however, the Group has not retained control of the financial asset.

(13) Leasing arrangements (lessor)—operating leases

Lease income from an operating lease (net of any incentives given to the lessee) is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(14) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using weighted-average method. The cost of finished goods and work in process comprises raw materials, direct labor, other direct costs and related production overheads (allocated based on normal operating capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and applicable variable selling expenses.

(15) <u>Investments accounted for under the equity method – associates</u>

- A. Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control. In general, it is presumed that the investor has significant influence, if an investor holds, directly or indirectly 20 percent or more of the voting power of the investee. Investments in Aassociates are accounted for using the equity method and are initially recognized at cost. The Group's investments in associates include goodwill identified on acquisition, net of any accumulated impairment loss arising through subsequent assessments.
- B. The Group's share of its associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognized in profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognized in other comprehensive income. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognize further losses, unless it has incurred statutory/constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.
- C. When changes in an associate's equity do not arise from profit or loss or other comprehensive income of the associate and such changes do not affect the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, the Group recognizes the Group's share of change in equity of the associate in 'capital surplus' in proportion to its ownership.

- D. Unrealized gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
- E. In the case that an associate issues new shares and the Group does not subscribe or acquire new shares proportionately, which results in a change in the Group's ownership percentage of the associate but maintains significant influence on the associate, then 'capital surplus' and 'investments accounted for under the equity method' shall be adjusted for the increase or decrease of its share of equity interest. If the above condition causes a decrease in the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, in addition to the above adjustment, the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of.
- F. When the Group disposes its investment in an associate and loses significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate, are reclassified to profit or loss, on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of. If it retains significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately in accordance with the aforementioned approach.

(16) Property, plant and equipment

- A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period are capitalised.
- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
- C. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.
- D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year-end. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Buildings and structures	10	~	50 years
Machinery and equipment	3	~	15 years
Transportation equipment	3	~	5 years
Other equipment	2	~	15 years
Leasehold improvements	3	~	5 years

(17) <u>Leasing arrangements (lessee) – right-of-use assets/ lease liabilities</u>

- A. Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.
- B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate.
 - Lease payments are comprised of the following:
 - (a) Fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable; and
 - (b) Variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate;
 - The Group subsequently measures the lease liability at amortised cost using the interest method and recognises interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.
- C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is stated at cost comprising the following:
 - (a) The amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
 - (b) Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date;
 - (c) Any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee; and
 - (d) An estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

D. For lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the lessee shall decrease the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset and remeasure the lease liability to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognise the difference in profit or loss.

(18) <u>Investment property</u>

An investment property is stated initially at its cost and measured subsequently using the cost model. Except for land, investment property is depreciated on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of $15 \sim 60$ years.

(19) Intangible assets

- A. Goodwill arises in a business combination accounted for by applying the acquisition method
- B. Intangible assets, except goodwill are mainly computer software, which is stated at cost and amortized on the straight-line basis over the estimated economic useful life.

(20) Impairment of non-financial assets

A. The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. Except for goodwill, when the circumstances or reasons for recognising impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortised historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognised.

- B. The recoverable amounts of goodwill, intangible assets with an indefinite useful life are evaluated periodically. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment loss of goodwill previously recognised in profit or loss shall not be reversed in the following years.
- C. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each of the cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that is/are expected to benefit from the synergies of the business combination. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is allocated represents the lowest level within the entity at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. Goodwill is monitored at the operating segment level.

(21) Borrowings

- A. Borrowings comprise long-term and short-term bank borrowings. Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.
- B. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a pre-payment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

(22) Notes and accounts payable

- A. Accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of raw materials, goods or services and notes payable are those resulting from operating and non-operating activities.
- B. The short-term notes and accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(23) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

- A. Financial liabilities are classified in this category of held for trading. Derivatives are also categorised as financial liabilities held for trading unless they are designated as hedges.
- B. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial liabilities at fair value. All related transaction costs are recognised in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures these financial liabilities at fair value with any gain or loss recognised in profit or loss.

(24) Bonds payable

Ordinary corporate bonds issued by the Group are initially recognised at fair value less transaction costs. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is presented as an addition to or deduction from bonds payable, which is amortised to profit or loss over the period of bond circulation using the effective interest method as an adjustment to 'finance costs'.

(25) Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation specified in the contract is either discharged or cancelled or expires.

(26) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and reported in the net amount in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(27) Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the Group to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the original or modified terms of a debt instrument. At initial recognition, the Group measures financial guarantee contracts at fair value and subsequently at the higher of the amount of provisions determined by the expected credit losses and the cumulative gains that were previously recognised.

(28) Hedge accounting

- A. At the inception of the hedging relationship, there is formal designation and documentation of the hedging relationship and the Group's risk management objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge. That documentation shall include identification of the hedging instrument, the hedged item, the nature of the risk being hedged and how the Group will assess whether the hedging relationship meets the hedge effectiveness requirements.
- B. The Group designates the hedging relationship as follows:

 Cash flow hedge: a hedge of the exposure to variability in cash flows that is attributable to a particular risk associated with a recognised asset or liability or a highly probable forecast transaction.

C. Cash flow hedges

- (a) The cash flow hedge reserve associated with the hedged item is adjusted to the lower of the following (in absolute amounts):
 - i. the cumulative gain or loss on the hedging instrument from inception of the hedge; and
 - ii.the cumulative change in fair value of the hedged item from inception of the hedge.
- (b) The effective portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument is recognised in other comprehensive income. The gain or loss on the hedging instrument relating to the ineffective portion is recognised in profit or loss.
- (c) The amount that has been accumulated in the cash flow hedge reserve in accordance with (a) is accounted for as follows:
 - i. If a hedged forecast transaction subsequently results in the recognition of a non-financial asset or non-financial liability, or a hedged forecast transaction for a non-financial asset or non-financial liability becomes a firm commitment for which fair value hedge accounting is applied, the Group shall remove that amount from the cash flow hedge reserve and include it directly in the initial cost or other carrying amount of the asset or liability.
 - ii. For cash flow hedges other than those covered by i. above, that amount shall be reclassified from the cash flow hedge reserve to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment in the same period or periods during which the hedged expected future cash flows affect profit or loss.
 - iii.If that amount is a loss and the Group expects that all or a portion of that loss will not be recovered in one or more future periods, it shall immediately reclassify the amount that is not expected to be recovered into profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment.
- (d) When the hedging instrument expires, or is sold, terminated, exercised or when the hedging relationship ceases to meet the qualifying criteria, if the forecast transaction is still expected to occur, the amount that has been accumulated in the cash flow hedge reserve shall remain in the cash flow hedge reserve until the forecast transaction occurs; if the forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, the amount shall be immediately reclassified from the cash flow hedge reserve to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment.

(29) Provisions

Provisions (including product warranties, etc.) are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated. Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation on the balance sheet date, which is discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

(30) Employee benefits

A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognised as expenses in that period when the employees render service.

B. Pensions

(a) Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the Group pays fixed contributions to an independent, publicly or privately administered pension fund. The Group has no further legal or constructive obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as pension expenses when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

(b) Defined benefit plans

- I. Net obligation under a defined benefit plan is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive on retirement for their services with the Group in current period or prior periods. The liability recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets. The net defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The rate used to discount is determined by using interest rates of high-quality corporate bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related pension liability; when there is no deep market in high-quality corporate bonds, the Group uses interest rates of government bonds (at the balance sheet date) instead.
- II. Remeasurements arising on defined benefit plans are recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and are recorded as retained earnings.

C. Termination benefits

Termination benefits are employee benefits provided in exchange for the termination of employment as a result from either the Group's decision to terminate an employee's employment before the normal retirement date, or an employee's decision to accept an offer of redundancy benefits in exchange for the termination of employment. The Group recognises expense as it can no longer withdraw an offer of termination benefits or it recognises relating restructuring costs, whichever is earlier. Benefits that are expected to be due more than 12 months after balance sheet date shall be discounted to their present value.

D. Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration are recognised as expense and liability, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates. If employee compensation is paid by shares, the Group calculates the number of shares based on the closing price at the previous day of the board meeting resolution.

(31) Income tax

- A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or items recognised directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.
- C. Deferred tax is recognised, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. However, the deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences. Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.
- D. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. At each balance sheet date, unrecognised and recognised deferred income tax assets are reassessed.
- E. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.
- F. Based on the "Income Basic Tax Act", if the regular income tax is equal or more than the basic tax, the income tax payable shall be calculated in accordance with the Income Tax Act and other relevant laws. Whereas, if the regular income tax is less than basic tax, the income tax payable shall be equal to the basic tax. The difference between the regular income tax and basic tax shall not be subject to deductions of investment tax credits granted

under the provisions of other laws.

(32) Share capital

- A. Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or stock options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.
- B. Where the Company repurchases the Company's equity share capital that has been issued, the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs (net of income taxes) is deducted from equity attributable to the Company's equity holders.

(33) Dividends

Dividends are recorded in the Company's financial statements in the period in which they are resolved by the Company's shareholders. Cash dividends are recorded as liabilities.

(34) Revenue recognition

- A. Sales of goods—wholesale
 - (a) The Group manufactures and sells various types of m echanical equipment, airconditioning units and electronic equipment products. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the wholesaler, the wholesaler has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the wholesaler's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the wholesaler, and either the wholesaler has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.
 - (b) Electronic and machinery, electronic equipment and power generation equipment are often sold with volume discounts based on aggregate sales over a 12-month period. Revenue from these sales is recognised based on the price specified in the contract, net of the estimated volume disco unts and sales discounts and allowances. Accumulated experience is used to estimate and provide for the volume discounts and sales discounts and allowances, using the expected value method, and revenue is only recognised to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal will not occur. The estimation is subject to an assessment at each reporting date. A refund liability is recognised for expected volume discounts and sales discounts and allowances payable to customers in relation to sales made until the end of the reporting period. The sales are made with a credit term of 30 days. As the time interval between the transfer of committed goods or service and the payment of customer does not exceed one year, the Group does not adjust the transaction price to reflect the time value of money.
 - (c) The Group's obligation to provide a repair for faulty products under the standard warranty terms is recognised as a provision.
 - (d) A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.
- B. Installation and construction service of electrification products
 - (a) The Group provides installation and construction service of electrification products. Revenue from providing services is recognized in the accounting period in which the services are rendered. For fixed-price contracts, revenue is recognised based on the actual service provided to the end of the reporting period as a proportion of the total services to be provided. This is determined based on the actual cost spent relative to the total cost. The customer pays at the time specified in the payment schedule. If the services rendered exceed the payment, a contract asset is recognised. If the payments

exceed the services rendered, a contract liability is recognised.

- (b) Some contracts include sales and installation services of equipment. The equipment and the installation services provided by the Group are not distinct and are identified to be one performance obligation satisfied over time since the installation services involve significant customisation and modification. The Group recognises revenue on the basis of costs incurred relative to the total expected costs of that performance obligation. Conversely, the Group recognises revenue at an amount equal to the cost of a good if the good is not distinct and its cost is significant relative to the total expected costs, the customer is expected to obtain control of the good significantly before receiving services related to the good, and the Group procures the good from a third party and is not involved in designing and manufacturing the good by acting as a principal.
- (c) The Group's estimate about revenue, costs and progress towards complete satisfaction of a performance obligation is subject to a revision whenever there is a change in circumstances. Any increase or decrease in revenue or costs due to an estimate revision is reflected in profit or loss during the period when the management become aware of the changes in circumstances.

C. Incremental costs of obtaining a contract

Given that the contractual period lasts less than one year, the Group recognises the incremental costs of obtaining a contract as an expense when incurred although the Group expects to recover those costs.

(35) Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value only when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with any conditions attached to the grants and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises expenses for the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.

(36) Business combinations

- A. The Group uses the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets transferred, liabilities incurred or assumed and equity instruments issued at the acquisition date, plus the fair value of any assets and liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. All acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. For each business combination, the Group measures at the acquisition date components of non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to the proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation at either fair value or the present ownership instruments' proportionate share in the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other non-controlling interests should be measured at the acquisition-date fair value.
- B. The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed is recorded as goodwill at the acquireition date. If the total of consideration transferred, non-controlling interest in the acquiree recognised and the fair value of previously held equity interest in the acquiree is less than the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed, the difference is recognised directly in profit or loss on the acquisition date.

(37) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The Group's chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors that makes strategic decisions.

5. Critical Accounting Judgements, Estimates and Key Sources of Assumption Uncertainty

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year; and the related information is addressed below:

- (1) Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies None.
- (2)Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

Impairment assessment of goodwill

The impairment assessment of goodwill relies on the Group's subjective judgment, including identifying cash-generating units, allocating assets and liabilities as well as goodwill to related cash-generating units, and determining the recoverable amounts of related cash-generating units. Please refer to Note 6(11) for the information of the assessment of goodwill impairment.

The amount of the Group's goodwill after recognising the impairment loss was \$4,730,316 as at December 31, 2023.

6. Details of Significant Accounts

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

	Dece	ember 31, 2023	Dece	ember 31, 2022
Cash on hand and revolving funds	\$	7,954	\$	6,978
Checking accounts and demand deposits		7,520,061		7,488,646
Time deposits and notes issued under				
repurchase agreement		16,112,521		13,879,776
	\$	23,640,536	\$	21,375,400

- A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.
- B. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, certain bank deposits amounting to \$168,197 and \$574,814, respectively, were restricted due to earmarked construction projects, loans for purchasing materials and the regulation governing the management, utilization, and taxation of repatriated offshore funds reserved in special account (listed as '1470 Other current assets'). Please refer to Note 8 for details.
- C. According to IFRS Q&A amended by the competent authority on January 5, 2024, the Group reclassified the undrawn balance of deposits account for offshore funds which applies "The Management, Utilization, and Taxation of Repatriated Offshore Funds Act" from other current assets to cash and cash equivalents, which was retrospectively reclassified to December 31, 2022. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, cash and cash equivalents was increased and other current assets was decreased by \$485 and \$218,604.

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Items	Decemb	per 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	
Current items:				
Financial assets mandatorily measure	red at			
fair value through profit or loss				
Money market fund	\$	29,740	\$	34,240
Derivative instruments		787		301
		30,527		34,541
Valuation adjustments	(3,213)	(2,751)
	\$	27,314	\$	31,790
Non-current items:				
Financial assets mandatorily measure	red at			
fair value through profit or loss				
Listed and OTC stocks	\$	884,399	\$	884,399
Non-listed and OTC stocks		810,394		810,394
Fund beneficiary certificate		675,826		713,556
		2,370,619		2,408,349
Valuation adjustments		1,171,060		863,087
	\$	3,541,679	\$	3,271,436
A. Amounts recognised in profit or profit or loss are listed below:	or loss in relation to	financial asse	ts at fair val	lue through
	For the	year ended	For the y	ear ended
	Decemb	per 31, 2023	December	r 31, 2022
Financial assets mandatorily me at fair value through profit or lo				
Equity instruments	\$	323,320	(\$	1,131,130)
B. The non-hedging derivative instr	rument transactions a	and contract inf December 31, 2		as follows:
		Contrac	t amount	
Derivative instrument	Contract period	(Notional	principal)	Fair value
Forward foreign exchange contracts				_
BUY RMB/SELL USD	December 5, 2023 ~ February 27, 2024	USD	8,000,000	\$ 787

		December 31, 2022					
		Contra	ct amount				
Derivative instrument	Contract period	(Notiona	l principal)	Fair	r value		
Forward foreign exchange contra	acts						
BUY EUR/SELL AUD	December 1, 2022 ~ February 9, 2023	EUR	100,000	\$	53		
BUY USD/SELL AUD	December 14, 2022 ~ January 20, 2023	USD	1,000,000		248		
				\$	301		

December 31, 2022

- C. The Group entered into forward foreign exchange contracts to sell to hedge exchange rate risk of export proceeds. However, these forward foreign exchange contracts are not accounted for under hedge accounting.
- D. Information relating to the price risk and fair value information of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is provided in Note 12(2)(3).
- (3) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Items	Dece	December 31, 2023		December 31, 2023 Dec		ecember 31, 2022	
Current items:							
Listed and OTC stocks	\$	169,355	\$	482,495			
Valuation adjustments		163,823		279,078			
	\$	333,178	\$	761,573			
Non-current items:							
Listed and OTC stocks	\$	12,495,913	\$	12,694,093			
Emerging stocks		119,475		115,200			
Non-listed and OTC stocks		306,948		333,657			
		12,922,336		13,142,950			
Valuation adjustments		17,655,604		20,622,940			
-	\$	30,577,940	\$	33,765,890			

- A. The Group has elected to classify investments in Taiwan High Speed Rail, etc. that are considered to be steady dividend income as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. The fair value of such investments amounted to \$30,911,118 and \$34,527,463 as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.
- B. For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group sold stocks with fair values of \$1,064,955 and \$209,316, respectively, to raise the capital for operations; the cumulative gains (loss) on disposal are \$498,467 and (\$144,018), respectively, and the realized profits were carried forward from other equity to retained earnings.

C. Amounts recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are listed below:

	For t	he year ended	For the year ended		
	Dece	mber 31, 2023	Dece	ember 31, 2022	
Equity instruments at fair value through					
other comprehensive income					
Fair value change recognised in other					
comprehensive income	(\$	2,597,535)	(<u>\$</u>	11,822,766)	
Cumulative gains (losses) reclassified to					
retained earnings due to derecognition	\$	498,467	(\$	144,018)	
Dividend income recognised in profit or loss					
Held at end of period	\$	1,046,647	\$	943,858	
Derecognised during the period				3,649	
	\$	1,046,647	\$	947,507	

- D. Details of the Group's financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income pledged to others as collateral are provided in Note 8.
- E. Information relating to the price risk and fair value information of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income is provided in Note 12(2)(3).

(4) Financial assets at amortised cost

Items	December 31, 2023		Dece	ember 31, 2022
Non-current items:				
Time deposits	\$	15,557	\$	115,909

A. Amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to financial assets at amortised cost are listed below:

Interest income	\$	2,278	\$	6,787
	December 3	31, 2023	Decem	ber 31, 2022
	For the year	ır ended	For the	e year ended

- B. As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the financial assets at amortised cost held by the Group were \$15,557 and \$115,909, respectively.
- C. Details of the Group's financial assets at amortised cost pledged to others as collateral are provided in Note 8.
- D. Information relating to credit risk of financial assets at amortised cost is provided in Note 12(2). The counterparties of the Group's investments in certificates of deposits are financial institutions with high credit quality, so the Group expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.

(5) Notes and accounts receivable

			December 31, 202		
Notes receivable	\$	870,587	\$	1,041,750	
Less: Allowance for bad debts	(1,945)	(2,194)	
	\$	868,642	\$	1,039,556	
Accounts receivable		10,688,811	\$	10,264,814	
Less: Allowance for bad debts	(200,328)	(215,031)	
	\$	10,488,483	\$	10,049,783	

A. The ageing analysis of notes and accounts receivable is as follows:

	Dece	December 31, 2023		mber 31, 2022
Not past due	\$	8,798,254	\$	8,970,190
Up to 30 days		1,211,495		1,049,553
31 to 90 days		811,799		542,913
91 to 180 days		311,073		283,479
Over 180 days		426,777		460,429
	\$	11,559,398	\$	11,306,564

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

- B. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the balances of receivables (including notes receivable) from contracts with customers amounted to \$11,327,753 and \$11,046,707, respectively.
- C. As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the Group's notes receivable were \$868,642 and \$1,039,556 and accounts receivable were \$10,488,483 and \$10,049,783, respectively.
- D. Details of the Group's notes receivable pledged to others are provided in Note 8.
- E. Information relating to credit risk of accounts receivable and notes receivable is provided in Note 12(2).

(6) <u>Inventories</u>

	December 31, 2023					
		Allowance for				
		Cost		valuation loss		Book value
Raw materials	\$	3,182,271	(\$	192,287)	\$	2,989,984
Work in progress		1,212,304	(35,694)		1,176,610
Finished goods		6,870,363	(446,128)		6,424,235
Inventory in transit		545,269		-		545,269
Merchandise inventories		500,026	(4,331)		495,695
	\$	12,310,233	(<u>\$</u>	678,440)	\$	11,631,793

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	Allowance for						
	Cost		valuation loss		Book value		
Raw materials	\$	3,651,577	(\$	221,898)	\$	3,429,679	
Work in progress		1,522,111	(9,175)		1,512,936	
Finished goods		7,197,857	(441,152)		6,756,705	
Inventory in transit		661,540		-		661,540	
Merchandise inventories		546,287	(11,860)	_	534,427	
	\$	13,579,372	(\$	684,085)	\$	12,895,287	

- A. The cost of inventories recognized as expense for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 were \$28,128,727 and \$29,569,180, respectively, including \$155,957 and \$117,060 that the Group wrote down from cost to the net realizable value accounted for as cost of goods sold for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.
- B. The Group has no inventory pledged to others.

(7) Investments accounted for under the equity method

	Dece	mber 31, 2023	Dece	ember 31, 2022
Associates:				
1. Tung Pei Industrial Co., Ltd.	\$	2,339,997	\$	2,440,891
2. Lien Chang Electronic Enterprise Co., Ltd.		452,479		487,575
3. Others		676,447		983,410
		3,468,923		3,911,876
Less: Credit balance of investments accounted				
for under the equity method such as Royal				
Host Taiwan Co., Ltd.(shown as deductions				
on accounts receivable - related parties				
as well as other receivables -				
related parties, and other non-		00.040	,	101011)
current liabilities)	(83,843)	(194,811)
	\$	3.385.080	\$	3.717.065

The share of profit/loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for under the equity method for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	For th	e year ended	For t	r the year ended	
Associates:	Decen	nber 31, 2023	Dece	mber 31, 2022	
1. Tung Pei Industrial Co., Ltd.	\$	12,552	\$	245,014	
2. Lien Chang Electronic Enterprise Co., Ltd.	(29,847)		1,528	
3. Others		41,225	(56,263)	
	\$	23,930	\$	190,279	

A. Associates

(a) The basic information of the associates that are material to the Group is as follows:

Shareholding ratio

		Sharehol	ding ratio		
	place of	December 31,	December 31,	Nature of	Method of
Company name	business	2023	2022	relationship	measurement
Tung Pei Industrial	R.O.C.	31.14%	31.14%	Financial	Equity method
Co., Ltd.				investment	
Lien Chang Electronic	R.O.C.	33.84%	33.84%	//	<i>"</i>
Enterprise Co., Ltd.					

(b) The summarized financial information of the associates that are material to the Group is shown below:

Balance sheet

	Tung Pei Industrial Co., Ltd.							
	Dece	mber 31, 2023	Dece	mber 31, 2022				
Current assets	\$	4,984,212	\$	6,109,680				
Non-current assets		7,431,032		7,634,024				
Current liabilities	(3,110,385)	(3,861,672)				
Non-current liabilities	(1,091,475)	()	1,289,872)				
Total assets	\$	8,213,384	\$	8,592,160				
Share in associate's net assets	\$	2,339,997	\$	2,440,891				
Goodwill			_					
Carrying amount of the associate	\$	2,339,997	\$	2,440,891				
	Lien	Chang Electronic	c Enter	orise Co., Ltd.				
	Dece	mber 31, 2023	Dece	mber 31, 2022				
Current assets	\$	1,148,508	\$	1,465,956				
Non-current assets		400,790		409,658				
Current liabilities	(162,327)	(368,510)				
Non-current liabilities	(50,016)	(66,450)				
Total net assets	\$	1,336,955	\$	1,440,654				
Share in associate's net assets Goodwill	\$	452,479 -	\$	487,575				
Carrying amount of the associate	\$	452,479	\$	487,575				
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-	Tung Pei Industrial Co., Ltd.					
	For t	the year ended	For the year ended			
	Dece	mber 31, 2023	Dece	ember 31, 2022		
Revenue	\$	6,506,646	\$	8,079,648		
Profit for the period from						
continuing operations		26,062		756,821		
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax	(73,876)		61,597		
Total comprehensive income	(<u>\$</u>	47,814)	\$	818,418		
Dividends received from associates	\$	97,863	\$	117,435		
	Lien	Chang Electronic	Enter	prise Co., Ltd.		
	For t	the year ended	For	the year ended		
	Dece	mber 31, 2023	Dece	ember 31, 2022		
Revenue	\$	589,537	\$	1,000,634		
(Loss) profit for the period from						
continuing operations	(94,093)		10,418		
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net	`	, ,		,		
of tax	(4,417)		12,904		
Total comprehensive (loss) income	(\$	98,510)	\$	23,322		
Dividends received from associates	\$	3,754	\$	16,894		
TT1 : (C.1 C) : (11 ' 1' ' 1 11	. ,			

(c) The carrying amount of the Group's interests in all individually immaterial associates and the Group's share of the operating results are summarized below:

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the carrying amount of the Group's individually immaterial associates amounted to \$676,447 and \$983,410, respectively.

	For the year ended		For the year ended		
	Decem	ber 31, 2023	December 31, 2022		
Profit (loss) for the period from					
continuing operations	\$	41,225	(\$	56,263)	
Total comprehensive income (loss)	\$	41,225	(<u>\$</u>	56,263)	

(d) The fair values of the Group's material associates with quoted market prices are as follows:

	Decen	nber 31, 2023	Dece	mber 31, 2022
Lien Chang Electronic Enterprise				
Co., Ltd.	\$	433,612	\$	372,043

- (e) The Group is the single largest shareholder of Lien Chang Electronic Enterprise Co., Ltd. with a 33.84% equity interest. The company is a listed company and its ownership is dispersed. Also, since the Group's shareholding ratio in the company is lower than 50%, which indicates that the Group has no current ability to direct the relevant activities of Lien Chang Electronic Enterprise Co., Ltd., the Group has no control, but only has significant influence, over the investee.
- B. Investments accounted for using equity method for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, are based on investees' financial statements audited by independent accountants. Gains

on investments accounted for using equity method and other comprehensive net income for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 were \$20,272 and \$212,320, respectively. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the balances of investments accounted for using equity method were \$2,514,353 and \$2,406,380, respectively. The credit balances of investments accounted for using equity method were \$83,843 and \$194,811, respectively.

C. The Group has no investments accounted for using equity method pledged to others as collateral.

(8) Property, plant and equipment

			Leased assets -		Leased assets -					
		Buildings and	buildings and	Machinery and	machinery and	Transportation	Leasehold	Miscellaneous	Unfinished	
	Land	structures	structures	equipment	equipment	equipment	improvements	equipment	construction	Total
At January 1, 2023										
Cost	\$ 5,284,263	\$ 8,612,162	\$ 5,285,088	\$ 12,396,063	\$ 614,741	\$ 1,346,062	\$ 643,184	\$ 7,659,717	\$ 4,242,942	\$ 46,084,222
Accumulated	, , ,	. , ,	, ,	, , ,	,	, , ,	,	, ,	. , ,	, , ,
depreciation and										
impairment	(34,697) (4,854,239)	(2,554,401)	(10,908,814)	(587,634)	(796,858)	(510,530)	(6,705,272)		(26,952,445)
	\$ 5,249,566	\$ 3,757,923	\$ 2,730,687	\$ 1,487,249	\$ 27,107	\$ 549,204	\$ 132,654	\$ 954,445	\$ 4,242,942	\$ 19,131,777
<u>2023</u>										
Opening net book	\$ 5,249,566	\$ 3,757,923	\$ 2,730,687	\$ 1,487,249	\$ 27,107	\$ 549,204	\$ 132,654	\$ 954,445	\$ 4,242,942	\$ 19,131,777
amount										
Additions	-	118,887	12,472	900,494	-	26,467	23,318	277,249	682,822	2,041,709
Acquired from business				121 20 5					205 540	220.045
combinations	-	-	-	121,396	-	-	-	-	207,549	328,945
Disposals		(36,665)		-,,		(3,345)		/	- ((71,449)
Reclassifications	252,218	, ,	, ,	168,991		9,422	27,690	7,563	(4,629,537)	91,180
Depreciation charge	1,250	(212,551)	(247,890)	(340,631) (1,472)	(4,288)	(86,601) (207)		(285,791) (3,072)	-	(1,212,777) (18,881)
Net exchange differences	· 	· `		·			`			
Closing net book amount	\$ 5,503,034	\$ 3,443,460	\$ 6,924,461	\$ 2,315,558	\$ 17,477	\$ 494,940	\$ 148,374	\$ 939,424	\$ 503,776	\$ 20,290,504
A D 1 21 2022										
At December 31, 2023 Cost	\$ 5,537,731	\$ 8,271,906	\$ 9,726,751	\$ 12,684,730	\$ 522,171	\$ 1,312,043	\$ 688,387	\$ 7,650,845	\$ 503,776	\$ 46,898,340
Accumulated	\$ 3,337,731	\$ 6,271,900	\$ 9,720,731	\$ 12,064,730	\$ 322,171	\$ 1,312,043	\$ 000,307	\$ 7,030,643	\$ 303,770	\$ 40,898,340
depreciation and										
impairment	(34,697) (4,828,446)	(2,802,290)	(10,369,172)	(504,694)	(817,103)	(540,013)	(6,711,421)	-	(26,607,836)
	\$ 5,503,034	\$ 3,443,460	\$ 6,924,461	\$ 2,315,558	\$ 17,477	\$ 494,940	\$ 148,374	\$ 939,424	\$ 503,776	\$ 20,290,504
	 	 	,>2.,.01	,510,000		,,,,,,	 	- ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	- 200,770	,->0,00.

		Leased assets -		Leased assets -					
	Buildings and	buildings and	Machinery and	machinery and	Transportation	Leasehold	Miscellaneous	Unfinished	
Land	structures	structures	equipment	equipment	equipment	improvements	equipment	construction	Total
<u>At January 1, 2022</u>									
Cost \$ 5,433,125	\$ 8,427,400	\$ 5,281,166	\$ 12,186,896	\$ 630,894	\$ 1,269,506	\$ 617,288	\$ 7,523,329	\$ 2,205,658	\$ 43,575,262
Accumulated									
depreciation and									
impairment (<u>34,697</u>)	(4,638,503)	(2,380,428)	(10,695,571)		(760,531)	(477,721)	(6,589,377)		(26,173,146)
\$ 5,398,428	\$ 3,788,897	\$ 2,900,738	\$ 1,491,325	\$ 34,576	\$ 508,975	\$ 139,567	\$ 933,952	\$ 2,205,658	\$ 17,402,116
<u>2022</u>									
Opening net book \$ 5,398,428	\$ 3,788,897	\$ 2,900,738	\$ 1,491,325	\$ 34,576	\$ 508,975	\$ 139,567	\$ 933,952	\$ 2,205,658	\$ 17,402,116
amount	100 610	4.10.4	252 452	1.022	120 565	20.077	212.752	2 027 204	2 070 076
Additions -	109,619	4,194	252,452	1,932	129,765	30,077	312,753	2,037,284	2,878,076
Disposals -	(.,,	-	(18,128)	-	(3,392)	,	, ,	-	, ,
Reclassifications (160,433)	(19,424)	-	(5,288)	(8,367)	-	(250)	132	-	(193,630)
Depreciation charge -	(201,195)	(174,245)	(292,438)	(1,034)	(87,926)	(38,832) ((302,260)	-	(1,097,930)
Net exchange differences 11,571	80,073		59,326		1,782	2,479	16,564		171,795
Closing net book amount \$ 5,249,566	\$ 3,757,923	\$ 2,730,687	\$ 1,487,249	\$ 27,107	\$ 549,204	\$ 132,654	\$ 954,445	\$ 4,242,942	\$ 19,131,777
At December 31, 2022									
Cost \$ 5,284,263	\$ 8,612,162	\$ 5,285,088	\$ 12,396,063	\$ 614,741	\$ 1,346,062	\$ 643,184	\$ 7,659,717	\$ 4,242,942	\$ 46,084,222
Accumulated									
depreciation and impairment (34,697)	(4,854,239)	(2,554,401)	(10,908,814)	(587,634)	(796,858)	(510,530) ((6,705,272)	_	(26,952,445)
impunment	·					·		<u> </u>	
\$ 5,249,566	\$ 3,757,923	\$ 2,730,687	\$ 1,487,249	\$ 27,107	\$ 549,204	\$ 132,654	\$ 954,445	\$ 4,242,942	\$ 19,131,777

- A. For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, borrowing cost capitalized as part of property, plant and equipment amounted to \$4,353 and \$0, respectively.
- B. The Group entered into a development contract for the joint construction and allocation of housing units with Kindom Development Co., Ltd. Using the 16 lots located in No. 148, Hong Fu Section, Xin Zhuang District, New Taipei City which were provided by the subsidiary, Tong-An Investment Co., Ltd., as resolved by the Board of Directors on March 23, 2021. Kindom Development Co., Ltd. is responsible for planning and designing, dismantling the existing buildings, constructing and assuming all other expenses. The expected equity ratio is 52%~55% by reference to the appraisal report issued by real estate appraiser firm. As of December 31, 2023, as the competent authority of the area where the land located, New Taipei City government, denied the Company's application for the development, resulting in a default of the joint construction contract. On October 23, 2023, Kindom Development Co., Ltd. sent a letter to Tong-An Investment Co., Ltd. to ask Tong-An Investment Co., Ltd. returning the development guarantee and input development cost in the amount of \$350,000 and \$188,544, respectively. The Group had accrued and recorded \$94,272. Currently, the Group negotiated with Kindom Development Co., Ltd. for attributing input development cost.
- C. Information about the property, plant and equipment that were pledged to others as collateral is provided in Note 8.
- D. The Group was unable to transfer the title of certain farmland to the Group's name due to legal restrictions. The land title was registered under an individual's name. Accordingly, the Group entered into an agreement with the said individual to secure the title and the first mortgage right.
- E. The Board of Directors of the Group's subsidiary, Tong-An Assets Management & Development Co., Ltd., approved the investment proposal for the construction of the Taipei City Songjiang building on July 1, 2020, which was in line with the government's promotion to expedite the reconstruction of unsafe and old buildings. Additionally, on February 10, 2023, the company entered into the agreement of land joint construction with MSIG Mingtai Insurance Company, Limited. The agreement stipulates that the construction will be carried out and invested jointly by TECO and Tong-An Assets. Subsequently, TECO and Tong-An Assets entered into an agreement with Fuchu General Contractor Co, Ltd. on June 17, 2023 and commissioned Fuchu General Contractor Co, Ltd. to perform the construction. In accordance with the agreement, the Group was required to pay \$1,430,000 for the construction.

(9) Leasing arrangements - lessee

- A. The Group leases various assets including land, buildings, machinery and equipment as well as business vehicles. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 2 to 99 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose covenants, but certain leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.
- B. On January 14, 2005, the Group's subsidiary, Century Development Corporation, completed the registration of right of superficies and paid royalties to Taipei City Government for acquiring land used for construction of the Nankang Software Park. The right of superficies is available for 50 years from the registration date. Land and building shall be returned to Taipei City Government unconditionally upon expiry of the right of superficies. Century Development Corporation's right-of -use assets are amortized over the useful life of right of superficies of 50 years.
- C. On July 4, 2018, the Group's subsidiary, Century Biotech Development Corp., completed the registration of right of superficies and paid royalties to the Taipei City Government for acquiring land used for the construction of the Taipei City Nangang Biotechnology Industry Cluster Development BOT Project. The right of superficies is available for 50 years from the registration date. Land and building shall be returned to the Taipei City Government unconditionally upon expiry of the right of superficies. Century Biotech Development Corp.'s prepaid rents are amortized over the useful life of right of superficies of 50 years.
- D. The Group's subsidiary, CDC Development India Private Limited, acquired the land use right from the local government agency, KIADB, for India industrial park development. The total amount remitted for the land use right was INR 1,752,409 thousand and acquired land ownership of certificate for 99 years. On July 16, 2021, an agreement was signed with KIADB with a transfer of ownership term, agreeing to transfer the ownership to the lessee at the end of the 10-year lease term for the amount of royalties paid by the lessee and recognized by the landlord, if the lessee completes the development conditions specified in the terms.
- E. For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the additions to right-of-use assets were \$1,302,995 and \$503,217 and the sublease income were \$1,027,493 and \$805,852, respectively.
- F. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows:

	Car	rying amount	Carrying amount		
	Dece	ember 31, 2023	December 31, 2022		
Land (including royalties)	\$	4,517,224	\$	4,654,356	
Buildings		2,909,214		2,033,210	
Machinery and equipment		19,137		22,547	
Transportation equipment (Business vehicles)		27,632		25,053	
	\$	7,473,207	\$	6,735,166	
	Depr	eciation charge	Depreciation charge		
	For	the year ended	For t	he year ended	
	Dece	ember 31, 2023	Dece	mber 31, 2022	
Land (including royalties)	\$	109,155	\$	94,684	
Buildings		458,426		437,978	
Machinery and equipment		10,238		9,028	
Transportation equipment (Business vehicles)		13,049		10,161	
	\$	590,868	\$	551,851	

G. Interest expenses on lease liabilities for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 were \$94,500 and \$74,793 and the cash outflows were \$645,996 and \$570,981, respectively.

- H. Expenses on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets which are not subject to IFRS 16 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 were \$274,313 and \$471,108 and \$22,075 and \$14,412, respectively.
- I. The Group has applied the practical expedient to "Covid-19-related rent concessions", and recognised the gain from changes in lease payments arising from the rent concessions amounting to \$0 and \$5,604 in profit from lease modification for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

(10) <u>Investment property</u>

			Buildings and		Right-of-use		
		Land		structures		assets	Total
At January 1, 2023							
Cost	\$	1,688,929	\$	2,976,827	\$	51,216 \$	4,716,972
Accumulated depreciation							
and impairment			(1,726,689)	(23,387) (1,750,076)
	\$	1,688,929	\$	1,250,138	\$	27,829 \$	2,966,896
<u>2023</u>				_			_
Opening net book amount	\$	1,688,929	\$	1,250,138	\$	27,829 \$	2,966,896
Additions		-		697		-	697
Reclassification	(252,218)		161,219		4,631 (86,368)
Depreciation charge		-	(81,202)	(8,284) (89,486)
Net exchange differences	(30)	(5,905)	(617) (6,552)
Closing net book amount	\$	1,436,681	\$	1,324,947	\$	23,559 \$	2,785,187
A4 Dagamban 21, 2022							
At December 31, 2023	Φ.	1 10 5 501	Φ.	2 200 0 45	Φ.	7 0.044	4 555 4 60
Cost	\$	1,436,681	\$	3,280,847	\$	59,941 \$	4,777,469
Accumulated depreciation and impairment		_	(1,955,900)	(36,382) (1,992,282)
and impairment			'	1,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_	30,302) (1,772,202)
	\$	1,436,681	\$	1,324,947	\$	23,559 \$	2,785,187

			В	uildings and	Right	-of-use		
		Land	structures		as	assets		Total
At January 1, 2022								
Cost	\$	1,510,318	\$	2,815,538	\$	49,686	\$	4,375,542
Accumulated depreciation								
and impairment			(1,532,321)	(14,322)	(1,546,643)
	\$	1,510,318	\$	1,283,217	\$	35,364	\$	2,828,899
<u>2022</u>								
Opening net book amount	\$	1,510,318	\$	1,283,217	\$	35,364	\$	2,828,899
Reclassification		160,067		25,240		-		185,307
Depreciation charge		-	(63,317)	(8,307)	(71,624)
Net exchange differences		18,544		4,998		772		24,314
Closing net book amount	\$	1,688,929	\$	1,250,138	\$	27,829	\$	2,966,896
1. 0.1. 2022								
<u>At December 31, 2022</u>			_				_	
Cost	\$	1,688,929	\$	2,976,827	\$	51,216	\$	4,716,972
Accumulated depreciation			(1,726,689)	(23,387)	(1,750,076)
and impairment	_		<u>'</u>				`	
	\$	1,688,929	\$	1,250,138	\$	27,829		2,966,896
A. Rental income from the lease from the investment property			_	operty and d	irect ope	erating ex	per	nses arising
]	For the year o	ended	For th	ıe y	ear ended
			_I	December 31	, 2023	Decen	nbe	r 31, 2022
Rental income from investment	nt p	roperty	\$	1	57,720	\$		128,493
Direct operating expenses aris	sing	from						_
the investment property that	ger	nerated						
rental income during the per	iod		\$		80,337	\$		38,164
Direct operating expenses aris	_				_			_
the investment property that								
generate rental income durin	ig th	ne period	\$		10,782	\$		5,816

B. The fair value of the investment property held by the Group as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 were \$6,276,183 and \$6,150,083, respectively, which is categorized within Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy.

(11) Goodwill (listed as '1780 Intangible assets')

		2023	2022		
At January 1					
Cost	\$	4,871,157	\$	4,677,015	
Accumulated amortization and impairment	(315,284)	(315,284)	
	\$	4,555,873	\$	4,361,731	
Opening net book amount	\$	4,555,873	\$	4,361,731	
Net exchange differences		174,443		194,142	
Closing net book amount	\$	4,730,316	\$	4,555,873	
At December 31	-				
Cost	\$	5,045,600	\$	4,871,157	
Accumulated amortization and impairment	(315,284)	(315,284)	
	\$	4,730,316	\$	4,555,873	

Goodwill is allocated as follows to the Group's cash-generating units identified according to operating segment:

	Decei	mber 31, 2023	December 31, 2022		
Green mechatronic solution business group	\$	4,730,316	\$	4,555,873	

On October 15, 2015, the Group acquired 100% equity and obtained control over Motovario S.p.A., which is headquartered in Italy and is primarily engaged in manufacturing and sales of power transmission equipment such as motors and gear reducers, and its subsidiaries for a cash consideration of \$3,989,850 (EUR 108,214 thousand). As of December 31, 2023, the goodwill arising from the merger amounted to \$4,704,446.

(12) Other non-current assets

	Decem	nber 31, 2023	December 31, 2022		
Refundable deposits	\$	311,718	\$	253,971	
Long-term notes and					
accounts receivable		98,100		131,846	
Deferred expenses		26,371		40,199	
Other assets		64,399		93,812	
	\$	500,588	\$	519,828	

(13) Short-term borrowings

Type of borrowings	December 31, 2023	Interest rate range	Collateral
Bank borrowings	\$ 1,357,111	0.50%~7.50%	Notes receivable, land, buildings and structures, demand deposits and time deposits
Type of borrowings	December 31, 2022	Interest rate range	Collateral
Bank borrowings	\$ 1,751,344	0.70%~7.00%	land, buildings and structures, demand deposits and time deposits

(14) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Items	Decemb	ber 31, 2023	Decer	mber 31, 2022
Current items:				
Financial liabilities held for trading				
Non-hedging derivatives	\$	5,850	\$	4,144

- A. The Group recognized net loss of \$15,044 and \$17,381 on financial liabilities held for trading for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.
- B. Explanations of the transactions and contract information in respect of non-hedged derivative financial liabilities are as follows:

	December 31, 2023						
Derivative instrument	Contract period	(Notio	onal principal)	Fair value			
Forward foreign exchange contracts							
BUY AUD/SELL USD	November 15, 2023 ~ February 22, 2024	USD	65,000	\$ 74			
BUY AUD/SELL EUR	December 1, 2023 ~ February 27, 2024	EUR	531,960	273			
BUY USD/SELL AUD	November 16, 2023 ~ February 26, 2024	AUD	2,800,000	1,580			
BUY USD/SELL EUR	November 3, 2023 ~ March 26, 2024	EUR	1,350,000	795			
BUY JPY/SELL USD	November 27, 2023 ~ February 26, 2024	JPY	58,000,000	353			
Interest rate swap							
BUY TWD/SELL USD	December 8, 2023 ~ January 25, 2024	USD	5,000,000	2,775			
				<u>\$ 5,850</u>			

	December 31, 2022						
		Contra	act amount				
Derivative instrument	Contract period	(Notion	nal principal)	Fai	ir value		
Forward foreign exchange contracts							
BUY USD/SELL EUR	October 25, 2022 ~ February 22, 2023	EUR	2,400,000	\$	2,790		
BUY CNH/SELL USD	November 14, 2022 ~ Janruary 17, 2023	CNH	8,000,000		136		
BUY USD/SELL AUD	November 17, 2022 ~ February 22, 2023	AUD	2,000,000		404		
BUY JPY/SELL USD	November 17, 2022 ~ February 22, 2023	JPY	94,000,000		515		
BUY RMB/SELL USD	December 21, 2022 ~ Janruary 31, 2023	USD	3,500,000		299		
				\$	4,144		

C. The Group entered into forward foreign exchange contracts to sell to hedge exchange rate risk of export proceeds. However, these forward foreign exchange contracts are not accounted for under hedge accounting.

(15) Hedging financial assets and liabilities

		December 31, 2023								
	<u> </u>	Assets				Liabi	oilities			
	Current		Non-curren	ıt	C	Current	Non-curr	ent		
Cash flow hedges:										
Exchange rate risk										
Forward foreign	¢		¢		¢	5.025	¢			
exchange contracts	D		Ф		Ф	5,025	Ф			

- A. As of December 31, 2022, the Group had no hedging financial assets or liabilities.
- B. Hedge accounting is applied to remove the accounting inconsistency between the hedging instrument and the hedged item. To hedge the risk arising from foreign currency denominated future commercial transactions, the Group uses forward foreign exchange transactions to control the exchange rate risk under their acceptable range as the exchange rate fluctuations will change future cash flows.

C. Transaction information associated with the Group adopting hedge accounting is as follows:

_		Dec	ember 31, 2023	3		2	2023
	Notional		Assets carrying	Liabilities carrying	Changes in fair value in relation to recognising hedge ineffectiveness	Average	Gains (losses) on valuation of ineffective hedge that will be recognised in financial assets/liabilitie s at fair value through profit
Hedging instruments	amount	Contract period	amount	amount	basis	price or fee	or loss
Cash flow hedges Exchange rate risk Forward foreign exchange transactions D. Cash flow hedge:	USD 8,328	November 28, 2023 ~ February 26, 2024	<u>\$</u> _	(<u>\$ 5, 025</u>)	<u>\$</u>	30.54 2023	<u>\$</u>
Other equity - cash	n flow hed	ge reserve					
At January 1					\$		-
Add: Losses on he recognised in	_	iveness-amount mprehensive inco	ome		(,	5,025)
At December 31					(\$		5,025)

Exchange rate risk

To hedge exposed exchange rate risk arising from forecast input cost of construction in progress, the Group entered into a forward forecast purchase agreement of US dollar, and the hedge ratio is 1:1. The effective portion with respect to the changes in the fair value of the hedging instruments is deferred to recognise in the cash flow hedge reserve, which is under other comprehensive income, and will be directly included in the cost of construction in progress when the hedged items are subsequently recognised in construction in progress.

(16) Other payables

	Decei	mber 31, 2023	Decer	mber 31, 2022
Salary and wages payable	\$	2,545,264	\$	2,193,042
Employees' compensation payable		843,910		688,059
Dealers' bonus commission payable		127,145		189,936
Directors' and supervisors' remuneration payable		142,032		160,522
Equipment payable		130,788		105,166
Dividends payable		62,359		27,860
Others		2,642,552		2,629,612
	\$	6,494,050	\$	5,994,197
(17) Bonds payable		_		_
	Decei	mber 31, 2023	Decer	mber 31, 2022
Issuance of bonds payable	\$	5,000,000	\$	5,000,000

A. The terms of the first domestic unsecured ordinary corporate bonds issued by the Company in 2017 are as follows:

The Company issued \$1,000,000, 1.02% first domestic unsecured ordinary corporation bonds, as approved by the regulatory authority on September 15, 2017. The bonds mature 5 years from the issue date (September 15, 2017 ~ September 15, 2022) and redeemed at face value at September 15, 2022.

B. The terms of the first domestic unsecured ordinary corporate bonds issued by the Company in 2020 are as follows:

The Company issued \$3,000,000, 0.70% first domestic unsecured ordinary corporation bonds, as approved by the regulatory authority on June 9, 2020. The bonds mature 5 years from the issue date (June 12, 2020 ~ June 12, 2025) and will be redeemed at face value at the maturity date.

C. The terms of the second domestic unsecured ordinary corporate bonds issued by the Company in 2020 are as follows:

The Company issued \$2,000,000, 0.60% first domestic unsecured ordinary corporation bonds, as approved by the regulatory authority on September 4, 2020. The bonds mature 5 years from the issue date (September 15, $2020 \sim$ September 15, 2025) and will be redeemed at face value at the maturity date.

(18) Long-term borrowings

Type of borrowings	Borrowing period and repayment term	Interest rate range	Collateral	D	ecember 31, 2023
Long-term bank borrowings and commercial papers payable	Both borrowing periods are from October 1, 2019 to June 27, 2038; payable based on the agreed terms.	1.35%~9.31%	Note	\$	3,549,846
Less: Current portion (liste	ed as '2320 Long-term liabilities, current	t portion')		(484,224)
				\$	3,065,622
	Borrowing period and	Interest		D	ecember 31,
Type of borrowings	repayment term	rate range	Collateral		2022
Long-term bank borrowings and commercial papers payable	Both borrowing periods are from October 1, 2019 to May 2, 2035; payable based on the agreed terms.	0.85%~7.00%	Note	\$	3,655,514
Less: Current portion (liste	ed as '2320 Long-term liabilities, current	t portion')		(228,159)
				_	3,427,355

Note: Details of the Group's assets pledged to others as collateral for borrowings are provided in Note 8.

Under the long-term contracts with certain financial institutions, the Group is required to maintain certain financial ratios and capital requirements as well as meet certain restrictions relative to significant asset acquisitions or disposals.

(19) Pensions

A.(a) The Company and its domestic subsidiaries have a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Act, covering all regular employees' service years prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005 and service years thereafter of employees who chose to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Act. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last 6 months prior to retirement. The Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount equal to 2% of the employees'

monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent retirement fund committee. Also, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries would assess the balance in the aforementioned labor pension reserve account by December 31, every year. If the account balance is not sufficient to pay the pension calculated by the aforementioned method to the employees expected to qualify for retirement in the following year, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries will make contribution to cover the deficit by next March.

(b) The amounts recognised in the balance sheet are as follows:

	De	ecember 31, 20	023 Dece	cember 31, 2022		
Present value of defined benefit obligations	; (\$	1,592	,266) (\$		1,704,855)	
Fair value of plan assets		306	,377		367,030	
Net defined benefit liability	(\$	1,285	,889) (\$		1,337,825)	
(c) Movements in net defined benefit liabilitie	s are	as follows:				
			2023			
	Pre	sent value of	Fair value			
	def	fined benefit	of plan	N	Net defined	
	c	bligations	assets	be	nefit liability	
At January 1	(\$	1,704,854)	\$ 367,029	(\$	1,337,825)	
Current service cost	(3,004)	-	(3,004)	
Interest (expense) income	(28,013)	4,952	(23,061)	
	(1,735,871)	371,981	(1,363,890)	
Remeasurements:						
Return on plan assets						
(excluding amounts included in interest						
income or expense)		-	2,320		2,320	
Change in demographic assumptions	(255)	-	(255)	
Change in financial assumptions	(28,815)	-	(28,815)	
Experience adjustments	(6,760)	94	(6,666)	
	(35,830)	2,414	(33,416)	
Pension fund contribution		-	94,573		94,573	
Paid pension		165,029	(165,029)		-	
Paid from the account		8,332	-		8,332	
Effect of business combination changes		8,512	-		8,512	
Transfer	(2,438)	2,438			
At December 31	(\$	1,592,266)	\$ 306,377	(<u>\$</u>	1,285,889)	

	2022					
	Pre	sent value of	Fai	ir value of		
	def	ined benefit		plan	N	let defined
	0	bligations		assets	bei	nefit liability
At January 1	(\$	1,903,649)	\$	356,987	(\$	1,546,662)
Current service cost	(3,417)		-	(3,417)
Interest (expense) income	(12,390)		2,445	(9,945)
Settlement profit or loss		815		_		815
	(1,918,641)		359,432	(1,559,209)
Remeasurements:						
Return on plan assets						
(excluding amounts included in interest						
income or expense)		-		26,689		26,689
Change in demographic assumptions	(3,149)		-	(3,149)
Change in financial assumptions		103,195		-		103,195
Experience adjustments	(33,431)		1,437	(31,994)
		66,615		28,126		94,741
Pension fund contribution		-		93,343		93,343
Paid pension		111,470	(111,425)		45
Paid from the account		29,618	(2,447)		27,171
Effect of business combination changes		6,084				6,084
At December 31	(\$	1,704,854)	\$	367,029	(\$	1,337,825)

(d) The Bank of Taiwan was commissioned to manage the Fund of the Company's and domestic subsidiaries' defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Fund's annual investment and utilisation plan and the "Regulations for Revenues, Expenditures, Safeguard and Utilisation of the Labor Retirement Fund" (Article 6: The scope of utilisation for the Fund includes deposit in domestic or foreign financial institutions, investment in domestic or foreign listed, over-the-counter, or private placement equity securities, investment in domestic or foreign real estate securitisation products, etc.). With regard to the utilisation of the Fund, its minimum earnings in the annual distributions on the final financial statements shall be no less than the earnings attainable from the amounts accrued from twoyear time deposits with the interest rates offered by local banks. If the earnings is less than aforementioned rates, government shall make payment for the deficit after being authorised by the Regulator. The Company and domestic subsidiaries have no right to participate in managing and operating that fund and hence the Company and domestic subsidiaries are unable to disclose the classification of plan assets fair value in accordance with IAS 19 paragraph 142. The composition of fair value of plan assets as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 is given in the Annual Labor Retirement Fund Utilisation Report announced by the government.

(e) The principal actuarial assumptions used were as follows:

	For the year ended	For the year ended
	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Discount rate	1.03%~6.65%	1.20%~7.06%
Future salary increases	0.50%~8.00%	0.50%~8.00%

Assumptions regarding future mortality experience are set based on actuarial advice in accordance with published statistics and experience in each territory.

Because the main actuarial assumption changed, the present value of defined benefit obligation is affected. The analysis was as follows:

	Discor	ınt rate	Future salary increases			
	Increase 0.5%	Decrease 0.5%	Increase 0.5%	Decrease 0.5%		
<u>December 31, 2023</u>						
Effect on present value of						
defined benefit obligation	\$ 31,117	(\$ 52,002)	(\$ 52,138)	\$ 31,666		
<u>December 31, 2022</u>						
Effect on present value of						
defined benefit obligation	\$ 49,042	(\$ 51,212)	(<u>\$ 51,518</u>)	\$ 48,568		

The sensitivity analysis above is based on one assumption which changed while the other conditions remain unchanged. In practice, more than one assumption may change all at once. The method of analysing sensitivity and the method of calculating net pension liability in the balance sheet are the same.

The methods and types of assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis did not change compared to the previous period.

- (f) Expected contributions to the defined benefit pension plans of the Group for the year ending December 31, 2024 amount to \$106,141.
- (g) The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation was 4~12.5 years as of December 31, 2023.
- B.(a) Effective July 1, 2005, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries have established a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act"), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.
 - (b) The Group's mainland China subsidiaries have a defined contribution plan. Monthly contributions to an independent fund administered by the government in accordance with the pension regulations in the People's Republic of China (PRC) are based on certain percentage of employees' monthly salaries and wages. The contribution percentage for the year ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 ranged from 14%~20%. Other than the monthly contributions, the Group has no further obligations.
 - (c) Monthly contributions to an independent fund administered by the local pension managing agency are based on a certain percentage of monthly salaries and wages of the Group's other overseas subsidiaries' employees.
 - (d) The pension costs under the defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 were \$472,806 and \$477,977, respectively.

(20) Share capital

A. As of December 31, 2023, the Company's authorized capital was \$30,305,500, consisting of 3,030,550 thousand shares of ordinary stock, including 100 million shares reserved for employee stock options, and the paid-in capital was \$21,387,966 with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.

	2023	2022		
At January 1 (At December 31)	2,138,797	2,138,797		

Note: Shares in thousands.

B. All of the shares of the Company held by the Company's subsidiaries-Tong-An Investment Co., Ltd. and An-Tai International Investment Co., Ltd. were acquired in or before 2000 for the purpose of general investment. In addition, Top-Tower Enterprises Co., Ltd. also held the Company's shares before the Company obtained control of Top-Tower Enterprises Co., Ltd. In August 2013, and Top-Tower Enterprises Co., Ltd acquired the Company's shares. Furthermore, the subsidiary - Taiwan Pelican Express Co., Ltd. is a subsidiary over which the Company has substantial control, and such investment on the Company's shares is a general investment. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, book value of the shares of the Company held by the subsidiaries and second-tier subsidiaries were all \$511,710.

Details are as follows:

	December 31, 2023					
	Shares (in thousands)	Cost (in dollars)	Market value (in dollars)			
Tong-An Investment Co., Ltd.	19,540	\$ 14.92	\$ 46.80			
An-Tai International Investment Co., Ltd.	2,826	10.37	46.80			
Top-Tower Enterprises Co., Ltd.	77	9.37	46.80			
Taiwan Pelican Express Co., Ltd.	7,070	26.89	46.80			
	29,513					
		December 31, 202	31, 2022			
	Shares	Cost	Market value			
	(in thousands)	(in dollars)	(in dollars)			
Tong-An Investment Co., Ltd.	19,540	\$ 14.92	\$ 27.55			
An-Tai International Investment Co., Ltd.	2,826	10.37	27.55			
Top-Tower Enterprises Co., Ltd.	77	9.37	27.55			
Taiwan Pelican Express Co., Ltd.	7,070	26.89	27.55			

(21) Capital surplus

Pursuant to the R.O.C Company Law, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C Securities and Exchange Law requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalized mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.

(22) Retained earnings

- A. As stipulated in the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the current earnings, if any, shall be distributed in the following order:
 - (a) Payment of taxes and duties.

- (b) Covering prior years' accumulated deficit, if any.
- (c) After deducting items (a) and (b), set aside 10% of the remaining amount as legal reserve.
- (d) Set aside a certain amount as special reserve, if any.
- (e) Distributing the remaining amount plus prior years' retained earnings to shareholders according to their shareholding percentage. The distribution rate is principally 80%, of which cash dividends shall account for 5% ~ 50% of the distributed amount. Stock dividends shall be approved by the shareholders at the shareholders' meeting while cash dividends shall be approved by the Board of Directors under a resolution adopted by a majority vote at a meeting of the Board of Directors attended by two-thirds of the total number of directors and reported to the shareholders at the shareholders' meeting.
- B. The Company's dividend policy is summarized below:
 - The Company's operating environment is in the stable growth stage. However, investee companies are still in the growth stage. In view of the future plant expansion and investment plans, the appropriations of earnings are based on the distributable earnings and appropriate principally 80% to shareholders as dividends. Cash dividends shall account for at least 5% up to maximum of 50% of total dividends distributed.
- C. Except for covering accumulated deficit or issuing new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, the legal reserve shall not be used for any other purpose. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the distribution of the reserve is limited to the portion in excess of 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.
- D. (a) In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings.
 - (b) The amounts previously set aside by the Company as special reserve on initial application of IFRSs in accordance with Order No. Financial-Supervisory-Securities-Corporate-1090150022, dated March 31, 2021, shall be reversed proportionately when the relevant assets are used, disposed of or reclassified subsequently. Such amounts are reversed upon disposal or reclassified if the assets are investment property of land, and reversed over the use periods if the assets are investment property other than land. As of December 31, 2023, the amount previously set aside as special reserve on initial application of IFRSs and yet to be reversed amounted to \$3,640,779.
- E. The appropriations of the 2022 and 2021 net income was respectively resolved by the stockholders on May 24, 2023 and May 20, 2022 as follows:

	For the	e year ended	For th	For the year ended				
	Decem	nber 31,2022	Decen	nber 31	,2021			
		Dividend per share	;	Divide	end per share			
	Amount	(in dollars)	Amount	(ii	n dollars)			
Legal reserve	\$ 338,042		\$ 525,009					
Cash dividends	3,208,195	\$ 1.50	2,887,375	\$	1.35			

F. The appropriations of the 2023 net income was respectively resolved by the stockholders on March 15, 2024 as follows:

			For the year ended				
			December 31, 2023				
						Dividend pe	er share
				Ar	noui	-	
Legal reserve				-	526,		
Cash dividends					705,3		2.20
				4,7	05,	333 Þ	2.20
(23) Other equity items	T T					C	
		nrealized gains sses) on valuation	Ц	edging reserve		Currency translation	Total
At January 1, 2023	\$	20,805,870	\$		(\$	2,453,451) \$	18,352,419
Unrealized gains and losses on	Ф	20,803,870	Ф	-	(\$	2,433,431) \$	16,552,419
financial assets:							
Revaluation - group	(2,660,000)		_		- (2,660,000)
Revaluation - associates	`	2,298		-		-	2,298
Revaluation - tax	(19,424)		-		- (19,424)
Revaluation transferred to retained							
earnings	(498,467)		-		- (498,467)
Revaluation transferred to retained	Ì	,				·	
earnings-tax		19,424		-		-	19,424
Cash flow hedge:							
Fair value loss		-	(5,025)		- (5,025)
Currency translation differences:							
–Group	_	<u>-</u>				173,435	173,435
At December 31, 2023	\$	17,649,701	(\$	5,025)	(\$	2,280,016) \$	15,364,660
	Ur	realized gains				Currency	
	(los	ses) on valuation	Н	edging reserve		translation	Total
At January 1, 2022	\$	32,113,711	\$	-	(\$	4,033,116) \$	28,080,595
Unrealized gains and losses on financial assets:							
Revaluation – group	(11,453,686)		-		- (11,453,686)
Revaluation – associates		1,827		-		-	1,827
Revaluation transferred to retained		4.4.040					141010
earnings		144,018		-		-	144,018
Currency translation differences:						1 570 665	1 570 665
-Group	<u>c</u>	20.005.070	ф.		<u></u>	1,579,665	1,579,665
At December 31, 2022	\$	20,805,870	\$		(\$	2,453,451) \$	18,352,419

(24)	Operating	g revenue

Revenue from customers Others - rental revenue A. Disaggregation of revenue from customers	Dece \$	58,344,519 1,049,142	Decen \$	nber 31, 2022 57,397,037
Others - rental revenue		1,049,142	\$	57,397,037
	\$			
A. Disaggregation of revenue from customers	\$			918,179
A. Disaggregation of revenue from customers		59,393,661	\$	58,315,216
The Group derives revenue from the transfer time in the following major product lines:	of goods	and services ove	r time an	d at a point in
	For t	the year ended	For th	ne year ended
	Dece	ember 31, 2023	Decen	nber 31, 2022
	Reven	ue from external	Revenu	e from external
	custo	omer contracts	custor	ner contracts
Sales of green mechatronic solution business group products	\$	34,057,908	\$	33,153,803
Sales of air and intelligent life				
business group product		5,231,092		5,738,073
Others		1,209,375		1,537,373
Service revenue		8,298,602		8,695,090
Construction contract		9,547,542		8,272,698
	\$	58,344,519	\$	57,397,037
B. Revenue recognized that was included in the period	contract	liability balance	at the be	ginning of the
		the year ended	For th	ne year ended
	Dece	ember 31, 2023	Decen	nber 31, 2022
Revenue recognized that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period				
Advance sales receipts	\$	801,128	\$	515,273
25) <u>Interest income</u>				
		the year ended		ne year ended
	Dece	ember 31, 2023	Decen	nber 31, 2022
Interest income from bank deposits	\$	616,945	\$	226,290
Interest income from financial assets				
measured at amortised cost		2,278		6,787
	\$	619,223	\$	233,077

(26) Other income

	For	the year ended	For the year ended		
	Dec	ember 31, 2023	Dece	mber 31, 2022	
Rental revenue	\$	173,958	\$	157,159	
Dividend income		1,194,966		1,128,492	
Other non-operating income		318,971		258,706	
	\$	1,687,895	\$	1,544,357	
(27) Other gains and losses					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	For	the year ended	For t	he year ended	
	Dec	ember 31, 2023	Dece	mber 31, 2022	
Gain (loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	\$	155	(\$	4,241)	
Gain on disposal of investments		117,357		-	
(Loss) gain arising from lease modifications	(681)		11,912	
Gains arising from concession of lease payments		-		5,604	
Net currency exchange gain		58,035		209,092	
Gain (loss) on financial assets at fair value					
through profit or loss		323,320	(1,131,130)	
Loss on financial liabilities at fair					
value through profit or loss	(15,044)	(17,381)	
Estimated development loss (note)	(94,272)		-	
Miscellaneous disbursements	(786,627)	(489,435)	
	(\$	397,757)	(\$	1,415,579)	

Note: Information relating to estimated development loss is provided in Note 6(8)B.

(28) Finance costs

	For th	For t	he year ended	
	Decem	December 31, 2023		mber 31, 2022
Interest expense	\$	320,292	\$	201,592
Other finance expenses		2,107		2,371
	\$	322,399	\$	203,963

(29) Expenses by nature (including employee benefit expense)

	For the year ended		For the year ended	
	Dece	ember 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	
Wages and salaries	\$	8,842,096	\$	8,795,632
Employees' compensation and				
directors' remuneration		956,433		651,578
Labor and health insurance fees		1,145,270		1,139,746
Pension costs		498,871		490,524
Other personnel expenses		417,720		451,346
Depreciation charges on property,				
plant and equipment as well as				
investment property		1,302,263		1,169,554
Depreciation charges on right-of				
-use assets and amortization				
charges on intangible assets		685,394		633,892

- A. According to the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, a ratio of distributable profit of the current year, after covering accumulated losses, shall be distributed as employees' compensation and directors' remuneration. The ratio shall be 1%~10% for employees' compensation and shall not be higher than 5% for directors' remuneration.
- B. For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, employees' compensation was accrued at \$511,867 and \$282,888, respectively; while directors' remuneration was accrued at \$102,374 and \$125,710, respectively. The aforementioned amounts were recognized in salary expenses.
- C. For the year ended December 31, 2023, after considering each year's earnings, the employee benefit expenses were accrued based on past experience and ratio. The employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration resolved by the Board of Directors were \$409,494 and \$102,374, and the employees' compensation will be distributed in the form of cash. The difference of \$40 between employees' compensation of \$282,888 and the difference of \$46,184 between directors' remuneration of \$125,710 as resolved by the Board of Directors which is mainly arising from changes in estimate of directors' remuneration and the amount recognised in the 2022 financial statements had been adjusted in the profit or loss of 2023. Information about employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration of the Company as resolved by the Board of Directors will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(30) Income tax

A. Income tax expense

(a) Components of income tax expense:

(a) Components of income tax expense:				
		he year ended		e year ended
	Dece	mber 31, 2023	Decen	ber 31, 2022
Current tax:				
Current tax on profits for the period	\$	1,924,077	\$	1,338,802
Tax on undistributed surplus earnings		2,971		93,172
Prior year income tax (over) under	(42.505)		11 660
estimation	(42,505)		11,668
Effect from Alternative Minimum tax		1 004 542		1 442 710
Total current tax		1,884,543		1,443,710
Deferred tax:				
Origination and reversal of				
temporary differences		57,569	(13,895)
Total deferred tax		57,569	(13,895)
Income tax expense	\$	1,942,112	\$	1,429,815
(b) The income tax charge relating to compor	ients of ot	her comprehensi	ve incom	e is as follows:
		he year ended		e year ended
	Dece	mber 31, 2023	Decen	ber 31, 2022
Current tax:				
Changes in fair value of financial				
assets at fair value through other				
comprehensive income	\$	19,424	\$	
Deferred tax:				
Currency translation differences	(5,523)		311,456
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligations		380		2,982
Total deferred tax	(5,143)		314,438
Income tax charge relating to				
components of other				
comprehennsive income	\$	14,281	\$	314,438

B. Reconciliation between income tax expense and accounting profit:

	For the year ended		For the year ended	
	Dece	ember 31, 2023	Dece	mber 31, 2022
Tax calculated based on profit before tax and statutory tax rate	\$	2,188,637	\$	1,530,249
Expenses disallowed by tax regulation	(246,331)	(168,771)
Effect from investment tax credits	(39,441)	(38,441)
Prior year income tax (over)underestimation	(42,505)		11,668
Over(under)estimation of prior year's				
net deferred tax assets and liabilities		7,927	(13,594)
Tax on undistributed surplus earnings		2,971		93,172
Effect from Alternative Minimum Tax		-		68
Others		70,854		15,464
Income tax expense	\$	1,942,112	\$	1,429,815

C. Amounts of deferred tax assets or liabilities as a result of temporary differences and tax losses are as follows:

	2023							
			R	Recognised in	Reco	gnised in other		
		January 1		profit or loss	comp	rehensive income	D	ecember 31
Temporary differences:								
—Deferred tax assets:								
Impairment loss	\$	96,779	\$	-	\$	-	\$	96,779
Currency translation								
differences Difference resulting		182,597		-		5,523		188,120
from different useful								
lives of property, plant								
and equipment between		45.620		1 200				46.027
financial and tax basis		45,629 218,545		1,308 2,023		-		46,937 220,568
Unrealized expenses Permanent loss on		210,343		2,023		-		220,308
investments		35,080		_		_		35,080
Loss on inventory		137,532	(36,647)		_		100,885
Bad debt exceeded the limit		137,332	(30,047)				100,003
stated by Income Tax Law		8,210	(769)		-		7,441
Amortisation on			`	,				
capitalisation of research								
and development expense		66,047		101,472		_		167,519
Others		212,189		79,856	(380)		291,665
Tax losses		195,904	(4,283)	(300)		191,621
Tax Tosses	\$		\$	142,960	\$	5,143	\$	
5.0	φ	1,198,512	φ	142,900	φ	3,143	φ	1,346,615
—Deferred tax liabilities:	Φ.	1 1 7 2 2 2 4	Φ.	210.620	Φ.		Φ.	1.250.011
Investment income	\$	1,152,294	\$	218,620	\$	-	\$	1,370,914
from foreign investments Land value incremental								
reserve		1,052,604		157		_		1,052,761
Others		227,385		(18,248)		_		209,137
Omoro	\$	2,432,283	\$	200,529	\$		\$	2,632,812
	(\$	1,233,771)	_	57,569)	\$	5,143	(\$	1,286,197)
	`=		`—				<u> </u>	<u> </u>

					2	2022		
		January 1		Recognised in profit or loss		Recognised in other comprehensive income	D	ecember 31
Temporary differences:								
-Deferred tax assets:								
Impairment loss	\$	96,779	\$	-	\$	-	\$	96,779
Currency translation differences Difference resulting from different useful lives of property, plant		494,053		-	(311,456)		182,597
and equipment between								
financial and tax basis		44,002		1,627		-		45,629
Unrealized expenses		236,709	(18,164)		-		218,545
Permanent loss on								
investments		35,080		-		-		35,080
Loss on inventory		91,308		46,224		-		137,532
Bad debt exceeded the limit stated by Income Tax Law		9,686	(1,476)		-		8,210
Amortisation on capitalisation of research								
and development expense				66,047		-		66,047
Others		222,175	(7,004)	(2,982)		212,189
Tax losses		187,383	_	8,521	_	-		195,904
	\$	1,417,175	\$	95,775	(\$	314,438)	\$	1,198,512
—Deferred tax liabilities:								
Investment income from foreign investments Land value incremental	\$	981,493	\$	170,801	\$	-	\$	1,152,294
reserve		1,049,921		2,683		-		1,052,604
Others	_	318,989	_	(91,604)	_			227,385
	\$	2,350,403	\$	81,880	\$		\$	2,432,283
	(\$	933,228)	\$	13,895	(\$	314,438)	(\$	1,233,771)

D. Expiration dates of unused tax losses and amounts of unrecognised deferred tax assets are as follows:

D 1	$^{\circ}$	2022
December	- ≺ I	71173
DCCCIIIUCI	JI.	. 2023

-	Amount filed/	December 51, 20	Unrecognised					
Year incurred	assessed	Unused amount	deferred tax assets	Expiry year				
2013	Amount assessed	140,434	140,434	2023				
2014	Amount assessed	135,719	135,719	2024				
2015	Amount assessed	278,639	113,670	2025				
2016	Amount assessed	142,273	43,004	2026				
2017	Amount assessed	149,189	32,549	2027				
2018	Amount assessed	115,790	39,262	2028				
2019	Amount assessed	200,652	107,813	2029				
2020	Amount filed	129,469	125,756	2030				
2021	Amount filed	110,078	85,766	2031				
2022	Amount filed	33,609	3,386	2032				
2023	Amount filed	9,904	9,904	2033				
		\$ 1,445,756	\$ 837,263					
	December 31, 2022							

	Amount filed/		Unrecognised	
Year incurred	assessed	Unused amount	deferred tax assets	Expiry year
2012	Amount assessed	\$ 250,992	\$ 250,992	2022
2013	Amount assessed	140,434	140,434	2023
2014	Amount assessed	135,719	135,719	2024
2015	Amount assessed	278,639	113,670	2025
2016	Amount assessed	142,273	43,004	2026
2017	Amount assessed	149,189	32,549	2027
2018	Amount assessed	115,790	39,262	2028
2019	Amount filed	200,652	107,813	2029
2020	Amount filed	129,469	125,756	2030
2021	Amount filed	110,078	85,766	2031
2022	Amount filed	33,609	3,386	2032
		\$ 1,686,844	\$ 1,078,351	

E. The amounts of deductible temporary difference that are not recognised as deferred tax assets are as follows:

	Dece	mber 31, 2023	December 31, 2022		
Deductible temporary differences	\$	638,088	\$	1,518,761	

F. The Board of Directors of certain subsidiaries resolved to not repatriate earnings and to reserve earnings for local operation use, therefore, the Company has not recognized taxable temporary differences associated with investment in subsidiaries as deferred tax liabilities. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the amounts of temporary differences unrecognised as deferred tax liabilities were \$5,107,288 and \$5,107,288, respectively.

- G. As of December 31, 2023, the Company and its subsidiaries' income tax returns through various years between 2019 and 2022, respectively, have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority.
- H. The Group has applied the exception to recognising and disclosing information about deferred tax assets and liabilities related to Pillar Two income taxes.

(31) Earnings per share

For the year ended December 31, 2023						
		Weighted average				
		number of ordinary				
		shares outstanding	Earnings per			
Amo	ount after tax	(in thousands)	share (in dollars)			
	_					
\$	5,830,061	2,109,284	\$ 2.76			
Note: The earnings per share of \$2.73 (in dollars) given the shares of the Company held by the subsidiary, which were deemed as treasury shares, were excluded from the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding.						
	For the y	ear ended December 3	1, 2022			
		Weighted average				
		number of ordinary				
		shares outstanding	Earnings per			
Amo	unt after tax	(in thousands)	share (in dollars)			
\$	3,457,667	2,109,284	\$ 1.64			
	\$.73 (in med as shares	Amount after tax \$ 5,830,061 73 (in dollars) given the dollars as treasury shares outstanding.	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding Amount after tax (in thousands) \$ 5,830,061 2,109,284 73 (in dollars) given the shares of the Cormed as treasury shares, were excluded from the shares outstanding. For the year ended December 3 Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding			

Note: The earnings per share of \$1.62 (in dollars) given the shares of the Company held by the subsidiary, which were deemed as treasury shares, were excluded from the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding.

(32) Supplemental cash flow information

A. Investing activities with partial cash payments:

	For the year ended		For the year ended	
	Dec	ember 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	\$	2,041,709	\$	2,878,076
Add:				
Payables at beginning of the period		105,166		131,883
Less:				
Payables at end of the period	(130,788)	(105,166)
Less:				
Offsetting account receivable with				
recovering properties	(5,850)		_
Cash paid	\$	2,010,237	\$	2,904,793

B. On January 18, 2023, the Group acquired 100% of the share capital of Tai-Peng Energy Co., Ltd.. The following table summarises the carrying amount of assets and liabilities of Tai-Peng Energy Co., Ltd.:

	January 18, 2023	
Cash	\$	529
Accounts receivable		3,113
Other current assets		6,755
Property, plant and equipment		328,945
Other non-current assets		11,971
Bank borrowings	(153,772)
Other payables	(166,370)
Other current liabilities	(49)
	\$	31,122
Consideration for the acquisition of the subsidiary	\$	29,954
Balance of cash in the subsidiary	(529)
Effect on net cash from the consolidated		
subsidiary	\$	29,425

(33) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

) Changes in habilities i		g activities				
						Liabilities
						from
		Dividends	Bonds	Long-term		financing
	Short-term	payable	payable	borrowings	Lease	activities -
	borrowings	(Note 1)	(Note 2)	(Note 2)	liabilities	gross
January 1, 2023	\$ 1,751,344	\$ 27,860	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 3,655,514	\$ 5,072,407	\$15,507,125
Interest expenses on						
lease liabilities	-	-	-	-	94,500	94,500
Recognised in right						
-of-use assets	-	-	-	-	1,302,995	1,302,995
Remeasurement	-	-	-	-	(2,426)	(2,426)
Changes in cash flow						
from financing activities	(394,233)	-	-	(105,668)	(620,778)	(1,120,679)
Other	-	34,499	-	-	-	34,499
Effect of foreign exchange					30,823	30,823
December 31, 2023	\$ 1,357,111	\$ 62,359	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 3,549,846	\$ 5,877,521	\$15,846,837
			<u>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · </u>			
						Tiphilisian
						Liabilities
						from
		Dividends	Bonds	Long-term	_	financing
	Short-term	payable	payable	borrowings	Lease	activities -
	borrowings	(Note 1)	(Note 2)	(Note 2)	liabilities	gross
January 1, 2022	\$ 2,042,697	\$ 28,353	\$ 6,000,000	\$ 4,095,256	\$ 5,062,094	\$17,228,400
Interest expenses on						
lease liabilities	-	=	-	=	74,793	74,793
Recognised in right						
-of-use assets	-	-	-	-	503,217	503,217
Remeasurement	-	-	-	-	8,531	8,531
Changes in cash flow						
from financing activities	(291,353)	(493)	(1,000,000)	(439,742)		
Effect of foreign exchange					(5,247)	(5,247)
December 31, 2022	\$ 1,751,344	\$ 27,860	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 3,655,514	\$ 5,072,407	\$15,507,125
Note 1. Shown as 'other	on novoblog,					

Note 1: Shown as 'other payables'.

Note 2: Including the portion shown as '2320 long-term liabilities, current portion'.

(34) Details of significant non-controlling interests

A. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the non-controlling interest amounted to \$6,294,190 and \$6,293,565, respectively. The information on non-controlling interest and respective subsidiaries is as follows:

			Non-controlling interest						
		December	: 31, 2023	December 31, 2022					
	Principal								
	place of								
Name of subsidiary	business	Amount	Ownership	Amount	Ownership				
Tecom Co., Ltd. and									
subsidiaries	R.O.C	\$ 296,949	36.48%	\$ 306,373	36.48%				
Taiwan Pelican									
Express Co., Ltd. and									
subsidiaries	R.O.C	1,482,354	66.62%	1,464,513	66.62%				
Century Development									
Corporation and									
subsidiaries	R.O.C	2,898,448	47.25%	2,896,734	47.25%				
Information Technology									
Total Services Co.,									
Ltd. and subsidiaries	R.O.C	297,289	50.99%	282,276	50.99%				
Summarized financial info	rmation of th	e cuhcidiariec							

B. Summarized financial information of the subsidiaries:

Balance sheets

Datatice streets						
		Tecom Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries				
	Dece	mber 31, 2023	Dece	December 31, 2022		
Current assets	\$	728,603	\$	998,137		
Non-current assets		671,631		894,809		
Current liabilities	(707,924)	(974,105)		
Non-current liabilities	(227,642)	(443,822)		
Total net assets	\$	464,668	\$	475,019		
	Taiwan Pelican Express Co., Ltd					
	Decei	mber 31, 2023	Dece	ember 31, 2022		
Current assets	\$	1,685,499	\$	1,829,560		
Non-current assets		2,662,036		2,741,422		
Current liabilities	(996,973)	(1,168,495)		
Non-current liabilities	(1,125,474)	(1,204,179)		
Total net assets	\$	2,225,088	\$	2,198,308		

	Century Development Corporation and subsidiaries					
		December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022		
Current assets	\$	992,807	\$	605,583		
Non-current assets		11,033,580		10,577,104		
Current liabilities	(992,674)	(1,054,477)		
Non-current liabilities	(4,363,002)	(3,468,169)		
Total net assets	\$	6,670,711	\$	6,660,041		
		Information Technology and sub				
		December 31, 2023	SIUI	December 31, 2022		
Current assets	\$	774,813	\$	613,290		
Non-current assets		236,732		272,321		
Current liabilities	(415,954)	(315,475)		
Non-current liabilities	(12,158)	(16,558)		
Total net assets	\$	583,433	\$	553,578		
Statements of comprehensive incor	<u>ne</u>					
		Tecom Co., Ltd.	and	l subsidiaries		
		For the year ended		For the year ended		
		December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022		
Revenue	\$	804,032	\$	1,010,890		
(Loss) profit before income tax	(14,409)		41,080		
Income tax expense	(5,782)	(8,488)		
(Loss) profit for the period	(20,191)		32,592		
Other comprehensive income (loss)						
(net of tax)		30,659	(24,780)		
Total comprehensive income						
for the period	\$	10,468	<u>\$</u>	7,812		
Comprehensive income attributable	ф	2.724	Ф	17.505		

2,736 \$

17,595

\$

to non-controlling interest

	_	Taiwan Pelican Express	Co.,	Ltd. and subsidiaries		
		For the year ended		For the year ended		
		December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022		
Revenue	\$	4,188,461	\$	4,509,706		
Profit before income tax		115,588		216,207		
Income tax expense	(21,092)	(39,765)		
Profit for the period		94,496		176,442		
Other comprehensive income (loss)						
(net of tax)		75,579	(528,480)		
Total comprehensive income (loss)						
for the period	\$	170,075	(<u>\$</u>	352,038)		
Comprehensive income (loss)						
attributable to non-controlling	\$	113,304	(\$	238,858)		
interest Dividends paid to non-controlling	Ψ	113,301	(Ψ	250,030)		
interest	\$	95,400	\$	133,560		
	Century Development Corporation and subsidiaries					
		For the year ended	•	For the year ended		
		December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022		
Revenue	\$	1,348,049	\$	891,427		
Profit before income tax		430,221		428,897		
Income tax expense	(90,867)	(83,092)		
Profit for the period		339,354		345,805		
Other comprehensive (loss) income						
(net of tax)	(2,342)		20,324		
Total comprehensive income						
for the period	\$	337,012	\$	366,129		
Comprehensive income attributable						
to non-controlling interest	\$	184,730	\$	184,609		
Dividends paid to non-controlling interest	\$	154,197	\$	142,590		

Information Technology Total Services Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries

		and subs	naic	11105
		For the year ended		For the year ended
		December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022
Revenue	\$	1,343,318	\$	1,330,274
Profit before income tax		89,356		65,932
Income tax expense	(15,193)	(10,291)
Profit for the period		74,163		55,641
Other comprehensive (loss) income				
(net of tax)	(591)		4,890
Total comprehensive income				
for the period	\$	73,572	\$	60,531
Comprehensive income attributable				
to non-controlling interest	\$	30,026	\$	28,370
Dividends paid to non-controlling				
interest	\$	22,291	\$	27,865
Statements of cash flows				
		Tecom Co., Ltd	l. ar	nd subsidiaries
		For the year ended		For the year ended
		December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	51,455	\$	82,101
Net cash provided by				
investing activities		290,369		70,665
Net cash used in financing activities	(463,490)	(71,118)
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash	_	+03,+70)		71,110)
equivalents	(121,666)		81,648
Cash and cash equivalents,				
beginning of period		265,304		183,656
Cash and cash equivalents,				
end of period	\$	143,638	\$	265,304

	Taiwan Pelican Express	Co.,	Ltd. and subsidiaries
	For the year ended		For the year ended
	December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022
\$	295,418	\$	583,366
(64,664)	(175,940)
(353 561)	(411,592)
(223,201)	`	111,552)
(224)		865
`_		_	
(123,031)	(3,301)
_	1,050,531		1,053,832
\$	927,500	\$	1,050,531
	Century Development Co	rpo	ration and subsidiaries
	For the year ended		For the year ended
	December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022
\$	746,475	\$	693,661
(1,333,596)	(1,356,591)
	521 972		315,796
	321,672		313,790
	688	(12,271)
		`	<u> </u>
(64,561)	(359,405)
	254,140		613,545
\$	189,579	\$	254,140
	(((_ (For the year ended December 31, 2023 \$ 295,418 (64,664) (353,561) (224) (123,031) \$ 927,500 Century Development Construction For the year ended December 31, 2023 \$ 746,475 (1,333,596) 521,872 688 (64,561)	December 31, 2023 \$ 295,418 \$ (64,664) (353,561) (224) (123,031) (1,050,531 \$ 927,500 \$ Century Development Corpo For the year ended December 31, 2023 \$ 746,475 \$ (1,333,596) (521,872 688 (64,561) (254,140

Information Technology Total Services Co., Ltd.

		and subsidi	aries
		For the year ended	For the year ended
		December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	168,275 \$	72,224
Net cash provided by investing		17.712	10 404
activities		17,713	18,494
Net cash used in financing activities	(50,190) (61,001)
Effect of exchange rates on			
cash and cash equivalents	(536)	1,495
Increase in cash and cash			
equivalents		135,262	31,212
Cash and cash equivalents,			
beginning of period	_	171,492	140,280
Cash and cash equivalents,			
end of period	\$	306,754 \$	171,492

(35) Business combinations

- A. On January 18, 2023, the Group acquired 100% of the share capital of Tai-Peng Energy Co., Ltd. for \$29,954 and obtained the control over Tai-Peng Energy Co., Ltd. As a result of the acquisition, the Group is expected to gradually complete and expand the Group's plan in the green energy industry.
- B. The following table summarises the consideration paid for Tai-Peng Energy Co., Ltd. and the fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date:

	Janua	ary 18, 2023
Purchase consideration		
Cash	\$	29,954
Fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed		
Cash		529
Accounts receivable		3,113
Other current assets		6,755
Property, plant and equipment		328,945
Other non-current assets		11,971
Bank borrowings	(153,772)
Other payables	(166,370)
Other current liabilities	(49)
Total identifiable net assets		31,122
	(\$	1,168)

- C. The fair value of the acquired identifiable net assets is provisional pending receipt of the final valuations for those assets.
- D. Had Tai-Peng Energy Co., Ltd. been consolidated from January 1, 2023, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income would show operating revenue of \$59,394,630 and profit before income tax of \$8,274,283.

7. Related Party Transactions

(1) Names of related parties and relationship with the Group

	Relationship		Relationship
Names of related parties	with the Group	Names of related parties	with the Group
Teco Middle East Electrical & Machinery	Note 1	Jinglaoman Food & Beverage Co., Ltd.	Associates
Co., Ltd. (TME)		(Jinglaoman)	
Teco (PHILIPPINES) 3C & Appliances,	Associates	Shanghai Tungpei Enterprise Co., Ltd.	//
Inc. (Teco 3C)		(Shanghai Tungpei)	
Taian-Jaya Electric Sdn. Bhd.	//	Greyback International Property, Inc.	//
(Taian-Jaya)		(Greyback)	
An-Sheng Travel Co., Ltd.	″	ABC Cooking Studio Taiwan Co., Ltd.	//
(An-Sheng)		(ABC Cooking)	
Le-Li Co., Ltd.	″	Qingdao Teco Century Advanced	//
(Le-Li)		HighTech Mechatronics Co., Ltd.	
		(Teco Century)	
Lien Chang Electronic Enterprise Co., Ltd.	″	Teco EV Philippines Corporation	//
(Lien Chang)		(Teco EV)	
Tung Pei Industrial Co., Ltd.	″	Fujio Food System Taiwan Co., Ltd.	//
(Tung Pei)		(Fujio Food)	
Taian Electric Co., Ltd.	//	Teco Group Science Techology	//
(Taian Electric)		(Han Zou) Co., Ltd. (Teco Group)	
Royal Host Taiwan Co., Ltd.	"	An-shin Food Service Co., Ltd.	Other related parties
(Royal Host)		(An-shin)	
Taisan Electric Co.,Ltd.	"	Xia Men An-Shin Food Management	//
(Taisan Electric)		Co., Ltd.	
Tension Envelope Taiwan Co., Ltd.	"	MOS BURGER AUSTRALIA PTY. LTD.	//
(Tension) TG Teco Vacuum Insulated Glass	Note 2	Teco Image System Co., Ltd.	"
(TG Teco Vacuum Insulated Glass)	Note 2	(Teco Image)	"
Teco-Motech Co., Ltd.	Associates	Taiwan Art & Business Interdisciplinary	"
(Teco-Motech)	Associates	Foundation	"
(1cco-wiotech)		(Taiwan Art)	
Shanghai Xiangseng Mechanical and	"	Teco Technology Foundation	//
Electrical Trading Co., Ltd.		(Teco Found)	
ZEPT Inc. (ZEPT)	"	YUBAN & COMPANY (YUBAN)	"
Teco Technology & Marketing	Note 3	An-Hui Information Technology., Ltd.	"
Center Co., Ltd. (TTMC)	11010 3	(An-Hui Technology)	"
contoi co., Ltd. (11111c)		(100 111010 B J)	

Note 1: The company is no longer a related party of the Company since the Company sold its owned shares of TME to Ali Zaid Al Quraishi & Brothers Co. in the fourth quarter of 2023.

Note 2: The investee has been liquidated in 2022.

Note 3: The investee was merged with Sankyo Co., Ltd in 2022.

(2) Significant related party transactions

A. Operating revenue:

	For the year ended December 31, 2023		For th	For the year ended	
			December 31, 2022		
Sales of goods and services:					
Associates	\$	455,223	\$	432,860	
Other related parties		325,011		371,114	
	\$	780,234	\$	803,974	

The Group sells commodities and services to related parties based on mutually agreed selling price and terms as there is no similar transaction to be compared with.

B. Purchases of goods:

	For th	For the year ended		For the year ended	
			December 31, 2022		
Purchases of goods:					
Associates	\$	124,314	\$	162,315	
Other related parties		13,989		18,808	
	\$	138,303	\$	181,123	

The purchase terms, including pricing and payments, were based on mutual agreement and have no similar transaction to be compared with.

C. Receivables from related parties:

•	Decen	nber 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	
Receivables from related parties:				
Associates	\$	107,447	\$	204,621
Other related parties		86,729		97,477
	<u> </u>	194,176		302,098
Other receivables - others				
Associates		52,875		84,502
Other related parties		20,401		2,425
		73,276		86,927
	\$	267,452	\$	389,025

- (a) The receivables from related parties arise mainly from sale transactions. The receivables are due 30 to 90 days after the date of sale, unsecured in nature and bear no interest. There are no provisions held against receivables from related parties.
- (b) The other receivables arise mainly from other receivables for rental and reimbursement.

D. Payables to related parties:

•	December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022	
Payables to related parties:				
Associates	\$	35,534	\$	45,134
Other related parties		3,743		4,056
	\$	39,277	\$	49,190

The payables to related parties arise mainly from purchase transactions and are due 180 days after the date of purchase. The payables bear no interest.

E. Rent income

	For the	For the year ended			
	December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022		
Associates	\$	23,512	\$	17,427	
Other related parties		20,513		20,728	
	\$	44,025	\$	38,155	

The Group leases offices from the related parties. Rent was determined based on rental terms by reference to market prices and collected within the mutually agreed terms.

F. Loans to related parties:

For the year ended December 31, 2023

	Maximum outstanding						
	balance	balance Ending balance		Ending balance		Interest income	
Other related parties	\$	18,733	\$	18,707	\$	640	

The loans to other related parties are repayable over 1 year and carry interest at 5.23% per annum for the year ended December 31, 2023.

G. Others

On June 29, 2022, the Board of Directors of the Group's subsidiary, Teco Australia, resolved to acquire 40% of the equity interest of Ejoy Australia Pty. Ltd. from the other related party, YUBAN, through the wholly-owned subsidiary, Ejoy Australia Holdings Pty. Ltd. The consideration was AUD 411 thousand. The Group will hold 100% of the equity interest of Ejoy Australia Pty. Ltd. after the transaction was completed.

(3) Key management compensation

	For the year ended		For the year ended		
	Decer	December 31, 2023		mber 31, 2022	
Short-term employee benefits	\$	229,580	\$	243,738	
Long-term employee benefits		26,416		11,058	
Post-employment benefits		8,929		11,435	
	\$	264,925	\$	266,231	

8. Pledged Assets

Pledged asset	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	Purpose
Notes receivable	\$ 22,014	-	Short-term borrowings and deposits for acceptance bill
Other current assets			
Demand deposits	94,318	315,635	Short-term borrowings, deposits for renting warehouses, deposits for acceptance bill, provisional seizure guarantee of compensation, exercise guarantee for construction, warranty margin, engineering bond, tariff guarantees, merchandise loans, provisional seizure guarantee, deposits for the exemption from provisional execution and guarantee
Demand deposits	-	14,969	Earmarked construction projects
Time deposits	73,879	244,210	Engineering bond, merchandise loans, tariff guarantees, long-term and short-term borrowings, engineering guarantees, customs security deposit, warranty margin, exercise guarantee for construction and quality assurance for product sales
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current			r
Taiwan High Speed Rail Corporation	242,530	460,000	Long-term borrowings
Non-current financial assets at amortised cost	10,000	10,000	Performance guarantee
Property, plant, and equipment			
Land	91,581	77,392	Long-term borrowings, short-term borrowings
Buildings and structures	9,806	-	"
Leased asset-buildings and structures	4,332,843	-	
Machinery and equipment	631,687	140,750	"
Right-of-use assets	771,910	793,198	"
Other non-current assets			Exercise guarantee or warranty for construction and exercise guarantee
Refundable deposits	71,772	64,298	for tender
	\$ 6,352,340	\$ 2,120,452	Tot tender
	ψ 0,332,3 1 0	Ψ 2,120,732	

9. Significant Contingent Liabilities and Unrecognized Contract Commitments

(1) Contingencies

- A. On October 23, 2023, Kindom Development Co., Ltd. filed a lawsuit to the Taiwan Taipei District Court against the Company's subsidiary, Tong-An Investment Co., Ltd., alleging that Tong-An Investment Co., Ltd. shall perform the obligation of the xinzhuang industrial park join construction contract and claiming that the Group shall return \$538,544 to the company, including performance bond of \$350,000 which paid by Kindom Development Co., Ltd. for implementing urban renewal program and urban renewal fee of \$188,544. The Group had accrued and recorded based on the possible payment amounting to \$94,272. As of March 15, 2024, the case is still under the assessment of the court.
- B. On January 10, 2023, Teco Electire & Machinery Pte Ltd., a subsidiary of the Group, received a notice from a customer, claiming that the subsidiary of the Group shall pay SGD\$1,282 and related interest because the product did not meet their needs. The Group has estimated and accounted for the possible payment amount in 2023. The relevant mediation procedures is still undergoing.

(2) Commitments

A. Capital expenditures contracted for at the balance sheet date but not yet incurred are as follows:

	Dece	mber 31, 2023	December 31, 2022		
Property, plant and equipment	\$	1,541,787	\$	560,228	
Intangible assets		2		7,638	
	\$	1,541,789	\$	567,866	

B. As of December 31, 2023, the outstanding usance L/C used for acquiring raw materials and equipment was \$81,751.

10. Significant Disaster Loss

None.

11. Significant Events after the Balance Sheet Date

On April 21, 2021, the Company received a civil judgment from the Taiwan Taipei District Court concerning a claim filed by Fu Chang Engineering Co., Ltd. (Fu Chang), which is a subcontractor that undertook the electrical system and air-conditioning electric system for the Company's project 'Mechanical and Electrical Engineering of Songshan Cultural and Creative Park BOT Project' for a total of \$63,525, to request the Company to pay an additional payment amounting to \$68,495 for additional construction works. As of March 15, 2024, the Company and Fu Chang had reached a settlement, and the Company expected to pay \$60,000 to Fu Chang.

12. Others

(1) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are based on the industrial scale, considering industrial future growth and product development, and setting appropriate market share, as well as plan of corresponding capital expenditure, calculation of operating capital needed for financial operations, and considering operating profit and cash inflows arising from product competitiveness, to determine appropriate capital structure.

(2) Financial instruments

A. Financial instruments by category

The related information of the Company's financial assets (cash and cash equivalents, financial assets at amortised cost, notes receivable, accounts receivable, other receivables (including related parties), guarantee deposits paid, restricted bank deposits, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income) and financial liabilities (short-term borrowings, notes payable, accounts payable, other payables (including related parties), lease liabilities (current/non-current), bonds payable (including current portion), long-term borrowings (including current portion), financial liabilities for hedging, financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) is provided in the consolidated balance sheet and Note 6.

B. Financial risk management policies

- (a) The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. To minimise any adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group, derivative financial instruments, such as foreign exchange forward contracts are used to hedge certain exchange rate risk. Derivatives are used exclusively for hedging purposes and not as trading or speculative instruments.
- (b) Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (Group treasury) under policies approved by the Board of Directors. Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close cooperation with the Group's operating units. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas and matters, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.
- (c) Information about derivative financial instruments that are used to hedge certain exchange rate risk are provided in Notes 6(2) > 6(14) and 6(15).

C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

(a) Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

- i. The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from the transactions of the Company and its subsidiaries used in various functional currency, primarily with respect to the USD and RMB. Foreign exchange risk arises from recognized assets and liabilities.
- ii. Management has set up a policy to require group companies to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currency. The companies are required to hedge their entire foreign exchange risk exposure with the Group treasury. Exchange rate risk is measured through a forecast of highly probable USD and RMB expenditures. Forward foreign exchange contracts are adopted to minimise the volatility of the exchange rate affecting cost of forecast inventory purchases.
- iii. The Group hedges foreign exchange rate by using forward exchange contracts. However, the Group does not adopt hedging accounting. Details of financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are provided in Notes 6(2) \cdot 6(14) and 6(15).
- iv. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's and certain subsidiaries' functional currency: NTD; other certain subsidiaries' functional currency: USD and RMB). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

December 31, 2023

					December 31	, 2023				
		Sensitivity Analysis								
		Foreign							Effe	ect on other
		currency amount					Effe	ect on profit	com	prehensive
		(In thousands)	Exchange rate	Book	value (NTD)	Degree of variation		or loss	j	income
(Foreign currency: function	al currency)									
Financial assets										
Monetary items										
USD:NTD	USD	\$ 87,345	30.7050	\$	2,681,928	1%	\$	26,819	\$	-
EUR:NTD	EUR	10,045	33.9800		341,329	1%		3,413		-
USD:RMB	USD	43,969	7.0961		1,350,068	1%		13,501		-
RMB:NTD	RMB	26,892	4.3270		116,362	1%		1,164		-
AUD:NTD	AUD	8,140	20.9800		170,777	1%		1,708		-
USD:SGD	USD	12,405	1.3184		380,896	1%		3,809		-
USD:EUR	USD	9,265	0.9036		284,482	1%		2,845		-
CAD:USD	CAD	6,258	0.7556		145,186	1%		1,452		-
USD:MRD	USD	5,372	4.5789		164,947	1%		1,649		-
Non-monetary items										
USD:NTD	USD	746,071	30.7050		22,908,110					
EUR:NTD	EUR	148,532	33.9800		5,047,117					
SGD:NTD	SGD	129,463	23.2900		3,015,193					
VND:NTD	VND	226,099,231	0.0013		293,929					
MRD:NTD	MRD	8,777	6.7058		58,857					
Financial liabilities										
Monetary items										
USD:NTD	USD	57,181	30.7050		1,755,743	1%		17,557		-
USD:SGD	USD	3,316	1.3184		101,818	1%		1,018		-
USD:MRD	USD	5,373	4.5789		164,978	1%		1,650		-
USD:VND	USD	4,282	1.4635		131,479	1%		1,315		-

December 31, 2022

				December .	01, 2022		
					Sen	sitivity Analysis	
		Foreign					Effect on other
		currency amount				Effect on profit	comprehensive
		(In thousands)	Exchange rate	Book value (NTD)	Degree of variation	or loss	income
(Foreign currency: functional	al currency)						
Financial assets							
Monetary items							
USD:NTD	USD	\$ 103,662	30.7100	\$ 3,183,460	1%	\$ 31,835	\$ -
EUR:NTD	EUR	7,233	32.7200	236,664	1%	2,367	-
USD:RMB	USD	11,707	6.9669	81,561	1%	816	-
RMB:NTD	RMB	29,385	4.4080	129,529	1%	1,295	-
AUD:NTD	AUD	4,478	20.8300	93,277	1%	933	-
USD:SGD	USD	8,624	1.3422	11,575	1%	116	-
USD:EUR	USD	10,244	0.9386	9,615	1%	96	-
USD:MRD	USD	7,116	1.0655	7,582	1%	76	-
Non-monetary items							
USD:NTD	USD	705,005	30.7100	21,650,704			
EUR:NTD	EUR	146,854	32.7200	4,805,063			
SGD:NTD	SGD	155,510	22.8800	3,558,069			
VND:NTD	VND	265,270,769	0.0013	344,852			
MRD:NTD	MRD	8,621	6.9951	60,305			
Financial liabilities							
Monetary items							
USD:NTD	USD	50,717	30.7100	1,557,519	1%	15,575	-
USD:VND	USD	3,953	23,623.0769	121,397	1%	1,214	-
USD:MRD	USD	9,939	4.3902	305,227	1%	3,052	_
USD:AUD	USD	7,497	1.4743	230,233	1%	2,302	-
USD:SGD	USD	3,539	1.3422	108,683	1%	1,087	-

v. Total exchange gain, including realized and unrealized, arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 amounted to \$58,035 and \$209,092, respectively.

Price risk

- i. The Group's financial instruments, which are exposed to price risk, are those characterized as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. To manage its price risk arising from such investments the Group diversifies its portfolio. Diversification of the portfolio is done in accordance with limits set by the Group.
- ii. The Group's investments in equity securities comprise shares and open-end funds issued by domestic companies. The prices of equity securities would change due to the change of the future value of investee companies. If the prices of these equity securities had increased/decreased by 5% with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 would have increased/decreased by \$123,094 and \$106,785, respectively, as a result of gains/losses on equity securities classified as at fair value through profit or loss. Other components of equity would have increased/decreased by \$1,535,974 and \$1,716,610, respectively, as a result of other comprehensive income classified as equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

- i. The Group's main interest rate risk arises from long-term borrowings with variable rates, which expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. Group policy is to maintain at least 30% of its borrowings at fixed rate using interest rate swaps to achieve this when necessary. For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group's borrowings at variable rate were mainly denominated in NTD, USD and RMB.
- ii. The Group's borrowings are measured at amortized cost. The borrowings are periodically contractually repriced and to that extent are also exposed to the risk of future changes in market interest rates.
- iii. As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, if interest rates at that date had been 0.25% higher/lower with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, would have been \$9,814 and \$11,676 lower/higher, respectively, mainly as a result of higher/lower interest expense on floating rate borrowings.

(b) Credit risk

- i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the accounts receivable based on the agreed terms, and the contract cash flows of debt instruments stated at amortized cost.
- ii. The Group manages their credit risk taking into consideration the entire group's concern. For banks and financial institutions, only independently rated parties with a minimum rating of 'A' are accepted. According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the Board of Directors. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored.

- iii. The Group adopts the following assumption under IFRS 9 to assess whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition: If the contract payments were past due over 30 days based on the terms, there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition.
- iv. The Group adopts the assumption under IFRS 9, whereby the default occurs when the contract payments are past due over 90 days.
- v. The Group classifies customers' accounts receivable, contract assets and rents receivable in accordance with credit rating of customer and credit risk on trade. The Group applies the simplified approach using loss rate methodology to estimate expected credit loss under the provision matrix basis.
- vi. The following indicators are used to determine whether the credit impairment of debt instruments has occurred:
 - (i) It becomes probable that the issuer will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization due to their financial difficulties;
 - (ii)The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties;
 - (iii)Default or delinquency in interest or principal repayments;
 - (iv)Adverse changes in national or regional economic conditions that are expected to cause a default.
- vii. The Group uses the forecastability of Taiwan Institute of Economic Research boom observation report to adjust historical and timely information to assess the default possibility of notes and accounts receivable. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the loss rate methodology is as follows:

	December 31, 2023								
	Expected credit loss rate	Tot	al book value	Loss allowance					
Not past due	0%~1%	\$	8,798,254	(\$	11,330)				
Up to 30 days	0%~2%		1,211,495	(6,023)				
31 to 90 days	1%~20%		811,799	(34,792)				
91 to 180 days	1%~100%		311,073	(25,668)				
Over 180 days	1%~100%		426,777	(124,460)				
·		\$	11,559,398	(\$	202,273)				
	D	ecemb	er 31, 2022						
	Expected credit loss rate	Tot	al book value	Los	s allowance				
Not past due	0%~1%	\$	8,970,190	(\$	22,459)				
Up to 30 days	0%~2%		1,049,553	(16,911)				
31 to 90 days	1%~20%		542,913	(23,681)				
91 to 180 days	1%~100%		283,479	(26,453)				
Over 180 days	1%~100%		460,429	(127,721)				
•		\$	11,306,564	(\$	217,225)				

Decem	her	31	2023
Decem		91,	2023

11,306,564 (\$

217,225)

	Expected credit loss rate	То	tal book value		Loss allowance
Individual	100%	\$	26,318	(\$	26,318)
Group A	0%~5%		5,878,068	(14,367)
Group B	0%~10%		1,940,214	(3,925)
Group C	1%~20%		1,422,730	(31,937)
Group D	1%~40%		619,505	(17,095)
Group E	1%~100%		1,672,563	(108,631)
		\$	11,559,398	(\$	202,273)
		Decen	nber 31, 2022		
	Expected credit loss rate	To	tal book value		Loss allowance
Individual	100%	\$	27,254	(\$	27,254)
Group A	0%~5%		6,287,506	(13,182)
Group B	0%~10%		1,639,893	(5,735)
Group C	1%~20%		1,398,623	(22,818)
Group D	1%~40%		453,283	(35,400)
Group E	1%~100%		1,500,005	(112,836)

viii. Movements in relation to the Group applying the simplified approach to provide loss allowance for notes receivable and accounts receivable are as follows:

		2023
		eceivable and nts receivable
At January 1	\$	217,225
Provision for impairment		18,359
Write-offs during the period	(36,355)
Effect of foreign exchange		3,044
At December 31	\$	202,273
		2022
	Notes r	eceivable and
	accour	nts receivable
At January 1	\$	168,327
Provision for impairment		52,379
Write-offs during the period	(13,870)
Effect of foreign exchange		10,389
At December 31	\$	217,225
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group recognized impairment losses from other receivables at amortised cost amounting to \$13,432 and \$5,236, respectively.

(c) Liquidity risk

i. Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by Group treasury. Group treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn committed borrowing facilities at all times so that

- the Group does not breach borrowing limits or covenants on any of its borrowing facilities. Such forecasting takes into consideration the Group's debt financing plans, covenant compliance, compliance with internal balance sheet ratio targets and, if applicable, external regulatory or legal requirements, for example, currency restrictions.
- ii. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the undrawn credit amounts are \$21,890,567 and \$22,052,652, respectively.
- iii. The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities and net-settled or gross-settled derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date for non-derivative financial liabilities and to the expected maturity date for derivative financial liabilities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

Non-derivative financial liabilities:

<u>December 31, 2023</u>		Up to 1 year	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 3 years	Between 3 and 5 years	 Over 5 years
Short-term borrowings	\$	1,357,111	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Notes payable		548,232	-	-	-	-
Accounts payable		8,701,911	-	-	-	-
Lease liabilities		649,694	599,999	559,142	1,070,604	4,558,181
Other payables		6,494,050	-	-	-	-
Bonds payable (including						
current portion)		-	5,000,000	-	-	-
Long-term borrowings						
(including current portion)		752,878	1,041,560	291,366	389,795	1,143,773
Non-derivative financial liability	ies:					
<u>December 31, 2022</u>		Up to 1 year	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 3 years	Between 3 and 5 years	 Over 5 years
Short-term borrowings	\$	1,751,344	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Notes payable		784,791	-	-	-	-
Accounts payable		9,125,804	-	-	-	-
Lease liabilities		573,681	409,543	368,097	602,944	4,437,138
Other payables		5,994,197	-	-	-	-
Bonds payable (including						
current portion)		-	-	5,000,000	-	-
Long-term borrowings						
(including current portion)		1,585,816	242,733	1,013,050	61,563	925,412

iv. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the derivative financial liabilities which were executed by the Group were all due within one year.

(3) Fair value information

- A. Details of the fair value of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value are provided in Note 12(2)A. Details of the fair value of the Group's investment property measured at cost are provided in Note 6(10).
- B. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:
 - Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The fair value of the Group's investment in listed stocks, beneficiary certificates and others is included in Level 1.
 - Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. The fair value of the Group's investment in derivative instruments is included in Level 2.
 - Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The fair value of the Group's investment in derivative instruments is included in Level 3.
- C. The related information of financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities is as follows:

<u>December 31, 2023</u>	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	Total	
Assets							
Recurring fair value measurements							
Financial assets at fair value							
through profit or loss							
Equity instrument/equity							
securities	\$	2,461,875	\$	-	\$ 1,106,331	\$	3,568,206
Non-hedging derivatives		-		787	-		787
Financial assets at fair value							
through other comprehensive							
income							
Equity instrument/equity		20 510 105			101 (01		20 011 110
securities		30,719,487			 191,631		30,911,118
	\$	33,181,362	\$	787	\$ 1,297,962	\$	34,480,111
Liabilities							
Recurring fair value measurements							
Financial liabilities at fair value							
through profit or loss							
Non-hedging derivatives	\$	-	\$	5,850	\$ -	\$	5,850
Financial liabilities for hedging		_		5,025	 		5,025
	\$		\$	10,875	\$ 	\$	10,875

<u>December 31, 2022</u>	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets				
Recurring fair value measurements				
Financial assets at fair value				
through profit or loss				
Equity instrument/equity				
securities	\$ 2,135,696		\$ 1,167,229	
Non-hedging derivatives	-	301	-	301
Financial assets at fair value				
through other comprehensive				
income				
Equity instrument/equity	24 222 200		105.055	24 527 462
securities	34,332,208		195,255	34,527,463
	\$ 36,467,904	\$ 301	\$ 1,362,484	\$ 37,830,689
Liabilities				
Recurring fair value measurements				
Financial liabilities at fair value				
through profit or loss				
Non-hedging derivatives	\$ -	\$ 4,144	\$ -	\$ 4,144

D. The methods and assumptions the Group used to measure fair value are as follows:

(a) The instruments the Group used market quoted prices as their fair values (that is, Level 1) are listed below by characteristics:

	Listed shares	Open-end fund
Market quoted price	Closing price	Net asset value

- (b)Except for financial instruments with active markets, the fair value of other financial instruments is measured by using valuation techniques or by reference to counterparty quotes. The fair value of financial instruments measured by using valuation techniques method can be referred to current fair value of instruments with similar terms and characteristics in substance, discounted cash flow method or other valuation methods.
- (c) The valuation of derivative financial instruments is based on valuation model widely accepted by market participants, such as present value techniques and option pricing models. Forward exchange contracts are usually valued based on the current forward exchange rate.
- (d) The output of valuation model is an estimated value and the valuation technique may not be able to capture all relevant factors of the Group's financial and non-financial instruments. Therefore, the estimated value derived using valuation model is adjusted accordingly with additional inputs, for example, model risk or liquidity risk and etc. In accordance with the Group's management policies and relevant control procedures relating to the valuation models used for fair value measurement, management believes adjustment to valuation is necessary in order to reasonably represent the fair value of financial and non-financial instruments at the consolidated balance sheet. The inputs and pricing information used during valuation are carefully assessed and adjusted based on current market conditions.
- E. For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2.

F. The following chart is the movement of Level 3 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022:

	Non-derivative equity					
		the year ended ember 31, 2023	For the year ended December 31, 2022			
Beginning balance	\$	1,362,484	\$	3,621,022		
Gains and losses recognized in						
profit or loss	(18,814)		47,350		
Gain and loss recognized in						
other comprehensive income	(7,465)		127,816		
Acquired during the period		-		50,000		
Sold during the period	(38,243)	(2,289,362)		
Transfer out of the Level 3		-	(191,013)		
Capital deducted by returning cash		_	(3,329)		
Ending balance	\$	1,297,962	\$	1,362,484		

G. Finance and Accounting Department is in charge of valuation procedures for fair value measurements being categorized within Level 3, which is to verify independent fair value of financial instruments. Such assessment is to ensure the valuation results are reasonable by applying independent information to make results close to current market conditions, confirming the source of information is independent, reliable and in line with other resources and represented as the exercisable price, and frequently calibrating valuation model, performing back-testing, updating inputs used to the valuation model and making any other necessary adjustments to the fair value.

H. The following is the qualitative information of significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair value measurement.

III 20 (01 5 10II)	Fair value at		Significant	Range	
	December 31,	Valuation	unobservable	(weighted	Relationship of inputs
	2023	technique	input	average)	to fair value
Non-derivative equity:					
Unlisted shares	\$ 1,297,962	Market comparable companies	Price to earnings ratio multiple	1.46~3.04	The higher the multiple, the higher the fair value
Private equity fund		Net asset value	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
	Fair value at		Significant	Range	
	December 31, 2022	Valuation technique	unobservable input	(weighted average)	Relationship of inputs to fair value
Non-derivative equity:		•			
Unlisted shares	\$ 1,362,484	Market comparable companies	Price to earnings ratio multiple	1.62~2.31	The higher the multiple, the higher the fair value
Private equity fund		Net asset value	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

I. The Group has carefully assessed the valuation models and assumptions used to measure fair value; therefore, the fair value measurement is reasonable. However, use of different valuation models or assumptions may result in different measurement. The following is the effect of profit or loss or of other comprehensive income from financial assets and liabilities categorized within Level 3 if the inputs used to valuation models have changed:

December 31, 2023						
				Recogniz	ed in other	
		Recognized in profit or loss		compreher	nsive income	
		Favourable Unfavourable I		Favourable	Unfavourable	
Input	Change	change	change	change	change	
Discount for						
lack of marketability	±5%	\$ 55.317	(\$ 55,317)	\$ 9,582	(\$ 9,582)	
	Discount for	Discount for lack of ±5%	Recognized i Favourable Change change Discount for lack of ±5%	Recognized in profit or loss Favourable Unfavourable change Change change change Discount for lack of ±5%	Recognized in profit or loss compreher Favourable Unfavourable Favourable change Change change change change Discount for lack of ±5%	

			Decemb	er 31, 2022		
					Recogniz	ed in other
			Recognized in profit or loss		comprehe	nsive income
			Favourable	Unfavourable	Favourable	Unfavourable
	Input	Change	change	change	change	change
Financial						
assets						
Equity	Discount for					
instrument	lack of	±5%				

13. Supplementary Disclosures

(1) Significant transactions information

marketability

- A. Loans to others: Please refer to table 1.
- B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Please refer to table 2.
- C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the periods (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Please refer to table 3.

58,361 (\$ 58,361) \$

9,763 (\$

9,763)

- D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: None.
- E. Acquisition of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 4.
- F. Disposal of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 5.
- H. Receivables from related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 6.
- I. Trading in derivative financial instruments undertaken during the reporting periods ended: Please refer to Notes 6(2) \((14) \) and (15).
- J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods: Please refer to table 7.

(2) <u>Information on investees</u>

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China): Please refer to table 8.

(3) Information on investments in Mainland China

- A. Basic information: Please refer to table 9.
- B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third party, transactions with the investee companies in Mainland Area: Please refer to table 10.

(4) Major shareholders information

Names, number of shares and ownership of shareholders whose equity interest is greater than 5%: Please refer to table 11.

14. Segment Information

(1)General information

Information provided to chief operating decision-maker for allocating resources and assessing segment's performance focus on the category of each delivery or provision of products or services. The Group's reportable operating segments are as follows:

- A. Green Mechatronic Solution Business Group (GM): This Group is primary engaged in manufacture and sales of various motors and generators.
- B. Intelligence Energy Business Group (IE): This Group is primary engaged in research, design, manufacture and sales of electrical equipment and contracting construction

of transportation and electricity.

- C. Air and Intelligent Life Business Group (AI): This Group is primary engaged in manufacture and sales of various home appliances and providing data processing, electronic information and logistics services.
- D. Others Group: This Group is primary engaged investment in various businesses and leasing and development of real estate.

(2) Measurement of segment information

The Group's segment profit (loss) is measured with the operating profit (loss) before tax, which is used as a basis for the Group in assessing the performance of the operating segments. The accounting policies of the operating segments are in agreement with the significant accounting policies summarized in Note 4.

(3) <u>Financial information by industry</u>
The segment information of the reportable segments provided to the chief operating decision-maker for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

		For the year ended December 31, 2023						
	Green mechatroni	;						
	solution business	Intelligence energy	Air and intelligent	Adjustment and				
	Group	business Group	life business Group	Others elimination Total				
Operating revenues								
Operating revenues from external customers	\$ 31,667,63	\$ 11,734,111	\$ 12,052,637	\$ 3,939,279 \$ - \$ 59,393,661				
Operating revenues from internal segments	18,506,06	767,519	4,176,248	648,812 (24,098,646)				
Total operating revenues	\$ 50,173,70	\$ 12,501,630	\$ 16,228,885	<u>\$ 4,588,091</u> (<u>\$ 24,098,646</u>) <u>\$ 59,393,661</u>				
Segment profits and losses	\$ 5,516,71	\$ 495,037	\$ 243,919	\$ 407,581 \$ - \$ 6,663,252				
		For the year ended December 31, 2022						
	Green mechatronic		•					
	solution business	Intelligence energy	Air and intelligent	Adjustment and				
	Group	business Group	life business Group	Others elimination Total				
Operating revenues								
Operating revenues from external customers	\$ 30,801,040	\$ 10,092,711	\$ 13,904,399	\$ 3,517,066 \$ - \$ 58,315,216				
Operating revenues from internal segments	19,919,839	787,213	4,656,123	277,906 (25,641,081) -				
Total operating revenues	\$ 50,720,879	\$ 10,879,924	\$ 18,560,522	<u>\$ 3,794,972 (\$ 25,641,081)</u> <u>\$ 58,315,216</u>				
Segment profits and losses	\$ 3,939,866	\$ 452,711	\$ 487,539	\$ 193,538 \$ - \$ 5,073,654				

(4) Reconciliation for segment profit (loss)

Sales between segments are carried out at arm's length. The revenue from external parties reported to the chief operating decision-maker is measured in a manner consistent with that in the statement of comprehensive income. A reconciliation of reportable segment income or loss to the income before tax from continuing operations for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 is provided as follows:

-		For the year ended December 31, 2023	For the year ended December 31, 2022
Adjusted operating income of reportable segments	\$	6,255,671	\$ 4,880,116
Adjusted operating income of other			
operating segments		407,581	193,538
Interest income		619,223	233,077
Dividend income		1,194,966	1,128,492
Gains (losses) on financial			
instruments		308,276 (1,148,511)
Financial cost	(322,399) (203,963)
Associates' and joint ventures' profit and loss accounted for under			
the equity method		23,930	190,279
Gains (losses) on disposals of			
property, plant and equipment		155 (4,241)
Others	(213,259)	153,038
Income before tax from continuing operations	\$	8,274,144	\$ 5,421,825

(5) <u>Information on products and services</u>

Revenue from external customers are derived from the manufacture, installation and wholesale, retail of various types of electrical and mechanical equipment. Details of revenues are as follows:

	For the year ended		For the year ended
	De	cember 31, 2023	 December 31, 2022
Sales revenue	\$	40,498,375	\$ 40,429,250
Construction revenue		9,547,542	8,272,698
Service revenue		8,298,602	8,695,089
Rental revenue		1,049,142	 918,179
	\$	59,393,661	\$ 58,315,216

(6) Geographical information

Geographical information for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 is as follows (revenue recognition is based on the operating locations where revenue is earned):

	Decembe	r 31, 2023	December 31, 2022					
		Non-current		Non-current				
	Revenue	assets	Revenue	assets				
Taiwan	\$ 31,333,290	\$ 23,388,441	\$ 32,162,345	\$ 23,235,961				
America	11,428,327	1,622,924	9,050,038	717,624				
China	6,651,733	3,093,915	6,894,678	3,132,008				
Others	9,980,311	2,469,989	10,208,155	1,788,445				
	\$ 59,393,661	\$ 30,575,269	\$ 58,315,216	\$ 28,874,038				

(7) Major customer information

No single customer accounts for more than 10% of the consolidated operating revenue for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Loans to others

For the year ended December 31, 2023

(Except as otherwise indicated)

Table 1 Expressed in thousands of NTD

					Maximum												
					outstanding								Coll	ateral			
					balance							-	Con	aterar	_		
					during					Amount of		Allowance			Limit on		
			General		the year ended	Balance at	Actual	Interest		transactions	Reason for	for			loans	Ceiling on	
Number			ledger	Related	December 31,	December 31,	amount	rate	Nature of	with the	short-term	doubtful			granted to a	total loans	
(Note 1)	Creditor	Borrower	account	party	2023	2023	drawn down	(%)	loans	borrower	financing	accounts	Item	Value	single party	granted	Footnote
1	U.V.G.	Teco Netherlands	Other receivables	Yes	\$ 242,970	\$ 237,860	\$ 237,860	-	Short-term financing	\$ -	For operating capital	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ 512,269	\$ 853,781	Note 2
2	Teco Westinghouse	TWMM	"	//	64,540	-	-	-	Short-term financing	-	For operating capital	-	-	-	583,181	1,166,363	Note 3
3	Great Teco Motor (PTE) Ltd.	Teco Netherlands	"	″	201,318	197,084	197,084	2.18%	Short-term financing	-	For operating capital	-	-	-	293,776	474,365	Note 4
4	Motovario Corp.	Motovario S.p.A.	"	″	194,550	168,878	162,122	4.49%	Short-term financing	-	For operating capital	-	-	-	183,569	244,758	Note 5
5	TECO Holdings. USA, Inc.	Teco Electric & Machinery S.A. DE C.V.	"	"	131,743	124,754	124,754	5.26%	Short-term financing	-	For operating capital	-	-	-	1,319,741	2,639,482	Note 6
6	Teco Australia Pty. Ltd.	Mos Burger Australia Pty. Ltd.		″	18,733	18,707	18,707	5.23%	Short-term financing	-	For operating capital	-	-	-	159,933	639,734	Note 7

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the loans provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

- (1) The Company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.
- Note 2: In accordance with U.V.G.'s policy, limit on total loans shall not exceed 10% of U.V.G.'s net assets based on the latest financial statements (December 31, 2023), and limit on loans to a single party shall not exceed 6% of U.V.G.'s net assets based on the latest financial statements (December 31, 2023).
- Note 3: In accordance with Teco Westinghouse's policy, limit on total loans shall not exceed 20% of Teco Westinghouse's net assets based on the latest financial statements (December 31, 2023), and limit on loans to a single party shall not 10% of Teco Westinghouse's net assets based on the latest financial statements (December 31, 2023).
- Note 4: Great Teco Motor (PTE) Ltd.'s limit on total loans shall not exceed 10% of Great Teco Motor (PTE) Ltd.'s net assets based on the latest financial statements (December 31, 2023), and limit on loans to a single party shall not exceed 6% of Great Teco Motor (PTE) Ltd.'s net assets based on the latest financial statements (December 31, 2023).
- Note 5: In accordance with Motovario Corp.'s policy, limit on total loans shall not exceed 40% of Motovario Corp.'s net assets based on the latest audited financial statement (December 31, 2023), and limit on loans to a single party shall not exceed 30% of Motovario Corp.'s net assets based on the latest audited financial statement (December 31, 2023).
- Note 6: In accordance with TECO Holdings. USA, Inc.'s policy, limit on total loans shall not exceed 20% of TECO Holdings. USA, Inc.'s net assets based on the latest audited financial statement (December 31, 2023), and limit on loans to a single party shall not exceed 10% of TECO Holdings. USA, Inc.'s net assets based on the latest audited financial statement (December 31, 2023).
- Note 7: In accordance with Teco Australia Pty. Ltd.'s policy, limit on total loans shall not exceed 40% of Teco Australia Pty. Ltd.'s net assets based on the latest audited financial statement (December 31, 2023), and limit on loans to a single party shall not exceed 10% of Teco Australia Pty. Ltd.'s net assets based on the latest audited financial statement (December 31, 2023).

Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others For the year ended December 31, 2023

Ratio of

Table 2

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

											accumulated						
		Party l endorsed/g	C		Maximum						endorsement/ guarantee amount to net			Provision of	Provision of	Provision of	
Number (Note 1)		Company name	Relationship with the endorser/ guarantor (Note 2)	Limit on endorsements/ guarantees provided for a single party	outstanding endorsement/ guarantee amount as of December 31, 2023	endo gu am	standing orsement/ arantee nount at per 31, 2023	Actual amount drawn down	ei	Amount of ndorsements/ guarantees ecured with collateral	asset value of the endorser/ guarantor company (%)	to e	Ceiling on otal amount of endorsements/ guarantees provided	endorsements/ guarantees by parent company to subsidiary	endorsements/ guarantees by subsidiary to parent company	endorsements/ guarantees to the party in Mainland China	Footnote
0	TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD.	Sankyo Co., Ltd	(4)	\$ 16,045,677			97,740			-	0.12	\$	48,137,032	Y	N	N	Note 3
0	″	Motorvario	(4)	16,045,677	1,214,850)	1,189,300	1,002,410)	-	1.48		48,137,032	Y	N	N	<i>"</i>
1	Teco Westinghouse	TWMM	(4)	583,181	64,850)	61,410	32,951		-	1.05		1,166,363	Y	N	N	Note 4
2	Teco Australia Pty. Ltd.	TECO New Zealand Pty. Ltd.	(4)	159,933	14,667	1	14,543	14,543	3	-	0.91		319,867	Y	N	N	Note 5
3	Century Developmer	nt CDC DEVELOPMENT INDIA PRIVATE LIMITED	(6)	667,071	164,845	;	155,865	146,188	3	-	2.34		1,334,142	Y	N	N	Note 6
4	Tong-An Assets	CDC DEVELOPMENT INDIA PRIVATE LIMITED	(6)	519,351	123,634	ı	116,899	109,641	Į.	-	2.25		1,038,701	N	N	N	Note 7
5	Tong-An Investment Co., Ltd.	CDC DEVELOPMENT INDIA PRIVATE	(6)	150,934	123,634		116,899	109,641		-	0.60		200,000	N	N	N	Note 8

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the loans provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

LIMITED

- (1) The Company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.
- Note 2: Relationship between the endorser/guarantor and the party being endorsed/guaranteed is classified into the following seven categories:
 - (1) Having business relationship.
 - (2) The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed subsidiary.
 - (3) The endorsed/guaranteed company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorser/guarantor parent company.
 - (4) The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 90% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed company.
 - (5) Mutual guarantee of the trade made by the endorsed/guaranteed company or joint contractor as required under the construction contract.
 - (6) Due to joint venture, all shareholders provide endorsements/guarantees to the endorsed/guaranteed company in proportion to its ownership.
 - (7) Joint guarantee of the performance guarantee for pre-sold home sales contract as required under the Consumer Protection Act.
- Note 3: In accordance with the Company's policy, the total guarantee amount shall not exceed 60% of Company's net assets based on the latest financial statements (December 31, 2023), and the guarantee to a single party shall not exceed 20% of the Company's net assets. If the guarantee amount is denominated in foreign currency, the amount shall be translated at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of approval by the Board of Directors to assess whether the guarantee amount exceeds the limit.
- Note 4: In accordance with the Teco Westinghouse's policy, the total guarantee amount shall not exceed 20% of Teco Westinghouse's net assets based on the latest financial statements (December 31, 2023), and the guarantee to a single party shall no exceed 10% of Teco Westinghouse's net assets. If the guarantee amount is denominated in foreign currency, the amount shall be translated at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of approval by the Board of Directors to assess whether the guarantee amount exceeds the limit.
- Note 5: In accordance with the TECO AUSTRALIA Pty. Ltd.'s policy, the total guarantee amount shall not exceed 20% of TECO AUSTRALIA Pty. Ltd.'s net assets based on the latest financial statements (December 31, 2023), and the guarantee to a single party shall no exceed 10% of TECO AUSTRALIA Pty. Ltd.'s net assets. If the guarantee amount is denominated in foreign currency, the amount shall be translated at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of approval by the Board of Directors to assess whether the guarantee amount exceeds the limit.

- Note 6:In accordance with Century Development's policy, the total guarantee amount shall not exceed 20% of Century Development's net assets based on the latest financial statements (December 31, 2023), and the guarantee to a single party shall not exceed 10% of Century Development's net assets. If the guarantee amount is denominated in foreign currency, the amount shall be translated at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of approval by the Board of Directors to assess whether the guarantee amount exceeds the limit.
- Note 7:In accordance with Tong-An Asset's policy, the total guarantee amount shall not exceed 20% of Tong-An Asset's net assets based on the latest financial statements (December 31, 2023), and the guarantee to a single party shall not exceed 10% of Tong-An Asset's net assets. If the guarantee amount is denominated in foreign currency, the amount shall be translated at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of approval by the Board of Directors to assess whether the guarantee amount exceeds the limit.
- Note 8:In accordance with Tong-An Investment Co., Ltd.'s policy, the total guarantee amount shall not exceed NT\$200 million, and the guarantee to a single party shall not exceed NT\$50 million. If due to special needs, the guarantee amount exceeds the limit, stockholders' resolution is required.

TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)

December 31, 2023

Table 3

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

			_		As of Decem	aber 31, 2023		
			General ledger	Number of				
Securities held by	Marketable securities	Relationship with the securities issuer	account	shares	Book value	Ownership (%)	Fair value	Footnote
TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD.	Stock 1	The Company is a director of the investee	Note 1	11,132	\$ 402,408	14.62	402,408	
	Stock 2	None	″	2,137	63,043	1.43	63,043	
	Stock 3	"	"	210,333	8,129,359	5.22	8,129,359	
	Stock 4	The Company is a director of the investee	"	190,061	5,834,860	3.38	5,834,860	
	Stock 5	None	"	8,262	118,151	0.09	118,151	
	Stock 6	The Company is a director of the investee	"	5,098	183,279	13.42	183,279	
	Stock 7, etc.	None	//	15,796	4,861	-	4,861	
	Stock 8	"	Note 4	3,200	168,337	0.03	168,337	
	Stock 9	The Company is a director of the investee	//	12,217	491,744	1.67	491,744	
	Stock 10	None	//	47,839	477,432	1.58	477,432	
	Stock 11	"	//	19	1,500	-	1,500	
	Stock 12	The Company is a director of the investee	//	32,980	342,030	10.99	342,030	
	Stock 13	None	//	7,500	477,577	5.00	477,577	
	Stock 14, etc.	"	"	22,104	239,385	_	239,385	
	Fund 1	"	"	-	54,925	_	54,925	
	Fund 2	"	"	_	91,355	_	91,355	
eco International	Stock 2	"	Note 1	5,309	156,629	3.56	156,629	
	Stock 15	"	"	720	62,466	0.50	62,466	
	Stock 16	The Company is a director of the investee	//	290	147,612	0.12	147,612	
	Stock 17	None	"	3,177	370,164	0.63	370,164	
	Stock 9	The Company is a corporate director of the investee	"	830	33,392	0.11	33,392	
	Stock 18, etc.	The Company is a director of the investee	//	7,900	211,226	-	211,226	
	Stock 19, etc.	None	Note 3	1,678	174,812	_	174,812	
ong-An Investment	Stock 2	"	Note 1	7,913	233,443	5.31	233,443	
ong i in investment	Stock 2	"	"	1,225	106,193	0.85	106,193	
	Stock 20	An investee company accounted for under the equity method by the Company	"	19,540	914,474	0.91	914,474	
	Stock 18	Related party in substance	"	8,197	139,750	7.28	139,750	
	Stock 11	None	//	8,692	693,618	0.27	693,618	
	Stock 21	"	"	1,285	126,701	0.04	126,701	
	Stock 16	The Company is a director of the investee	//	24,110	12,271,888	10.03	12,271,888	
	Stock 22	None	"	1,217	85,337	0.37	85,337	
	Stock 3	"	"	5,000	193,250	0.12	193,250	
	Stock 23, etc.	"	"	23,677	522,395	-	522,395	
	Stock 24	"	Note 3	500	19,125	0.41	19,125	

As of December 31, 2023

			General ledger	Number of				
Securities held by	Marketable securities	Relationship with the securities issuer	account	shares	Book value	Ownership (%)	Fair value	Footnote
Tong-An Investment	Stock 16	The Company is a director of the investee	Note 4	1,200	\$ 610,739	0.50	\$ 610,739	
	Fund 3	None	"	50,000	565,000	-	565,000	
	Fund 4	"	//	625	21,655	-	21,655	
U.V.G	Stock 25, etc.	"	Note 1	118	7,966	-	7,966	
An-Tai International	Stock 2	"	//	653	19,264	0.44	19,264	
	Stock 20	An investee company accounted for under the equity method by the Company	"	2,826	132,245	0.13	132,245	
	Stock 18	Related party in substance	"	1,270	21,656	1.13	21,656	
	Stock 26	"	"	2,756	211,636	8.51	211,636	
	Stock 27	None	//	215	19,039	0.15	19,039	
	Stock 9	The Company is a corporate director of the investee	"	830	33,392	0.11	33,392	
	Stock 19, etc.	None	Note 3	1,079	123,114	-	123,114	
Jie-Zheng Property	Fund 5, etc.	"	Note 2	-	12,097	-	12,097	
Information Technology Total Service	Stock 28, etc.	II .	Note 1	3,269	32,525	-	32,524	
Teco Singapore	Stock 16, etc.	Related party in substance	"	357	181,752	-	181,752	
Taiwan Pelican Express	Stock 20	An investee company accounted for under the equity method by the Company	"	7,070	330,876	0.33	330,876	
	Stock 16	None	//	788	400,911	0.33	400,911	
Teco Australia	Stock 16	<i>II</i>	//	366	186,124	0.15	186,124	
Sankyo	Stock 29	<i>II</i>	″	68	6,011	-	6,011	
Tecom and its subsidiaries	Stock 4	The Company is a corporate director of the investee	"	8,112	249,039	0.14	249,039	
	Stock 7, etc.	None	//	1,161	1,101	-	1,101	
	Stock 30	<i>II</i>	Note 3	1,000	16,050	0.47	16,050	
	Fund 6, etc.	<i>II</i>	Note 2	546	14,430	-	14,430	
Tong Dai	Stock 20	An investee company accounted for under the equity method by the Company	Note 3	77	3,614	-	3,614	
	Stock 31, etc.	None	//	2	77	-	77	

Note 1: Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income-non-current.

Note 2: Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current.

Note 3: Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income-current.

Note 4: Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current.

TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Acquisition of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

For the year ended December 31, 2023

Table 4

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

If the counterparty is a related party, information as to the last transaction of the real estate is disclosed below:

Real estate	Marketable Real estate	Date of the	Transaction	Status of		Relationship with the	Original owner who sold the real estate to the	Relationship between the original owner and the	Date of the original		Basis or reference used in setting the	Reason for acquisition of real estate and status of the real estate	Other
acquired by	acquired	event	amount	payment	Counterparty	counterparty	counterparty	acquirer	transaction	Amount	price	disposal	commitments
Century Biotech Development Corp.	Park permanent work	In October 2019	\$1,660,955	\$1,655,537	FAR EASTERN GENERAL CONTRACTOR INC.	Non-related parties	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Comparative price and bargain	Operation needs	None
	Park curtain wall work	In February 2020	410,000	348,523	CHINA WIRE & CABLE CO., LTD.	Non-related parties	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Comparative price and bargain	Operation needs	None
	Park electrical and mechanical work	In September 2020	1,375,000	1,302,498	TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD.	Related parties	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Comparative price and bargain	Operation needs	None
	Park renovation work	In May 2021	516,009	489,670	CHEN-JIA CONSTRUCTION AND ENGINEERING CO., LTD.	Non-related parties	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Comparative price and bargain	Operation needs	None

TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more For the year ended December 31, 2023

Table 5

Taian (Subic)

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

17,529

Differences in transaction terms compared to third

					Trans	action		party tra	No	<u>-</u>			
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Purchases (sales)		Amount	Percentage of total purchases (sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term	I	Balance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	Footnote
TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD.	Tesen	An investee accounted for under the equity method	Purchases	\$	2,453,523	11%	30 days	Note 1	Note 1	\$	-	-	,
	Taian (Subic) Electric	n	"		204,740	1%	"	"	"		(80,560)	(2%)	
	Wuxi Teco	An indirect investee accounted for under the equity method	"		1,543,537	7%	"	//	"	(838,523)	(16%)	
	TECO (VIETNAM) ELECTRIC & MACHINERY	"	"		837,081	4%	"	"	"	(151,172)	(3%)	
	Tai-An Wuxi	"	"		719,290	3%	"	"	"	(311,455)	(6%)	
	Jiangxi Teco	"	"		163,633	1%	"	"	"	(63,532)	(1%)	
	Tong Dai	An investee accounted for under the equity method	Sales	(1,132,391)	(4%)	90 days	//	"	`	277,365	7%	
	Teco Singapore	"	"	(686,758)	(3%)	//	//	"		82,622	2%	
	E-Joy International	n	"	(406,264)	(1%)	"	"	"		103,749	3%	
	A-Ok Technical	"	"	(108,293)	-	//	"	//		3,558	-	

106,246)

Differences in transaction terms compared to third

			Transaction			party tra	nsactions	Notes/accounts				
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Purchases (sales)		Amount	Percentage of total purchases (sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term	Balance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	Footnote
TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD.	Teco Westinghouse	An indirect investee accounted for under the equity method	"	(3,747,866)	(14%)	"	"	"	260,836	7%	
	Teco Australia	"	"	(1,160,299)	(4%)	″	"	<i>"</i>	237,779	6%	
	Teco Westinghouse Canada	"	"	(875,100)	(3%)	//	"	//	68,766	2%	
	Sankyo	"	"	(264,200)	(1%)	//	//	"	85,576	2%	Note2
	Top-Tower	"	"	(226,155)	(1%)	//	//	"	53,428	1%	
	TECO MIDDLE EAST	"	"	(189,492)	(1%)	//	"	"	-	-	
	Taisan Electric	"	"	(197,342)	(1%)	//	//	"	20,517	1%	
	MOTOVARIO	"	"	(165,850)	(1%)	//	//	"	68,682	2%	
	TECO-Westinghouse Motor Company	"	"	(153,873)	(1%)	"	"	"	33,262	1%	

Note1: Comparable with other types of transactions, trading conditions are handled in accordance with the agreement of the conditions.

Note2: TECO MIDDLE EAST is no longer a related party of the company since the company sold its owned share in the fourth quarter of 2023.

Receivables from related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more December 31,2023

Table 6

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

was \$2,344

Creditor	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Balance as at December 31, 2023	Turnover rate	 Overdi Amount		vables Action taken	S	ount collected ubsequent balance sheet date	Allowance for doubtful accounts
TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD.	Tong Dai	An investee accounted for under the equity method	\$ 277,500	3.48	\$ -		-	\$	253,380	
"	E-Joy International	II .	104,632	3.26		-	-		65,345	
n	Teco Westinghouse	An indirect investee accounted for under the equity method	362,520	11.32		-	-		258,515	
"	Teco Australia	//	237,779	4.64		-	-		137,276	
"	Motovario	<i>"</i>	125,256	1.22		-	-		28,493	
Wuxi Teco	TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD.	"	838,523	1.82		-	-		186,309	
Tai-An Wuxi	<i>"</i>	<i>"</i>	311,455	2.83		-	-		83,234	
TECO (VIETNAM) ELECTRIC & MACHINERY	"	"	151,172	7.02		-	-		108,195	
U.V.G.	Teco Netherlands	An investee accounted for under the equity method	237,860	-		-	-		-	
Teco Holding USA Inc.	Teco Electric & Machinery S.A. DE C.V.	"	124,754	-		-	-		-	
Great Teco Motor (PTE) Ltd.	Teco Netherlands	Fellow subsidiary	197,084	-		-	-		-	
Motovario Corp.	Motovario	An investee accounted for under	168,878	-		_	-		-	Total amount

the equity method

Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting period For the year ended December 31, 2023

Table 7

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Transaction

						Transaction	
Number (Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	General ledger account	Amount	Transaction terms	Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (Note 3)
0	TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD.	Tong Dai	(1)	Notes receivable, accounts receivable and other receivables	\$ 277,500	Because there is no transaction in same type which can be compared with, it is based on the condition and the period specified in the agreement.	-
0	n	Teco Westinghouse	"	Accounts receivable and other receivables	362,520	n,	-
0	n .	Motovario	"	"	125,256	n .	-
0	"	E-Joy International	"	//	104,632	"	-
0	<i>"</i>	Teco Australia	"	Accounts receivable	237,779	//	-
1	Wuxi Teco	TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD.	(2)	"	838,523	//	1%
2	Tai-An Wuxi	<i>11</i>	"	<i>"</i>	311,455	<i>"</i>	-
3	TECO (VIETNAM) ELECTRIC & MACHINERY	"	"	"	151,172	n .	-
4	U.V.G	Teco Netherlands	(3)	Other receivables	237,860	n	-
5	Great Teco Motor (PTE) Ltd.	"	"	<i>II</i>	197,084	"	-
6	Motovario Corp.	Motovario	"	"	168,878	<i>"</i>	-
7	Teco Holding USA Inc.	Teco Electric & Machinery S.A. DE C.V.	"	<i>"</i>	124,754	"	-
0	TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD.	Teco Westinghouse	(1)	Sales	3,747,866	"	6%
0	"	Teco Australia	"	"	1,160,299	//	2%
0	<i>"</i>	Tong Dai	<i>"</i>	"	1,132,391	//	2%
0	<i>"</i>	Teco Westinghouse Canada	<i>"</i>	"	875,100	"	1%
0	"	Teco Singapore	<i>"</i>	<i>"</i>	686,758	//	1%
0	<i>II</i>	E-Joy International	"	<i>"</i>	406,264	<i>"</i>	1%
0	"	Sankyo	"	"	264,200	//	-
0	"	Top-Tower	"	"	226,155	//	-
0	"	Taisan Electric	"	"	197,342	//	-
0	"	TECO MIDDLE EAST	<i>"</i>	"	189,492	"	-
0	"	Motovario	"	"	165,850	"	-
0	"	TECO-Westinghouse Motor Company	<i>"</i>	<i>"</i>	153,873	"	-
0	"	A-Ok Technical	<i>"</i>	<i>"</i>	108,293	"	-
0	"	Taian (Subic)	"	<i>II</i>	106,246	"	-
8	Tesen	TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD.	(2)	<i>II</i>	2,453,523	//	4%
1	Wuxi Teco	"	"	"	1,543,537	"	3%

Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting period For the year ended December 31, 2023

Table 7

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Transaction

Number (Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	General ledger account	Amount	Transaction terms	Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (Note 3)
3	TECO (VIETNAM) ELECTRIC & MACHINERY	TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD.	(2)	Sales	837,081	Because there is no transaction in same type which can be compared with, it is based on the condition and the period specified in the agreement.	1%
2	Tai-An Wuxi	"	//	//	719,290	"	1%
9	Taian (Subic) Electric	"	"	//	204,740	"	-
10	Jiangxi Teco	"	"	//	163,633	"	-

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

- (1) Parent company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Relationship with the transaction company:

- (1) The parent company to the subsidiary.
- (2) The subsidiary to the parent company.
- (3)The subsidiary to another subsidiary.

Note 3: Regarding percentage of transaction amount to total operating revenues or total assets, it is computed based on period-end balance of transaction to total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on accumulated transaction amount for the period to total operating revenues for income statement accounts.

Note 4: TECO MIDDLE EAST is no longer a related party of the company since the company sold its owned share in the fourth quarter of 2023.

Information on investees For the year ended December 31, 2023

Table 8

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

				Initial invace	tment amount	Sharas hald	as at December	21 2022	Net profit (loss)	Investment income (loss) recognized	i
Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities	Balance as at December 31, 2023	Balance as at December 31, 2022	Number of shares		,	of the investee for the year ended December 31, 2023	by the Company for the year ended	
TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD.	Tung Pei	Taiwan	Manufacturing of bearings	\$ 12,293	\$ 12,293	39,145,044	31.14%	\$ 2,339,997	\$ 41,656	\$ 12,552	None
	Tecom	Taiwan	Manufacturing of key telephone system and nonkey service unit telephone system	431,109	431,109	19,228,898	63.52%	119,381	(20,191)	22,499)) None
	Teco International	Taiwan	Investment holdings, investments in securities and construction of commercial buildings	100,013	100,013	77,847,395	100%	1,907,757	88,951	89,419	None
	Teco Holdings and its subsidiaries	U.S.A	Manufacturing and distribution of motors and generators, and investment and trading in USA	726,428	726,428	1,680	100%	13,194,086	1,427,457	1,424,133	None
	Teco Singapore and its subsidiaries	Singapore	Distribution of the Company's motor products in Singapore	112,985	112,985	7,200,000	90%	3,015,190	90,930	90,930	None
	Tong-An Investment	Taiwan	Investment holdings	2,490,000	2,490,000	577,913,365	99.60%	18,488,584		564,448	
	Teco Electro	Taiwan	Manufacturing of Stepping motors	71,460	71,460	10,253,864	59.56%	206,098		8,897	
	UVG and its subsidiaries	Cayman Islands	Manufacturing and distribution of the Company's motor products and home appliances, and investment holdings	8,505,434	8,505,434	195,416,844	100%	8,493,028	1,255,286	1,210,502	None
	ITTS	Taiwan	E-business service, mailing and data management	111,286	111,286	11,467,248	41.97%	244,859	74,163	31,126	None
	Tesen	Taiwan	Manufacturing and sales of home appliance	200,000	200,000	20,000,000	100%	210,485	7,484	4,905	None
	Lien Chang	Taiwan	Manufacturing of color flybacks transformers, mono flyback transformers and mono deflection yokes	117,744	117,744	37,542,159	33.84%	452,479	(98,510)	29,847)) None

Investment income

				Initial investment amount		Shares held	as at December 3	31, 2023	Net profit (loss) of the investee	(loss) recognized	l
Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities	Balance as at December 31, 2023	Balance as at December 31, 2022	Number of shares	Ownershin (%)	Book value	for the year ended December 31, 2023	by the Company for the year ended December 31, 2023	Footnote
TECO	Tong Dai	Taiwan	Distribution of the	\$ 22,444		6,615,234	83.53%	\$ 398,246			
ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD.	Tong Dui	Turwan	Company's motor products in Taichung	Ψ 22,	Ψ 22,7717	0,013,234	03.3370	Ψ 370,240	Ψ 07,770	Ψ 07,770	Tione
	Teco Vietnam	Vietnam	Manufacturing and sales of motors	540,453	540,453	-	100%	293,929	(50,819)	50,923) None
	Yatec	Taiwan	Development and maintenance of various electric appliances	92,389	92,389	7,800,000	66.67%	142,093	12,762	8,501	None
	Tong-An Assets	Taiwan	Real estate business	2,111,889	2,111,889	395,415,338	100%	5,192,684	(47,317)	(48,118) None
	Taian Subic	Philippines	Manufacturing and sales of switches	165,819	165,819	17,131,155	76.70%	231,402	18,191	17,047	
	Micropac (BVI) and its subsidiaries	British Virgin Islands	Manufacturing and distribution of optical fiber apparatus and international trading	199,483	454,923	6,883,591	100%	801,963	89,601	72,575	None
	Century Development	Taiwan	Development and management of industrial park	951,141	951,141	100,592,884	28.67%	1,379,756	339,354	97,997	None
	An-Tai International	Taiwan	Investment holdings	150,000	150,000	39,641,929	100%	703,059	24,169	19,851	None
	Taiwan Pelican Expess	Taiwan	Logistics and distribution services	255,116	255,116	24,121,700	25.27%	231,338	94,496	21,197	None
	Taian-Ecobar	Taiwan	Bus bar and manufacturing of its components	70,330	70,330	7,033,000	84.73%	176,451	65,892	55,657	None
	Eagle Holding Co.	Cayman Islands	Investment holdings	3,691,723	3,691,723	1	100%	5,047,104	67,839	67,839	None
Eagle Holding Co.	TECO MOTOR B.V.	Netherlands	Investment holdings	3,691,723	3,691,723	1	100%	5,047,104	67,839	67,839	None
TECO MOTOR	Motovario S.p.A	Italy	Production and sale of gear reducers and motors	3,989,850	3,989,850	18,010,000	100%	5,047,104	67,839	67,839	None
Tung Pei	Tung Pei (SAMOA) Industrial Co., Ltd.	Samoa	Investment holdings and establishment of overseas	646,343	646,343	23,031,065	100%	1,869,338	9,368	9,368	None
Tecom	Baycom	Taiwan	Manufacturing and sales of optical telecom products	431,258	431,258	14,700,741	43.76%	201,593	28,279	12,376	None
Tong-An Investment	Century Development	Taiwan	Development and management of industrial park	420,646	420,646	46,235,042	13.18%	686,443	339,354	48,271	None
	Taiwan Pelican Expess	Taiwan	Logistics and distribution services	54,874	54,874	6,474,468	6.78%	150,903	94,496	6,409	None
	Century Biotech Development Corp.	Taiwan	Development and construction of real estate	514,270	514,270	51,427,000	20.57%	493,037	(41,531)	(8,543) None
	Century Real Estate (International) Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	Investing in other areas	274,856	274,856	9,120,000	30%	199,879	(7,095)	(2,124) None

income Net profit (loss) (loss) recognized Initial investment amount Shares held as at December 31, 2023 of the investee by the Balance Balance for the year Company for the ended year ended as at as at December 31, December 31, December 31, December 31, Investor Investee Location Main business activities 2023 2022 Number of shares Ownership (%) Book value 2023 2023 Footnote Lien Chang Gen Mao International Corp. Taiwan Investment holdings \$ 92.000 \$ 92,000 12.553.526 100% 127.051 (\$ 7.423) (\$ 7.423) None Gen Mao (Singapore) Singapore Investment holdings 582,246 582,246 27,502,355 84.97% 704,971 (50,999) (34,304) None Gen Mao Gen Mao (Singapore) Singapore Investment holdings 91,079 91.079 15.03% 124,689 (6,070) 4,866,045 50,999) (None International Corp. Century Centurvtech Construction and sales of 238,170 238,170 2,250,000 100% 5.120) 14.283 15.285 None Taiwan Development Construction and related raw materials Management Corp. Jie-Zheng Property Service & 13,750 1,512,500 79,971 38,780 Taiwan Building management servicing 13,750 50% 19,428 None Management Co., Ltd. 25,536 25,536 95,592 United Development Taiwan Investment consultancy service for 6,102,973 51.60% 11,843 6,111 None domestic and foreign industrial parks and land Greyback International Property Philippines Housing project in Subic 9,912 9,912 144,600 30.11% 10,430 (86) (27) None Century Real Estate (International) Singapore Investing in other areas 365,820 365,820 12,160,000 40% 266,506 (7,095) (2,832) None Pte. Ltd. Century Biotech Development Taiwan Development and construction of 771,460 771,460 77,146,000 30.86% 739,646 (41.531) (12.816) None Corp. real estate Teco Electro Teco Electro Devices Co., Ltd. British Trading and investment 88,108 88,108 2,510,000 100% 245,604 3,439 4,816 None Virgin holdings Islands Teco Century Taiwan Development and 179,222 339,354 18.851 Note Singapore Development management of industrial park Tong-An Assets Century Taiwan Leasing of real estate 455,716 184,893 38,280,585 10.91% 490,228 339,354 18,695 Note Development Development and construction of Century Biotech Development 514,270 514,270 51,427,000 20.57% 493,037 (Taiwan 41,531) (8.543) None Corp. real estate Century Real Estate (International) Singapore Investing in other areas 274,856 274,856 9,120,000 30% 199,879 (7,095) (2,124) None

Investment

Note: Teco Singapore sold its owned share of Century Development to Tong-An Assets in the fourth quarter of 2023.

Pte. Ltd.

Information on investments in Mainland China

For the year ended December 31, 2023

Table 9

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

				Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China	Taiw Mainlar Amount re to Taiwa year ended I	emitted from wan to and China/ emitted back an for the December 31,	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland	Net income of investee for	Ownership held by the	Investment income (loss) recognized by the Company for the year	Book value of investments in Mainland	Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to	
				as of January	Remitted to	Remitted	as of	the year ended	Company	ended	China as of	Taiwan as of	
Investee in			Investment	1,	Mainland	back	December 31,	•		December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	
Mainland China	Main business activities	Paid-in capital	method	2023	China	to Taiwan	2023	2023	indirect)(%)	2023	2023	2023	Footnote
Teco	Manufacturing and sales of air	\$ 268,799	Note 2	\$ 188,139	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 188,139	(\$ 162)	100%	(\$ 175)	\$ 133,617	\$ -	Note 13
(Dong Guang)	conditioners mechanical equipment												
Wuxi Teco	Manufacturing and sales of motors	1,697,276	Note 1	768,259	-	-	768,259	674,016	84.12%	568,087	2,130,292	716,129	Note 13
Taian (Wuxi)	Manufacturing and sales of optical fiber	495,123	Note 8	205,551	-	-	205,551	74,273	100%	74,273	878,148	448,243	Note 13
Nanchang Teco	Manufacturing and sales of home appliances	456,293	Note 3	456,293	-	-	456,293	(419)	100%	(419)	(18,790)	-	Note 13
Jiangxi Teco	Manufacturing and sales of motors	1,481,569	Note 1	1,383,653	-	-	1,383,653	158,484	98.07%	155,425	1,609,467	202,484	Note 13
QingDao Teco	Manufacturing and sales of fine blanking dies, precision cavity modes, standard parts of molds and new electromechanical components	947,331	Note 1	1,648,510	-	-	1,648,510	(1,982)	87.60%	(1,736)	242,473	-	Note 13
Xiamen An-Tai	Development, manufacturing and sales of LCD monitors.	678,681	Note 3	467,577	-	-	467,577	5,128	100%	5,128	248,929	-	Note 13
Teco Han Zhou	Development and consulting of device products	9,837	Note 1	9,837	-	-	9,837	7,101	100%	6,982	29,726	11,937	Note 18
Teco Century	Manufacturing and sales of compressor	680,938	Note 3	340,469	-	-	340,469	5,358	24%	1,282	30,012	-	Note 18
Fujian Teco	Manufacturing and sales of electronic components	391,843	Note 1	391,843	-	-	391,843	(1,914)	100%	(1,914)	44,299	-	Note 18
Shanghai Xisngseng	Distribution of air conditioner	24,004	Note 2	-	-	-	_	4,826	-	866	-	-	Note 13 \ 19
Jiangxi TECO (AC)	Manufacturing and sales of air conditioning mechanical equipment	79,813	Note 3	79,813	-	-	79,813	(7,210)	100%	(7,210)	131,835	-	Note 13
Qingdao Teco Innovation	Science Park development and business operations and consulting services	59,444	Note 10	59,444	-	-	59,444	(2,220)	100%	(2,220)	36,158	-	Note 13
Shanghai Teco	Sales of home appliances	23,829	Note 1	23,829	-	-	23,829	162,565	100%	171,745	270,540	271,028	Note 13
Jiangxi TECO Westinghouse Motor Coil Co.,Ltd.	Manufacturing and sales of motors, winding and related elements	119,840	Note 9	-	-	-	-	12,324	100%	12,324	123,076	-	Note 13
Wuxi TECO Precision Industry Co. Ltd.	Production and sale of industrial motors and applications	656,500	Note 11	-	-	-	-	17,681	100%	17,681	853,952	-	Note 13
Beijing Pelican Express	Storage services	26,422	Note 4	26,422	-	-	26,422	-	-	-	-	-	Note 16
Fubon Gehua (Beijing) Trading Co., Ltd.	Merchandise wholesale	342,163	Note 5	24,746	-	-	24,746	-	1.63%	-	-	-	Note 14 \ 15
Wuhan Tecom	Communication network information, technology development, sales and technology services business	6,950	Note 12	6,950	-	-	6,950	(941)	100%	(941)	(1,114)	-	Note 13 \ 17

				Accumula amount of remittand from Taiwan t Mainlan China	f Ta e Main Amount to Tai	remitted from aiwan to and China/ remitted back wan for the 1 December 31, 2023	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland — China	Net income of investee for	Ownership held by the	Investment income (loss) recognized by the Company for the year	Book value of investments in Mainland	Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to	
				as of Janua	ary Remitted t	o Remitted	as of	the year ended	Company	ended	China as of	Taiwan as of	
Investee in			Investment	1,	Mainland	back	December 31,	December 31,	(direct or	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	
Mainland China	Main business activities	Paid-in cap	tal method	2023	China	to Taiwan	2023	2023	indirect)(%)	2023	2023	2023	Footnote
Informantion Technolog (Wuxi)	ERP building, system maintenance and purchases of information appliance	\$ 10,1	Note 6	\$ 10,1	67 \$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,167	\$ (437)	100%	\$ (437)	\$ 34,032	\$ -	Note 13
Wuxi TECO Electro Devices Co. Ltd.	R&D, manufacturing and sales of products and elements related to production capacity precision motors and provide products sales skills	115,1	25 Note 7	86,1		-	86,101	3,439	100%	4,816	144,355	43,266	Note 13

- Note 1: Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in the invested in Mainland China: Invest through United View Global Investment Co., Ltd. and Great Teco Motor (Pte) Ltd. and then invest in Mainland China:
- Note 2: Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in the invested in Mainland China: Invest through United View Global Investment Co., Ltd. and Asia Air Tech Industrial (Pte) Ltd. and then invest in Mainland China:
- Note 3: Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in the invested in Mainland China: Invest through United View Global Investment Co., Ltd. and Asia Electric & Machinery (Pte) Ltd. and then invest in Mainland China.
- Note 4: Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China: Invest through Pelecanus Express Pte. Ltd., and then invest in Mainland China.
- Note 5: Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China: Invest through Asian Crown International Co., Ltd. and then invest in Mainland China.
- Note 6: Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in the invested in Mainland China: Invest through Information Technology Total Service (BVI) Co., Ltd. and then invest in Mainland China.
- Note 7: Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China: Invest through Teco Electro Devices Co., Ltd. and then invest in Mainland China.
- Note 8: Through investing in investees in the third areas, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China: Invest through Micropac Worldwide (B.V.I) and An-Tai International Investment (Singapore) Co., Ltd. and then invested in Mainland China.
- Note 9: Through investing in investees in the third areas, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China: Invest through Teco Holding USA Inc. and Teco Westinghouse Motor Company and then invested in Mainland China.
- Note 10: Through investing in investees in the third areas, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China: Invested through Tecocapital Investment (Samoa) Co., Ltd. and then invest in Mainland China.
- Note 11: Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in the invested in Mainland China: Invest through Great Teco Motor (Pte) Ltd., Teco Australia Pty. Ltd. and Teco Electric & Machinery (Pte) Ltd. and then invest in Mainland China.
- Note 12: Direct investment in Mainland China: Tecom Co., Ltd. directly remits investment into the Mainland China.
- Note 13: The amount recognized was based on the financial statements that were audited by R.O.C. parent company's CPA firm.
- Note 14: Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- Note 15: As of December 31, 2023, accumulated impairment of \$24,746 was accrued.
- Note 16: The company was dissolved and liquidated in 2022.
- Note 17: There were upstream transactions with the subsidiaries amounting to (\$18) during the period.
- Note 18: The amount recognized was based on the financial statements that were not audited by the other CPA firm.
- Note 19: The company sold its owned share to YUBAN GLOBAL LIMITED in the fourth quarter of 2023.

	Investment					
				amount		
			a	pproved		
	A	ccumulated		by the	(Ceiling on
	8	mount of	In	vestment	inv	estments in
	rem	ittance from	Con	nmission of	Ma	inland China
	7	Taiwan to	the	e Ministry	iı	nposed by
	Mai	nland China	of	Economic	the	Investment
	as c	of December		Affairs	C	ommission
Company name		31, 2023	(MOEA)	(of MOEA
TECO Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.	\$	6,487,880	\$	8,750,356	\$	51,132,808
Taiwan Pelican Express Co., Ltd.		51,168		51,168		1,335,053
Tecom Co., Ltd.		6,950		681,144		278,801
Information Technology Total Services Co., Ltd.		10,167		10,167		350,060
Teco Electro Devices Co., Ltd.		86,101		115,225		208,123

Note 1: The accounts of the Company are expressed in New Taiwan dollars. Income statement accounts denominated in foreign currencies are translated into New Taiwan dollars at the weighted average exchange rates prevailing at the transaction dates and balance sheet accounts at spot exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet dates.

Note 2: The amount disclosed was based on Investment Commission, MOEA Regulation No. 09704604680 announced on August 29, 2008.

Note 3: Tecom completed the investment in Mainland China in the third quarter of 2010 and the ceiling on investments was \$1,760,251 which was calculated based on Tecom's net assets of \$2,933,752 in the third quarter of 2010.

Significant transactions conducted with investees in Mainland China directly or indirectly through other companies in the third areas For the year ended December 31, 2023

Table 10

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

				Prope	rty			Accounts recei	vable	Provision of endorsements and								
		Sale (purcha	ise)	 transac	tion			(payable)			guarante	ees	-		Financ	ing		<u>—</u>
													Maxin balance					
													the	,			Interest durin	g
								Balance at		Bal	ance at		year ei	nded	Balance at		the year ende	d
							D	ecember 31,		Dece	mber 31,		Decemb	er 31,	December 31,		December 31	,
Investee in Mainland China		Amount	%	 Amount		%		2023	%	2	2023	Purpose	202	.3	2023	Interest rate	2023	Others
Wuxi Teco	\$	15,666	-	\$	-	-	\$	4,518	-	\$	-	-	\$	-	\$ -	-	\$	-
Taian (Wuxi)		11,916	-		-	-		3,237	-		-	-		-	-	-		-
Jiangxi Teco		16,505	-		-	-		4,877	-		-	-		-	-	-		-
Wuxi Teco Precision		3,324	-		-	-		-	-		-	-		-	-	-		-
Wuxi Teco	(1,543,537)	(7%)		-	-	(838,523)	16%		-	-		-	-	-		-
Taian (Wuxi)	(719,290)	(3%)		-	-	(311,455)	6%		-	-		-	-	-		-
Jiangxi Teco	(163,633)	(1%)		-	-	(63,532)	1%		-	-		-	-	-		-
Xiamen An-Tai	(1,212)	-		-	-	(825)	-		-	-		-	-	-		-
Jiangxi TECO (AC)	(38,666)	-		-	-	(5,791)	-		-	-		-	-	-		-
Wuxi Teco Precision	(6,681)	-		-	-		-	-		-	-		-	-	-		-
Genmao (Suzhao)	(66,711)	-		-	-	(7,442)	-		-	-		-	-	-		-

Major shareholders information

December 31, 2023

Table 11

	Shares								
Name of major shareholders	Number of shares held	Ownership (%)							
PJ Asset Management Co., Ltd	373,237,991	17.45%							
Walsin Lihwa Co., Ltd	231,104,730	10.80%							
Jia-Yuan Investment Co., Ltd	113,202,000	5.29%							